The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. 17—No 9 | FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 30, 1856. | WHOLE No 1212

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—*Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Kiser.*

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten lines for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms.

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York,

Trinity building, 111 Broadway, *Net accumulating Cash Funds, July 31st, 1853.* **$2,193,802.**

Charter Oak Life Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

Capital and Surplus, over **$300,000.**

THE undersigned, Agent for the above two most successful and responsible Life Insurance Companies in the United States, is prepared to receive applications for Life Insurance.

Pamphlets containing rates of premium, and informations on the subject of Life Insurance may be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

"It is no more than the moral man to provide the daily bread for his family, while he lives, than it is to provide against their being left penniless in the event of his death."

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, *Agent.*

Fort Wayne, Sept. 12th, 1853. y10

Insurance Agency.

The subscriber having received the Agency of the

Ætna Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

IS prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms. This Company has a Capital Stock of

$300,000.

All paid and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 30, 1851. y17.

GIRARD
Fire & Marine Insurance Co,
OF PHILADELPHIA,
CAPITAL HALF A MILLION.

One of the most reliable Companies in the Union.

THE undersigned is now prepared to issue policies for this Company, at moderate rates. This is the only Agency in the West.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent*, FORT WAYNE, IND.

[Is also Agent for the *New England Live Stock Insurance Co.*]

December 15, 1854. 24

General Insurance Agency,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Ætna Fire & Mar Insurance Co.,
Hartford, Connecticut.—Capital $500,000.

MERCHANTS FIRE & MARINE INS. Co
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.—Capital $400,000.

STAR FIRE & MARINE INS. Co.
Ogdensburgh, N. Y.—Capital $150,000.

The above Companies have all their capital paid in, and have complied with all the conditions of the late Act of the Legislature relating to Foreign Insurance Companies, thus affording ample guarantees to the insured.

HOUGH & JONES, *Agents.*

May 17th, 18.5. y46

CHAS. F. H. FORBES,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor,

HAVING been appointed by W. A. Jackson, County Surveyor of Allen Co., as his Deputy, hereby gives notice that he may be found at his office, over the City Auction Rooms, Calhoun street, Fort Wayne, ready to attend to any surveying, and from his experience in the business, will not fail to give entire satisfaction. tf—30

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

HOUGH & JONES, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, will attend to all legal business entrusted to their care, and will give special attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.

OFFICE—Calhoun street.

L. M. NINDE, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

OFFICE—Corner of Calhoun and Pearl streets, under the Sentinel Office.

WM. W. CARSON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

OFFICE—On Calhoun street, one door south of P. Kiser's (second story).

F. P. RANDALL, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery.

OFFICE—Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, will attend to the Collection, Adjustment or Securing of Debts, the payment of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination of titles in any part of Indiana.

OFFICE—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, under the Sentinel office.

M. J. ATKINSON,
Attorney-at-Law,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,

WILL attend promptly to the collection of Claims payment of taxes, redemption of lands, &c., in this State and north western Ohio.

Refers to Hon. S. P. CHASE, Cincinnati, Ohio.
RICHARD STONE, Esq., " "
RUBEN WOOD, Esq., Cleveland, O.
Gen S. ROSS, " "
Hon. WM TWEED, New York.
McPEDON & BAKER, " "
ROBT. STEEN & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
ROBT. McKELLY, Esq, Fort Wayne, Ind.
y 2

W. S. SMITH. W. W. STEVENS.

SMITH & STEEVENS,
Attorneys at Laws.
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Collections made with fidelity and dispatch, and the proceeds promptly paid over.

Sale or purchase of Real Estate negotiated

OFFICE—Over City Auction Store. 36

MEDICAL NOTICES.

Dr. Rogers.

OFFICE—Corner of Calhoun and Main street, at Wagoner's Drug Store.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 19, 1853. 06-no21

Dr. Woodworth.

OFFICE—Corner of Calhoun and Main street, over Evan's Store.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 23th, 1854 34

Dr. C. S. Smith.

Office on Calhoun street, over Hill's Book Store.

Fort Wayne, July 7th. y—1

HOMŒOPATHY.

P. M. LEONARD, M. D, respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon. He may be found at the office of Dr. Brooks, on Calhoun street, in building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged.

DAGUERREOTYPE, AMBROTYPE, And PHOTOGRAPHIC Rooms.



A. McDONALD returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country for their liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon him; and would respectfully invite their attention to a new style of pictures beautifully gotten up on Glass, and also on paper, which he is prepared to execute equal to anything of the kind now in the United States. These Pictures are peculiarly lifelike and true to nature. The Ambrotype being the latest improvement, far excells the Daguerreotypes with the accuracy of delineation.

Rooms No. 2 Phœnix Block, Calhoun street, y—38 FORT WAYNE.

PRINTS—17 cases, new styles—by the yard or piece, at No. 3. J & C ORFF'S.

THE PHILOTOKEN,
Or Female's Friend.

IS a vegetable remedy, first brought to the notice of a physician by the success that attended an old Indian midwife in relieving and curing all those COMPLAINTS PECULIAR TO FEMALES. It has been abundantly tested by the most intelligent matrons and physicians with invariable success. It tranquilizes the nervous system at once, relieves the severest case of painful irregularities, and, by assisting Nature to resume her regular functions, restores to Health and Comfort all who come under its influence. It removes real as well as imaginary ills, to which so many females are liable, and restores the hue of the rose to the faded and sallow cheek. From the nature of the subject, the merits of the "*Philotoken*" cannot be fully set forth in an advertisement. A pamphlet, with full particulars, accompanies each bottle. Price $1 a bottle. Sold at wholesale by Haviland, Harral and Risley, Wholesale Druggists, 39 Warren street, New York; Burr, Foster & Co., No. 1 Corner Hill, Boston; S. S. Hance, Baltimore, and by Druggists generally.

Risley's Compound Extract of BUCHU.

(*Prepared according to a French formula, and approved by the Faculty of several of the most respectable medical colleges of this country.*)

IS commended to the notice of Physicians as a *Standard Specific Remedy* for the cure of all those complaints of the Urinary Organs, consequent upon irritation and ulceration of the Kidneys, Bladder an Urethra. Combining, as it does, the most efficient remedies known, it presents unusual claims to the attention of all who may be suffering from Pain and Weakness of the Loins, Diabetes, Stranguary, Gravel, Gleet, Leuchorrhoea, &c, and only needs a trial to prove its efficacy. Price $1 a bottle. Sold wholesale by Haviland, Harral & Risley, wholesale Druggists, 39 Warren st., New York, S S Hance, Baltimore, Burr, Foster & Co., No 1 Cornhill, Boston, and by Druggists generally.

ROBERTS' COLIC MIXTURE,

FOR INFANTS is the only remedy that should be used for Crying, Cross and Fretful Babies.—It gives instant relief to Colic, regulates the bowels, preventing both constipation and looseness; producing quiet and refreshing slumber, and never fails to transform them into *fat* and *hearty laughing cherubs*. It is also an efficient carminative for bowel affections generally.

Price 25 cents a bottle. Sold at wholesale by Haviland, Harral and Risley, wholesale Druggists, 39 Warren st., New York; Burr, Foster & Co., No. 1 Cornhill, Boston; S. S. Hance, Baltimore, and by Druggists generally. 3:n48

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
Moffat's Life Pills
AND
PHŒNIX BITTERS,
FREE FROM ALL MINERAL POISONS.

THE great popularity which *Moffats Life Pills* an *Phœnix Bitters* have attained, in consequence of the extraordinary cures effected by their use renders it unnecessary for the proprietor to enter into a particular analysis of their medicinal virtues or properties. Having been more than twenty years before the public, and having the united testimony of more than *Three Millions* of persons who have been restored to the enjoyment of perfect health by them, (it is believed that their reputation as the best vegetable medicine now before the public, admits of no dispute. In almost every city and village in the United States there are many who are ready to testify to their efficacy in removing disease, and giving to the whole system renewed vigor and health.

In cases of SCROFULA, ULCERS, CURVY or ERUPTIONS of the skin, the operation of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing in a few days every vestige of these loathsome diseases, by their purifying effects on the blood. FEVER and AGUE, DYSPEPSIA, DROPSY, PILES, and in short most all diseases, soon yield to their curative properties. No family should be without them, as by their timely use much suffering and expense may be saved.

Prepared by WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, M. D., New York.

And for sale by WALL & MEYER. y17

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.

WE call the attention of all, old and young, to this wonderful preparation, which turns back to its original color gray hair; covers the head of the bald with a luxuriant growth, removes the dandruff, itching, and all cutaneous eruptions, causes a continual flow of the natural fluids, and hence, is used as a regular dressing to the hair, will preserve its color and keep it from faling to extreme old age, in all its natural beauty. We call then upon the bald, the gray, or diseased scalp to use it; and surely the young will not, as they value the flowing locks, or the witching curl, ever be without it. Its praise is upon the tongue of thousands.

CARLYLE, Ill, June 27, 1853.

I have used Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, and have admired its wonderful effect. My hair was becoming as I thought, prematurely gray, but by the use of his Restorative it has resumed its original color, and I have no doubt, permanently so.

SYDNEY BREESE, Ex-Senator United States.

VINCENNES Ia., June 15, 1853.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: As you are about to manufacture extensively and send your recently discovered Hair Restorative, I will state, for whomsoever it may concern, that I have used it, and known others to use it; that I have for several years been in the habit of using other Hair Restoratives and that I find yours vastly superior to any other I know. I entirely cleansed the head from dandruff, and with one months proper use will restore and person's hair to the original youthful color and texture, giving it a healthy soft and glossy appearance, and all this without discolouring the hands that apply it, or the dress upon which it drops. I would therefore recommend its use to every one desirous of having a fine color and texture to hair.

Respectfully yours, WILSON KING.

The undersigned, Rev. J. K. Bragg, is a Minister in regular standing, and Pastor of the Orthodox Church at Brookfield, Mass. He is a gentleman of considerable influence and universally beloved.

WM. DYER.

BROOKFIELD, Jan. 12, 1855.

PROF. WOOD—Dear Sir having made trial of your Hair Hair Restorative, it gives me pleasure to say, that its effect has been excelent in removing inflamation, dandruff, and a constant tendency to itching, with which I have been trouble from childhood, and has also restored my hair, which was becoming gray, to its original color. I have used no other article with anything like the same pleasure and profit.

J. K. BRAGG.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.

Is, no doubt, the Most Wonderful discovery of this age of progress. The following is from a distinguished member of the medical profession:

ST. PAUL, January 1, 1865.

Prof. O. J. Wood—Dear Sir:—Unsolicited, I send you this certificate. After being nearly bald for a long time, and having tried all the half restoratives extant, and having no faith in any, I was induced, on hearing of yours, to give it a trial I placed myself in the hands of a barber, and had my head well rubbed with a good, stiff brush, and the Restorative then applied and well rubbed in, till the scalp was all a glow This I repeated every morning, and in three weeks the young hair appeared, and grew rapidly from August last up to the present time, and is now thick, black and strong—soft and pleasant to the touch, whereas before it was harsh and wiry what little there was of it, and that little there was disappearing rapidly I still use your Restorative about twice a week and shall soon have a good and perfect crop of hair. Now, I have read of these things—and who has not?—but have never seen hitherto, any case in which any persons hair was really benefited by any of the hair tonics, &c., of the day, and it realy gives me pleasure to record the result of my experience. I have recomended your preparation to others, and it already has a large and general sale throughout the Territory. The people here saw its effects and have confidence in it. All who have used it here will coincide with me in what I have written. The supply you sent us, as the wholesale agents for the Territory is already exhausted, and daily inquiries are made for it. You deserve credit for your discovery. I for one return you thanks for the benefit it has done me, for I certainly had despaired long ago of ever effecting any such result. I congratulate you that your fortune (and a large one) is already made.

Yours, hastily, J. W. BOND, Firm of Bond & Kellogg, Druggists, St. Paul, M. T.

Sold at 114 Market Street, St. Louis. Mo. And also by H. B. REED, Agent for Fort Wayne, 1y

Dr. R. S. STERRETT,
DENTIST,



RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, that he has permanently located himself in this place, where he will be happy to wait on all persons who will favor him with a call.

Teeth inserted on Gold Plate, from one to an entire set. Particular attention paid to first dentition All operations carefully performed, and warranted.

Office in the Phœnix Block, over J. Foellinger's Store. 3m2

Subscribe when you have an Opportunity!

BAYARD TAYLOR'S CYCLOPÆDIA OF MODERN TRAVEL,

A RECORD OF

Adventure, Exploration, and Discovery, during the last Fifty Years.

1 vol. royal 8vo, 950 pp.

Neatly bound in dark leather, embellished with five fine portraits on steel, by BUTTRE, and illustrated by over forty wood engravings by ORR, and thirteen authentic maps by SCHONBERG.

Sold to subscribers only. Price $4 00.

This work contains the cream of over fifty separate narrative of travel of those who may be styled the *representative* travelers of the last half century, in the remote and less known regions of the world. Their works are comprised in about 90 vols., and are published in several different languages, and probably could not be purchased for $150; indeed many of them are out of print, and not to be had. The following are some of the narratives, and will give an idea of the contents of the work:

Life and Travels of Alexander Von Humboldt.
Mungo Park's Travels in Western Africa.
Lewis and Clark's Journey to the Pacific Ocean.
Burkhardt's Travels in Syria, Africa and Arabia.
Journey to Mecca and Medina.
Belzoni's Explorations in Egypt.
Cailliaud's Journey to the Libyans Oases, Ethiopia, and Sennaar.
Franklin's Overland Journey to the Polar Sea.
Meyendorff's Journey to Bokhara.
Timkovski's Journey from Siberia to Pekin.
Golownin's Captivity in Japan.
De Lascaris secret Mission among the Bedoins.
Dunham and Clapperton's Expedition to Central Africa
Explorations on the Niger—Discoveries of Richard and John Lander. Laird and Oldfield, &c.
Moffat's Life in Southern Africa.
Sturt's Explorations in Australia.
Back's Arctic Land Expedition.
Wellsted's Travels in Oman. [Arabia].
Explorations on the White Nile.
Major Harris' Mission to Shoa.
Wood's Journey to the Oxus.
Parkin's Life in Abyssinia.
Fremont's Explorations of the Rocky Mountains and California.
Huc's Travels in Tartary, Thibet and China.
Fortune's Journey's to the Tea Districts of China.
Recent Explorations in Australia.
Lynch's Exploration of the Dead Sea.
Layard's Explorations at Nineveh and Babylon.
Travels of Ida Pfeiffer. Journeys round the World.
Explorations of the Amazon River. Journey of Lieut Herndon. Journey of Lieut. Gibbon.
Richardson's Travels in the Sahara.
Richardson and Barth s Expedition to Central Africa.
Burton's Pilgrimage to Mecca.
Exploration of Loo-Choo, from Commodore Perry's Japan Expedition. Report of Bayard Taylor.

No work has probably ever been published more useful or better adopted to interest, instruct and fascinate all classes of readers than this noble and beautiful volume, compiled by the most enterprising and popular of our American travelers. It should be owned by every family, and be found in every library. The publishers assure the public that the work *will be sold only through canvassing agents.*

An Agent who is an experienced man, having a small capital, may secure the agency of this county by furnishing satisfactory testimonials of integrity and efficiency, and addressing the publishers.

The following may be ordered by mail, or had of Booksellers, or of Agents:

FARR'S ANCIENT HISTORY [Superior to Rollin.] 4 vols 12mo, cloth, $3 00.

RENOUARD'S HISTORY OF MEDICINE, from the earliest ages to the present century. 1vol 8vo., sheep, $3 50

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THE TEACHER'S MISCELLANY, a selection of valuable articles on Education, by the best American writers. 1 vol 12 mo. 450 pages. $1 25

MAN OF WAR LIFE, 75 cts; MERCHANT VESSEL, 75 cts; WHALING & FISHING, Illustrated, 75 cts. Each written by Charles Nordhoff *nine years a sylor*, and one of the best writers of the present day.

MOORE, WILSTACH, KEY & Co. Publishers, 25 West Fourth st. Cincinnati.

PIANO FORTE WAREROOM



C. L. HILL, having opened rooms for the sale of Piano Fortes and other Musical Instruments, keeps on hand a full assortment of

Piano Fortes & Melodeons,

of various styles and qualities, from the most celebrated Manufactories in the United States.

SHEET MUSIC—A large collection kept on hand. New Music constantly received.

He has also on hand a fine assortment of

Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.

Also Violin and Guitar Strings. In fact, almost every thing in the music line.

June 28, 1856.

BOOKS & STATIONERY.

C. L. HILL has received his Spring and Summer supply of Books and Stationery, and has now on hand the BEST STOCK ever offered for sale in this market. It consists of

SCHOOL BOOKS

of every description used in this vicinity, and offers them at Wholesale or Retail Country merchants will do as well to buy of him as to go East.

LAW BOOKS.—He keeps a general assortment of Standard Law Books, and has facilities for ordering anything in this line that may be wanted.

MEDICAL BOOKS—Every thing in the medical line of a standard character can be had at Hill's Book Store.

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS—A full supply of all standards works, together with all the standard poets, are kept constantly on hand, and new miscellaneous books are received as soon as published.

PAPER

French, English and American Cap and Letter Paper, worth from one dollar and fifty cents to five dollars per ream Bill paper, Wrapping paper Printing and Hardware Paper, he has always for sale.

Fancy Articles.

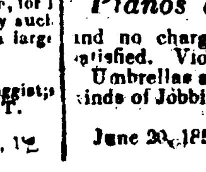
He has also just received a large lot of fancy articles such as fine Rosewood and Mahogany writing desks, Portfolios, Card Cases, Ladies' Portmonaies and Gent's Traveling Cases, together with the most beautiful articles of all, which the Ladies are requested to take particular notice of, viz:—a splendid lot of Ladies' Cabas of the latest and most fashionable style.

PAPER HANGINGS.

He keeps the best stock of Paper Hangings, Window Shades and Fire Board prints in the place.

June 28, 1856

ORGAN, PIANO FORTE,
—AND—
Musical Instrument
MANUFACTORY.



THE subscriber has commenced the manufacture of Organ, Piano Fortes, and other Musical Instruments, in the second story of the building in Clinton Street two doors south of Hamilton's Bank, where he will be happy to accommodate all who need any thing in his line. All kinds of repairs promptly attended to, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Pianos and Melodeons Tuned,

and no charge made unless the parties are fully satisfied. Violins, Guitars, &c., repaired.

Umbrellas and Parasols neatly repaired, and all kinds of Jobbing done

HENRY WARTENSLEBEN.

June 20, 1856. 6m51

POETRY.

A POEM FOR THE TIMES.

BY MRS. A. L. RUTER DUFOUR.

Withered be the hand that is stretched forth to touch the ark of the Constitution —*General Lewis Cass.*

I.

Ay, wither the hand that shall impiously dare
To mare with a plague touch our Union's great ark,
To sully the hallo of Freedom's shrine there,
Or cause one bright star in the skies to grow dark.
The soul that one moment such treason can nurse
Is twin to the traitorous Arnold of yore;
His name should be breathed not, save with a deep curse
With infamy stamp'd by the world evermore.

II.

Our blest Constitution, whose hallowed ark
Triumphant was borne through oppression's long strife
When liberty's heart throbs were heard mide the dark
Battle-fields, where braue souls struggled nobly for life;
Which was borne mid the thonder and carnage of war,
And spann'd like a bow the dark brow of the storm;
A blight on the soul who that glory would mar;
A leper become who would tarnish that form.

III.

Ho, patriots! arouse from your apathy now!
Haste, gird on truth's armor, and then call the roll;
Steid mutiny's camp is affixed at the brow
Of some who the ranks of your life-guard control.
Disunion's black flag they have dared to unfurl,
It floats as a plague-sign above our fair land,
Our Union and peace to the wind they would hurl,
Its stars would blot out with a treacherous hand.

IV.

Let the tocsin of liberty thrill every heart,
Aloft to the heavens her pennons fling out
To duty! Let each one act nobly his part,
And victory's peans shall our country soon shout.
The egis of valor qy our forefathers won,
Protect from pollution our nation's fair fame;
The heart that one ray of its light would see shorn,
Be heaped with dishonor, and blighting and shame!

V

Our blest Constitution—the great orb of light
In freedom's clearskies that shall never decline,
High on the meridian 'twill ever beam bright,
Upheld by the Power, that's almighty, divine,
It is the great center of truth, strength and peace,
Where mingle and harmonize all their pure beams,
The port at whose entrance all warring must cease,
The light-house whose beacon o'er all the earth gleams.

VI.

"*E Pluribus Unum*"—a watchword whose power
Should strike with confusion, and terror, and dread,
The traitor who seeks its proud flag-staff to lower,
Or darken one ray by its sacred stars shed.
Avaunt, every foe that would shadow their light,
Accursed be the hand that their honor wou'd stain,
He wars against God who dares war against right,
And woe and remorse is the meed he will gain.

VII.

The ark of our Union, be bulwark of strength
Which faction's dark waves have assaulted in vain,
Our country's past refuge—her future's great trust,
The keystone that freedom's vast arch doth sustain.
Aloft rear our flag, let its starry field show
To the world that for aye we are "many in one,"
And the billows and winds from our broad shores that go.
Bear peace to all nations that dwell 'neath the sun

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C, July 4, 1856

Greeley on Fremont.

"If they were to accuse him of murdering his grandfather, whom he never saw, or his father who died when was only five years old, they might doubtess draw the same inference as to the charge. He will dignify no libel by a personal contradiction, but commit his character to the gorgeous appreciation and clear discernment of the American people."—*Tribune.*

Nobody asks of Mr. Fremont a personal contradiction of anything, but is expected of his friends that they will answer the following questions, which the people, who are called upon to vote for him, have a perfect right to ask:

☞ Did you not buy 600 head of *breeding cows* for your own use, and did you not make the government pay for the same, under pretense of wanting them for the army.

☞ Did you not challenge Col Mason to fight a duel, and that too with the most savage of weapons?

☞ Were you not tried by a court Martial, and convicted of disorderly conduct, disobeying orders, inciting mutiny, &c., &c, and were you not discharged from the service on that account? What kind of "Commander-in-Chief of the Army and navy" would you make?

☞ Did you not waylay Foote, of Mississippi, at the door of the Senate, knocking his glasses into his eyes and bringing blood from his nose for words spoken in debate, where you had the privilege of reply?

☞ Did you not vote against allowing the people of the District of Columbia the privilege of saying whether they desired to abolish slavery in the District or not, and did you not vote *with the South* on every sectional question that came up while you was a Senator?

☞ Are you not a partner in the firm of Palmer, Cook & Co., N. Y., and has not the interest on the State debt of California failed to be paid through the defalcations of that firm to whom the money had been entrusted to pay said interest?

☞ Is not the firm of Palmer, Cook & Co known as land speculators, and have they not a branch house in San Francisco, where Land Claims like the Mariposa Grant are hatched out?

☞ Is John C. Fremont anything else than an adventurer and land speculator, and was he not nominated through the instrumentality of George Law, Thurlow Weed, James Gordon, Bennet and Mariposa land speculators.

Now, Horace, you and brother Beecher have taken immense pains to prove that Fremont was not a Catholic, a question of very little importance politically. Don't now, stop there and snub the people by telling them you shall answer no more questions. If you must have Fremont, we must have free speech too, they are both on the Fusion ticket and we never split a ballot.—*Plaindealer.*

About Girls Names.—If you are a very precise man and wish to be certain of what you get, never marry a girl named Ann; for we have the authority of Lindley Murray and others that "an is an indefinite article."—(Ex.)

If you would like to have a wife who is "one of a thousand," you should marry an Emily or Emma; for any printer can tell you that "ems" are always counted by thousands.

If you do not wish to have a bustling, fly about your wife, you should not marry any one named Jenny; for every cotton spinner knows that jennies are always turning.

If you have a wife named Cordelia, you should never drop any of your old acquaintances, for he who has the deal never cuts.

The most incessant writer in the world is he who is bound to Adaline.

You may adore your wife, but you will be surpassed in love when your wife is a Dora.

Unless you would have the evil one for a father-in-law, you should not marry a lady named Elizabeth, for the devil is the father of Lize.—(lies.)

If you wish to succeed in life as a porter, you should marry a Caroline, and treat her very kindly; for so long as you continue to do this, you will be good to Carry.

Many men of high moral principles, and who would not gamble for the world, still have not refused to take a Bet



BEEF. BEEF.

Fremont's Cattle Speculation.

We invite attention to the course of Lieut. Col. John C. Fremont, while action, or professing to act as Governor of California. These official documents were sent to the House of Representatives by President Taylor in 1850, in compliance with a resolution of that body. In order that our readers may feel the full force of the evidence which they contain, it will be necessary to remember that Gen. Kearney arrived in California in December, 1846; that he had authority from the war department to establish a civil government in California, and that he communicated to Com. Stockton the nature of his instructions. The two acted together in the battles on the Rio San Gabriel and on the Plains of the Mesa, 8th and 9th January, 1847, in which after a severe fight, Fremont not being with them, however, they were victorious. They took Ciudad de Los Angelos, and a few days afterward Fremont arrived there with a part of the battalion. On the 10th of January, Gen. Kearney made a formal demand of Com. Stockton that he should cease any further proceedings relating to the formation of a civil government in California. Commodore Stockton left the Territory, shortly afterward—Gen. Kearney made proclamation as Governor of California, and it is worthy to be remembered that all this took place prior to the date of the following interesting documents:

A

This article of agreement, made and entered into this third day of March, in the year 1847, by and between Eulojio de Celis, a resident of the city de Los Angeles, capital of Upper California, of the first part, and J. C. Fremont, Governor of California, and legal representative of the government of the United States of North America, of the second part, witnesseth, that the said Eulojio de Celis has sold to J C Fremont, Governor of California aforesaid, a lot of six hundred head of cattle, of good merchantable kind, and suitable for beef, to be delivered to the commissary of the troops under the immediate command of Governor Fremont in number corresponding with the requisition of the commissary and the said Governor Fremont binds himself and his successors in office to pay to said Eulojio de Celis, his heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, at the expiration of eight months, the sum of six thousand dollars, without defalcation. It is expressly understood between the above contracting parties, that if the said Eulojio de Celis fails to deliver good merchantable cattle, when required to do so by the commissary, the contract is to be considered null and void by the said Gov Fremont—he paying to Eulojio de Celis ten dollars per head for the number delivered: and it is further understood, that the hides of the cattle are to be delivered, on application, to the said Eulojio de Celis, to whom they belong by agreement.

In testimony of the above, the said parties have hereunto set their hands and affixed their seals, at the city de Los Angeles, the capital of California, the day and year before writen.

EULOJIO DE CELIS, [L. S.]
J. C. FREMONT, [L. S.]
Governor of California.

The foregoing agreement has the following endorsment, the date of which is important, as will be seen by referense to Governor Mason's Letter.

I do hereby certify that Don Eulojio de Celis has complied to within obligation and contract on his party, by delivering the number of cattle as specified; and in payment thereof, I have this day executed to said Celis my note for the sum of six thousand nine hundred and seventy-five dollars, including the hides of the whole number of cattle.

J. C. Fremont.

Angeles, April 26, 1847.
Lieutenant Colonel United States Army.

Taken alone, the above document contains nothing very significant, although it does look somewhat strange, that the government should be bound to pay cash for the hides which were to be returned according to terms of the agreement. It is worth remembering also that on the day of the execution of the cattle contract Fremont executed the following paper:

No. 3. Eight months after date, J. C. Fremont governor of California, and thereby the legal agent of the government of the United States of North America, in consideration of the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars being borrowed; or advanced to me, for the benefit of the said government of the United States, by Eulojio de Celis, hereby promise and oblige myself, in my fiduciary character as governor aforesaid, and my successors in office to pay to said Eulojio de Celis, and his heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, the aforesaid sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, without defalcation. It is agreed and understood that if the aforesaid sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, without defalcation. It is agreed and understood that if the aforesaid sum of two thousand five hundred dollars is not paid on or before maturity, it is to draw interest at the rate of two per cent. per month from the time it falls due.—In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and have caused the seal of the Territory to be affixed, at the city de los Angeles, the capital of California, this 3d day of March, in the year 1847.

J. C. Fremont,
Governor of California.

On the 26th of April, 1847, the same day that Fremont certified that Celis has complied with his contract, he executed the following document.

No. 3. This is to certify that there is due from the United States to Don Eulogio des Celis the sum of six thousand nine hundred and seventy-five dollars, on account of supplies furnished by him for the subsisting United States troops in the service in this Territory and under my command. The above sum, for which this obligation is given, shall be subject to an interest of two per cent per month, after the expiration of the term of eight months from the 18th of April, 1847, until paid.

J. C. Fremont,
Lieut Col. United States Army.

Angeles, California, April 26, 1847.

Thus far the transaction might be explained perhaps on the supposition of the honesty, but bearing in mind that Fremont had certified on the 26th of April, that the cattle were delivered we come to the following two additional documents:

B

I have received from Don Eulojio de Celi four hundred and eighty-one head of cattle on account of Mr. J C Fremont, Lieutenant Colonel of the army of the United States, which cattle exists in my possession.

ABEL STEARNS.

Angeles, May 1, 1847.

F

I have received from Don Eulojio de Celis, one hundred and nineteen head of cattle, on account of Mr. J. C. Fremont, Lieutenant Colonel of the army of the United States, and said cattle remain in my possession according to agreement.

ABEL STEARNS.

Angeles, July 7, 1847.

We come now to the full denouement of this matter. Fremont left California in June, 1847 nothing was heard of the cattle by the commissary nor by Col. Mason, until application was made by the holder of the agreement, to know whether the amount would be paid at maturity. This elicited on inquiry into the character of the transaction. Col. J D Stephenson addressed two letters to Abel Stearns the recipient of the cattle, inquiring how he held them, and to whom they belonged. The following are his answers:

No. 7.

Angeles, August 20, 1847.

Dear Sir:—In reply to your official letter of yesterday, I would observe that I hold in my possion six hundred head of cattle, (the major part of them breeding cows), received from Don Eulojio de Celis, on account of Lieut. Col J C Fremont. I hold these cattle per agreement, and for a term of three years, to return the same number and class at the end of the term, with one-half of the increase, excepting such as may be lost in any way whatever, and not for want of care on my part. I consider the cattle at the private property of Col. J. C. Fremont, not being instructed by him to the contrary.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

ABEL STEARNS.

Col J D Stephenson, Commanding Southern Militarp Dist. Cal.

No 10

ANGELES, Sept 20, 1847.

SIR:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your official note of the 17th inst., with an extract of an official letter to you from W. T. Sherman, acting assistant adjudant general, requiring from me a further information relative to a contract by which I hold a certain lot of cattle received from Don E. Celis, for account of Lieut Colonel J C Fremont, and whether I have a written contract or a verbal one; if the latter, to furnish you with the evidence to prove my right to the trust. In answer to which I have to observe that I hold the cattle by verbal contract; witnesses to the same, Mr. Samuel Hensly, Captain in the late battalion, to whom I refer you particularly. He resides near Nueva Helvetia; also to Midshipman John K Wilson and Lieutenant A H Gillespie, United States marines. Both I think, were present and knowing to the contract. As the above gentleman are not here, I cannot furnish you with their certificates relative to the contract.

Very respectfully,
ABEL STEARNS.

To Col J D STEVENSON.
Commanding Southern Military District.

Can there be any rational doubt on the perusal of the above official papers, that Fremont intended to make a speculation for his own benefit? The fact that on the 26th of April 1847 he executed the obligation marked No. 2, in which the sum of $975 is added to the price agreed to be paid, being a compensation for the hides of the cattle, and this, too before a solitary cow had been delivered, that it was not then the intention of Fremont that the cattle should be used for the army. It shows that the idea of leasing out the cattle on the shares not only an after thought, but a part of his original design But why resort to such inferences when we have the damning fact, that instead of cattle 'suitable for beef" as named in the original contract, "breeding cows" were delivered, and that, too, with the evident concurrence of Fremont in the fraud?

We need do no more than add the letter of Col Mason, which was sent to the War Department, accompanied by foregoing documents It is unnecessary to add that, at the time this information was sent, Col Mason, being Governor of California, was proper person to make a report of such conduct. It arrived at Washington city after the court martial on Col Fremont had commenced its sittings. It is impossible to read this letter and the collaterial proof without coming to the conclusion that Col Fremont was guilty of a deliberate attempt to defraud the Government which he represented.

Headquarters Tenth military Dep't.

MONTEREY, California, Oct 9 1847.

SIR—I have the honor herewith to enclose to you the papers relating to a certain contract entered into on the 3d of May 1847, by Lieutenant Colonel Fremont, mounted rifleman, with a Don Eulojio de Celis, a resident of Ciudad de los Angeles, California. The paper marked A is a copy of this contract, with Lieutenant Colonel Fremont's certificate, bearing date April 26 1847, that the contract had been compiled with on the part of Don Eulojio de Celis, and that he, Fremont, had executed to him in payment a note for the sum of six thousand nine hundred and seventy-five dollars.

Lieutenant Colonel Fremont left California in the month of June 1847, giving no notice to Gen. Kearny or myself of the existence of such a contract, or that he had pledged the faith of his government for the redemption of it by the payment of $6,975. Nor had I the least idea of this obligation until applied to by Col Stevenson whether I would recognize the contract, and redeem the bond at maturity. This letter was accompanied by others, which show that in fact notwithstanding the certificate of Lieutenant Col. Fremont, Mr Celis never delivered to the commissary of the California battallion one single head of beef cattle under this contract, and that not one of these six hundred head of cattle was slaughtered for the use of that battalion; but on the contrary, that they have been delivered to a Mr Stearns of Los Angeles, in two parcels; one of four hundred and eighty one, on the first day of May, and another of one hundred and nineteen, on the sixth day of July, 1847, both of which dates are subsequent to the discharge of the California battalion commanded by Lieutenant Colonel J C Fremont There is no doubt that these cattle are the same six hundreb contracted for by Lieutenant Fremont on the 3 l of March 1847 Mr Celis stated it positively in the letter marked D; and the receipts for them by Stearns, marked B and F specially state that he (Stearns) receipts for them in the name and order of Lieut Col. Fremont.

These deliveries occurred at a time *when* a garrison was stationed in Los Angeles, with a commissioned agent of the commissary department of the army, Lieutenant Davidson, to take charge of subsistence stores intended for public use; yet these cattle, furnished by a formal contract, are delivered to a private individual upon a special agreement (as he Stearns says) to breed on shares for a term of three years. I have endeavered to procure from Mr Stearns a copy of the agreement he has made with Lieutenant Colonel Fremont to take care of these cattle, but his letters (marked 7 and 10) positively assert that he regards *thos* cattle as the private property of Lieutenant Colonel Fremont but that the agreement by which he holds them, is a verbal one, witnessed by a Mr Hensly and Lieut Gillespie, of the United States Navy Thus stand the facts, and I am applied to, to know whether payment will be made upon the paper marked 2, which is a certificate that the sum of $6 975 is due to Mr Celis for supplies furnished the California battalion, which supplies are clearly and plainly the lot of six hundred breeding cows now in the hands of a private individual, not one of which has been used for public purposes. This note becomes due on the 18th dap of December, 1847, and bears an interest of twenty four percentum per annum, after that date.

In connection with this subject, I call your attention to the paper marked 3, wherein Lieutenant Colonel Fremon has bound himself and future Governors of California to pay the sum of $2,500 at the expiration of eight months after the date of March 3, 1847, or in default thereof, that the note shall bear an interest of twenty-four per cent per annum; this too, when the acting assistant quartermaster at Monterey had been more than a month in the country, with a supply of money applicable to the proper expenses of the army in California.

Mr. Celis states that it was partly to secure this loan of money that Lieut. Colonel Fremont made with him the liberal bargain for cattle, for which the price is about forty per cent higher than the market price at the time. Both of these notes are soon due, and Mr. Celis is going to make application for payment, as he claims to have fulfilled his part of a contract for the redemption of which the good faith of the government of the United States is pledged by an officer thereof; but the whole transaction, as shown by the accompanying papers, appears to me of *such a character*, that I shall not order payment of the money to Mr. Celis, but refer all the papers to the department, for such action as they may consider proper in the case.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

R. B. MASON,
Col. 1st Dragoons, Commanding.

To GEN. R. JONES, Washington City.

Whig Convention at Albany.

ALBANY, Aug. 12.

The Whig Convention yesterday adopted a series of resolutions and an address antagonistic to Mr. *Buchanan*, on account of the Cincinnati platform, and to Colonel Fremont because of the sectional character of his party.

The American platform was not indorsed, but the Whig organization and its principles are to be maintained,

A full delegation to the Baltimore Whig Convention was chosen.

Mr Granger, the President of the Convention, spoke in the warmest manner of Mr Fillmore, and the Convention adjourned.

WHEREAS, The Old-Line Whigs of New York have, in mass meeting, duly considered their position as Whigs in connection with the country, their duty to the country in the present crisis, and have candidly examined also the merits of the three Presidential candidates now before the people, and probable consequences of the election of either: therefore,

Resolved, That we cannot suppor tMr. Buchanan, because that we believe that an administration established on the Cincinnati platform will perpetuate internal agitation and endanger our amicable relations with foreign power.

Resolved, That we will oppose to the utmost extent of our ability the election of Mr. Fremont believing that he is not qualified for the Presidency of this Union; and we firmly believe his election would increase the internal strife, the party he represents being in spirit sectional, and inevitably tending toward disunion.

Resolved, That in the election of Millard Fillmore we find a safe guarantee that domestic agitation will be quelled, harmony between the States restored, peace with foreign nations secured, and the interests of agriculture, commerce and manufactures will be promoted, and therefor we will labor unitedly and earnestly for his election.

Resolved, That while thus lending our aid to promote the election of the American candidate; under the conviction that such is our solemn duty, we nevertheless retain inviolate the cherished Whig principles and organization, and as soon after the present contest as may be convenient will resume separate party action.

The address and resolutions were adopted with enthusiastic applause——Mr. Fillmore's name being received with hearty cheers. One hundred thousand copies were ordered to be printed for circulation.

☞ We think that all good citizens of all sections must be disgusted with the published accounts of the movements and operations of Col James H Lane in relation to Kansas affairs.—Lane deserves the severest punishment; and, if the laws of the United States provide any penalty for atrocious misconduct like his, it should be promptly inflicted on him.

Lane is, as of course he has a right to be, in favor of making Kansas a non-slaveholding State The means however by which he is attempting to accomplish this object are outrageous. For some time past he has been industriously gathering all the vile loafers and wretches of every description that he could find in Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, and other States, and other States and after arming and drilling them, marching them in organized bodies to Kansas for the avowed purpose of resisting by force the regular authorities in the Territory. Whenever he gets a body of his vile and drunken troops to the Kansas line, he sends them in; but, like a base coward, turns back himself to organize another gang. We have learned from gentlemen, who have seen detachments of his troops marching to Kansas, that they never before in all their lives beheld such organizations of ragged sots and irredeemable blackguards

We have no objection to the coming of Kansas into the Union as a non slaveholding State if a majority of her legitimate citizens prefer that she should; but the proceedings of that fellow Lane should be stopped. The Missourians have unquestionably been guilty of much improper interference in the affairs of Kansas, but if they should think proper to disarm and turn back such organizations of armed rowdies and rowdies and rascals as Lane is taking to Kansas, they would in our opinion be right enough.—*Lou. Jour.*

Fremont's Financeiring.

We extract from the Boston Times a brief account of John C. Fremont's financial operations in California, in 1846 and 1847. He was there during a portion of both years, in command of a small body of U. S. Troops, and the admirable skill which he exhibited in managing Uncle Sam's finance proves conclusively he is a gentleman of most distinguished ability in that line Greely & Co. understood their man. There is a large surplus in the Treasury of the United States which the Black Republican leaders would like to finger, and Fremont, as President, would be a great spoke in their wheel. They could easily trump up claims against the government, and with a Congress of their own kidney, and a willing tool in the Presidential chair, they would soon dispose of the surplus fund on hand. The Boston Times opens the following new chapter in Fremont's history:

FREMONT'S CALIFORNIA OPERATIONS.

The operations of John C. Fremont, in California, in 1846—'47, if fully developed and given to the public, would present some very astounding facts, and what some people might call pretty gigantic frauds, more gigantic frauds, more gigantic than any before committed

This, we are aware, is strong language, but not more so than the facts warrant, as will be seen by the following expose drawn from official sources:

On the 12th of December, 1854, the Secretary of War transmitted to the Senate and House of Representatives a report of the Board of Officers appointed for the examination of claims contracted in California under Colonel Fremont in 1846—'47. We have before us a copy of the report—No. 13, 33d Cong., 2d session.

This report, which is signed by Col. C. Smith, Lieut. Col. Chas. Thomas and Major B. Lee, of the U. S. Army, contains a schedule of the claims contracted by Fremont, amounting in all to $960 614. Of this amount $149 had been previously paid by Congress, and 129 were recommended by the board to be

Continued on the Fourth Page.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

For President
JAMES BUCHANAN
OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Vice-President
JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE
OF KENTUCKY.

For Governor.
ASHBEL P. WILLARD, of White.
For Lieut. Governor,
ABRAM A. HAMMOND, of Vigo.
For Secretary of State.
DANIEL McCLURE, of Morgan.
For Auditor of State.
JOHN W. DODD, of Grant.
For Treasurer of State.
AQUILLA JONES, of Bartholomew.
For Attorney General.
JOS. E. McDONALD, of Montgomery.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction.
WILLIAM C. LARRABEE, of Putnam.
For Clerk of Supreme Court.
WILLIAM B. BEACH, of Boone.
For Reporter of Decisions of Supreme Court.
GORDON TANNER, of Jackson.
For Congress—10th District.
ROBERT LOWRY, of Elkhart
Judge Common Pleas,
JAMES W. BORDEN.
District Attorney—Com. Pleas,
WM. B. SPENCER.
Pros. Attorney—10th District,
S. J. STOUGHTON.

Allen Co. Dem. Ticket.
Representative,
PLINY HOAGLAND,
Treasurer,
ALEX. WILEY.
Co. Commissioner—1st District.
HENRY DICKERSON.
County Surveyor.
WM. McLAUGHLIN.

Democratic County Convention.
The Delegates heretofore appointed by the Democratic voters of the respective Townships in Allen County, are requested to re-asemble in convention on SATURDAY, *the 6th of September next*, at the Court House in Fort Wayne, at 11 o'clock A. M. to nominate a democratic Candidate for Sheriff of said county, in place of R. McMullen, deceased.

By order of the County Committee.
F. P. RANDALL, *Chairman.*
August 26th, 1856.

A SPECIAL MEETING
Of the Wayne Township Democratic Club
Will be held at the Club Room on Monday evening next at half-past 7 o'clock, to make arrangements for attending the great Democratic Convention at the Tippecanoe Battle Ground.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.
SATURDAY, AUGUST 30, 1856.

Hon. A. A. Hammond, Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor, and Hon. Robert Lowry, our candidate for Congress, will speak in Colerick's Hall this evening at early candle-light. We advise our citizens to go and hear them.—Both are good speakers, and will preach the true democratic doctrine.

Rev. CALEB MILLS, Superintendent of Public Instruction for the state of Indiana, will address the Citizens of Fort Wayne this evening at half-past 7 o'clock in the M. E. Church, Berry street Subject—*Graded Schools.*

He will also address the youth and parents on Sabbath afternoon in the 1st Presbyterian church at 4 o'clock P. M.

The Extra Session of Congress.
Congress is now holding an extra session, rendered necessary by the factious and treasonable course of the fusion majority in the House, who refused to pass the appropriation bill for the support of the army, unless accompanied by a proviso prohibiting the use of the troops in maintaining peace and order in Kansas. The extra session has now been sitting upwards of a week, but has not yet made much progress towards effecting the grave business for which it was called. The House has refused by two majority to recede from its unconstitutional proviso; various propositions have been made to overcome the obstinacy of the factionists, but so far, without success. In the meantime civil war exists in Kansas, fomented and encouraged if not absolutely incited by the factious course of the fusion majority, and if the question be not speedily settled and the administration relieved from the uncertainty which now exists as to whether or not the army must be disbanded, that unhappy territory must be deluged in blood. For this deplorable state of affairs the fusionists in the House are clearly responsible; and on their hands must rest the blood spilled in the unholy contest now raging in Kansas.

The citizens of this congressional district should bear in mind that their representative, *Rev.* Samuel Brenton, is an active aider and abettor of this treason, and has declared that he would remain in session until the 4th of March next, rather than recede from the factious position occupied by his fusion confederates. Does he, in this, represent the feelings of the district? will his constituents endorse such a factious and bloodthirsty course, and make themselves a party to this shameful attempt to break down the defences of the country, and leave it a prey to anarchy bloodshed and disunion? Let their votes in October give an emphatic negative to the supposition that they can countenance treason in any form, and at the same time administer a proper rebuke to the man who has ventured so far to misrepresent them, and has brought such a damning reproach upon us for sending such a man as our representative at this crisis in the affairs of the country.

The course taken by the fusionists meets no favor from right-thinking men, even of their own party, in any part of the Union. It is universally condemned by all who have a spark of patriotism in their bosoms, and the guilty perpetrators will find they have overshot the mark and consigned themselves to an oblivion as deep and damning as that which overtook the traitor Arnold and the scarcely less infamous Hartford Conventionists.

Several of the ablest and most influential of their papers severely censure these factionists, and point out the fatal results which must follow a persistence in their treasonable madness.—Among others the New York Commercial Advertiser an old and influential whig paper of that city, contains a lengthy and able article, from which we extract the closing paragraph, and earnestly commend it to the attention of those who are seeking to perpetuate power in the hands of a party so palpably unfit to wield it—as well as to all who were instrumental in disgracing this congressional district, by having it appear on the record as sustaining and encouraging so unwise, unjust, and unpatriotic a measure. The Commercial says:—

The Republican opponents of the present Administration have indeed overshot their mark by thus creating a necessity for an extra session of Congress—for that such a *necessity* has been created by them admits of no controversy. The President could do nothing less than immediately convene Congress under the circumstances, or peril the safety of all our border territory, (exposing portions of that territory to other than Indian marauders) and deprive himself of the power to enforce the federal authority over any State that choose allegiance to the Union. And all this on the plea that a single territorial legislature has been illegally chosen, though Congress has refused to interfere, and the Supreme Court of the United States has not been asked for its opinion on the point in dispute. We respectfully submit that the party leaders who could take such a position, and adhere to it so pertinaciously afford but very faint hopes that the party they represent would make wise administrators of the Government, while their present conduct does very plainly show that they are capable of letting party excitement warp their judgement, and prompt their act on to the serious detriment of the country's weal and the security of its institutions.

CIVIL WAR IN KANSAS!—*Horrible Atrocities of the Abolition Outlaws!*—Civil war has begun in earnest in Kansas, and this time it is the abolitionists—the genuine freedom shriekers—who are committing the outrages against the life and property of the peaceable settlers. By the accounts in another column it will be seen that the horde of rowdies and bullies collected by Jim Lane have invaded Kansas, and in the full tide of successful experiment, are killing, burning and destroying all before them, and avow the intention of killing or driving out every pro-slavery man in the Territory. These "outrages in Kansas" will probably be excused or palliated by those who have had so much to say against similar outrages committed by the opposite party, and have even charged many such upon them of which they were innocent. Prayers and thanksgivings will doubtless be offered, and Te Deums sang in buildings consecrated to the worship of the Prince of Peace, for these bloody doings. Fanaticism knows no bounds, and the present state of things in Kansas is entirely owing to the course pursued by the abolitionists and fusionists in the free States, who have sought to make political capital out of the very disturbances they themselves have created

The immediatiate cause of the present outbreak has doubtless been the refusal of Congress to pass the army appropriation bill, unless clogged by a proviso prohibiting the troops from interfering to prevent such outrages. Encouraged by the belief that the U. S. troops could not interpose, these miscreants have boldly commenced their career of murder, arson, and robbery.

A fearful retribution awaits them. The citizens of Missouri, justly incensed at such outrages committed on their borders and against their friends, are hastening to the rescue with a large force, and we shortly expect to hear of bloody doings in Kansas.

In this state of affairs it is a duty of every good citizen to inquire who are responsible for these outrages? Who are the guilty parties? Is it the miserable wretches, who actually commit the act, or are not those pious and benevolent men who have incited them to deeds of blood, under pretense of regard for the poor, oppressed, blacks, equally or more guilty? We hold that the Beechers, the Parkers, the Giddings, the Hales, and the hosts of lesser lights in the fusion ranks, who have really created the difficulties for the purpose of making political capital, are the most guilty parties; and those who have been misled by their specious pretences, and are now acting and sympathising with them, are in effect aiders and abettors in these acts of violence. Let our citizens well ponder on these things before they determine to sustain a party which has to resort to such unjustifiable means to support their falling cause.

Allen Co Working-Men's Institute.—At the annual meeting of the members of this Institute, held on Friday evening last, the following were elected officers for the ensuing year: Thos Tigar, President; John Cochrane Vice President; J M Miller, Secretary; G Humphrey, Treasurer; W Fleming, Librarian.

☞ At a special meeting of the Board of Commissioners held on Monday last, Mr. Wm. Fleming was appointed to serve as Sheriff of Allen County, until after the election, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. McMullen. This is a good appointment. Mr. Fleming has acted as Deputy Sheriff, and done most of the duties of the office for some months past, in a capable and efficient manner. Being perfectly familiar with the business, he will be enabled to close up and arrange the unsettled business of the late sheriff in a more satisfactory manner than any other man who could have been appointed.

Fusion Nominations.—The Fremonters of this county assembled in convention on Saturday last and nominated John Cochrane for Representative, John Hamilton for Sheriff, F. R Cosgrove for Tresurer, E. W. Green for Co. Com'r, and J. M. Wilt for Surveyor. Mr. Cochrane tried to get off, but no excuse would be taken, and he had to go on the ticket. We are sorry for him; he is an excellent man and a good citizen, and deserving a better fate; but he has got caught in bad company, and will have to suffer the same fate as his party—that is, to be most wofully defeated in October next.

Mr. P. Heller of Eel River, a disappointed aspirant for the same office, is perhaps more deserving pity than even Mr. Cochrane himself.—He used to profess to be a democrat, and because that party would not nominate him he joined the fusionists. His new friends do not seem to appreciate his worth any more highly than his old ones did, and we understand he denounces them in no very complimentary terms. He finds the way of the transgressor is hard, and we are much afraid he will try to creep back into the democratic party. We don't want him, and are therefore sorry the fusionists did not nominate him and secure him to their party. They are heartily welcome to him, and we hope will keep him.

Who is Going to the Battle Ground Convention?—The Convention at the Tippecanoe Battle Ground on Wednesday next, will probably be the largest assemblage ever witnessed in the West. Messrs. Breckinridge, Douglas, Clay (son of Henry Clay) Dickinson, and many other eminent men will be present. Fort Wayne ought to be well represented on the occasion.—Who is going? A meeting will be held at the Dem. Club Room on Monday evening to make the necessary arrangements.

Half fare only will be charged on the railroad An Excursion train will leave Fort Wayne at 4. 30 on Wednesday morning, reaching Lafayette at 10 o'clock.

CONTEMPTIBLE.—The Journal complains that the bills announcing Republican Meetings are torn down by boys, and charges that the boys are incited and bribed to do it by prominent democrats of this place. The Journal is certainly hard run for capital when it has to resort to such pitiful expedients as charging the misdeeds of mischievous boys on the democratic party, and must have been aware of the falsity of the charge when it was made. Every bill announcing Democratic Meetings has been similarly torn down or defaced within a few hours of being posted, but we never thought of charging the crime on the editor of the Journal or any other prominent fusionist. We considered it a mere act of wantoness on the part of boys who had not been properly trained by their parents, and the destruction of the Republican bills is the same. Try something more plausible next time, Mr. Journal.

North Carolina Election.—Complete returns of the late election make Gov Bragg's democratic majority THIRTEEN THOUSAND—showing a *Democratic Gain of Eleven Thousand* since the last election.

Missouri Election.—Returns from 93 counties give Polk, dem 40,125 votes; Ewing, K. N. 35,914; Benton 24,137. Polk's majority over Ewing 4,211. Eight counties are yet to hear from which will considerably increase the democratic majority. The Benton men will all vote the regular democratic electoral ticket in November, which will swell Buchanan's majority in that State to 30,000!

In the Legislature, on joint ballot, the Democrats have elected seventy-nine members, the Benton men twenty-seven, the Old Line Whigs ten, and the Know Nothings thirty-seven. There are eight counties to be heard from, which will increase the democratic preponderance. The Democracy are sure of getting the two United States Senators which are to be chosen

FIRE!—On Thursday evening last, about 7 o'clock, the cry of fire! was heard in our streets, and the report was that Messrs. Jones, Bass, & Co's extensive foundry and car factory was on fire. A large concourse hurried to the spot, anxious to contribute their aid in saving the establishment from destruction. On arriving it was discovered that it was only a building used for drying lumber that was on fire; and as it was detached from the other buildings, the progress of the flames was arrested and comparatively small damage sustained. The kiln contained several thousand feet of pine lumber which was all destroyed. The total loss will not probably exceed $400 or $500.

The new fire company, Alert No 1, was speedily on the ground with their "masheen," and did all that could be done under the circumstances, the scarcity of water precluding the possibility of working the engine effectually or continuously. The night was still, with little or no wind, or the consequences might have been most disastrous

ANOTHER FIRE!—This forenoon the roof of the State Bank was discovered to be on fire, but by timely assistance of citizens and fire company was extinguished without doing any material damage. It appeared to have originated on the inside of the roof, between the shingles and the ceiling, and was probably owing to some defect in the chimney, which had been on fire a few hours previous to the discovery of fire in the roof.

The DeKalb and Steuben District Democratic Convention made the following nominations; Senator—Miles Waterman; Representatives—W. J. Howard of Steuben and B. Catlin of DeKalb; Com. Pleas Judge—R. J. Dawson; Pros. Attorney—L H Stocker of Steuben

Terrible Calamity—200 Lives Lost!—A small island about 20 miles long and one wide, called Last Island, on the Gulf Coast, in the Parish of Terrebonne, Lousiana, used as a summer resort by southern fashionables, was entirely submerged by the sea on the 14th inst. A severe storm had raged for two days which swept the waters of the Gulf over the island, which was entirely covered to the depth of five feet Every house on the island was destroyed and over 200 persons perished, either by drowning or being crushed by the floating timber and driftwood. A steamboat was wrecked on the island on which the survivors saved themselves until rescued by steamers sent from New Orleans to their relief.

Several sugar houses and other buildings along the coast were blown down, and two steamers and several sailing vessels were lost during the storm.

GERMAN PAPER.—A German printing office has been established here by Messrs. Julius Engler, Johann Haisch, and A. Zink. The first number of their paper—*The Fort Wayne Demokrat* will be issued next week, It will be of course democratic in politics, and from the reputation of the editors we feel assured it will do good service in the campaign and be worthy a liberal patronage from our German citizens. They are numerous enough to support a paper of their own, and we trust they will feel it their duty to place the Democrat on a permanent basis, and give the publishers such a recompense as their labors will entitle them to. As this county contains so many German citizens our merchants and business men will find it to their interest to advertise liberally in its columns. The office is in the third story, over Thieme's Clothing Store, on Calhoun Street.

More Evidence—Fremont's Know Nothingism—W. W. Danehower, President of the Illinois State Council of Know Nothings, and formerly publisher of the Chicago Citizen, a Know Nothing paper, stated in a speech at Urbanna, Illinois, on the 14th instant, that "Fremont was as good a Know Nothing as Millard Fillmore, but his coalition with Bishop Hughes, and his inexperience in civil National affairs, were the objections of the American party; that Fillmore was a tried man and could be relied upon."

Here is a statement, direct and positive, from a man whose "word is as good as his bond," and whose means of knowing what he asserts cannot be disputed, that *Fremont is a member of a Know Nothing Lodge.*

JUDGE LOWRY.
It is with pride that we nail the name of our fellow-townsman, Judge Lowry, to the mast-head of our paper, as the democratic candidate for Congress. Judge L. combines to an eminent degree the necessary elements of a popular speaker, and his powers of eloquence, whether on the stump or in the Halls of Congress cannot fail to exert a powerful influence in behalf of the great democratic policy which underlies the temple of Republicanism. True as steel to the great principles of democracy, he will, in Congress, be unflinching as adamant in guarding the Constitution which, under the fostering care of the immortal Jefferson, cemented together this unity of States. That he will be elected, and thus eclipse the star of hypocrisy which for two years has shed its lurid glare over the 10th District, no one doubts. Religion and politics belong not hand in hand. A preacher of the Gospel has enough to do to attend to his ministerial calling, and the people are determined to oust from office the wriggling harlequin who seeks to use the one as a stepping stone to the other. The fat has gone forth and there is no such thing as counter-coursing the current — Lowry *will* be elected, and his majority must and SHALL be large.—*Goshen Democrat.*

Abolition Outrages in Kansas!
ST. LOUIS, Aug. 21.

Leavenworth City, Kansas, Journal of the 17th, contains lengthy accounts of another outbreak in Kansas. Brown, at the head of 300 Free State men, attacked and drove into Missouri a colony of Georgians near Osawattomie; colony unarmed, three houses burned; property all destroyed. On the 21th. Franklin was attacked by 200 men from Lawrence who after dislodging 14 proslavery men by setting fire to their houses and robbing the Postoffice of $70, took 30 U. S. muskets, one piece of artillery from Mr. Ruckley, $425, a gold watch, and $450 worth of clothing from Mr. Crane, between 900 and $12000 of accounts and notes and about $25 worth of clothing &c, from Judge Fane, and a valuable horse. On the 15th, Treadwell's settlemen, Douglass county, numbering 30 men, was attacked by 400 Abolitionists under Brown and Walker, well armed and mounted—Treadwell's party were on foot It is feared most of them have fallen. Treadwell sent to Shannon for aid, who called on the U. S. troops, but they refused to act. Anti-Slavery men driving all pro-slavery men out of Douglass county and destroying property. A fight took place on the 14th, near Osawattomie between 200 Abolitionists and 12 pro-slavery men the latter in the fort, which resulted in killing 11 Abolitionists and wounding 6 others.

On the morning of the sixteeth Lecompton was attacked and taken by 800 of Lane's men. The U. S. troops having Robinson, Brown and other prisoners in charge, surrendered without firing a gun. During the absence of Col Titus, who went to the assistance of Treadwell his house being about a mile from Lecompton, was burned, and Mr. Clowes, Editor of the Southern Advocate, and Mr. Systerre were killed and Andrew Preston was wounded

Large bodies of men organized on the border counties of Missouri for the purpose of entering Kansas. Atchinson made speeches at Independence. Stringfellow was distributing circulars signed by Atchison, Russell, Anderson and Boon, freely on the river towns asking aid to drive the Anti-Slavery men out of Kansas.

It was reported that the purpose of the slavery party was to burn Lawrence on the 20th, for which place large forces had left Lecompton.—Lane's force variously reported from 300 to 800 Bloody work looked for.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 22.

Letters received by the Republican bring dates to the 17th, 18th and 19th, and add very little to information received yesterday from Kansas. Shannon and nearly all the citizens of Lecompton have left town.

Secretary Woodson was taken prisoner and his house was burned. Sheriff Jones was also in the hands of the assailants who threaten to hang him.

The house of General Clark, Indian Agent was burned, himself and family escaped to Leavenworth.

The couriers were riding the river and border counties enlisting forces and raising supplies. Everywhere speedy preparations are being made for war.

A bloody conflict is anticipated.

General Richardson has gone to Fort Leavenworth to ascertain if General Smith acts by the authority of Government. If not, he (Richardson) will call his militia in the field at once.

The steamer Polar Star, down last night, reports six companies of volunteers ready for the field, three of which were cavalry and one artillery.—They were to have left Leavenworth City on the 19th.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 25.

Reliable intelligence from Kansas to the 20th, state that Lecompton has not been attacked yet by Lane's party, although looked for hourly. It is said the Abolitionists number two thousand strong in the Territory, and that they are preparing to fortify Lawrence in case retreat to any particular point may be necessary.

Immediately after the attack on Col. Titus's house, in which skirmish Titus was wounded one man killed, and 19 taken prisoners, Shannon went to the camp of the Abolitionists and exchanged the prisoners, taken at Franklin for those taken at Titus's Houses It is reported that four companies of United States troops are near Lecomton, whose presence it is thought will deter further attacks by Lane's party.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 25.

The steamer David Tatum from Missouri river yesterday, brings information that 400 volunteers from Jackson county, Missouri, went into Kansas, Thursday last; that 200 have been raised in Lafayette County, and a large force is being raised in Clay County. Lane's regiment is said to be fortifying on the Wakarusa.

Robinson Brown and other prisoners are still in custody of the U. S. troops.

One hundred and twenty recruits from Carlisle barracks arrived here yesterday, and were immediately forwarded to Fort Leavenworth, also, seventy from Jefferson barracks.

Gen. Smith has made a requisition for all disposable force at that place.

Orders have been issued to the commanding officers at Fort Riley to have his troops in position.

Iowa Election.—We were called upon yesterday by William Tomlinson, Esq., the able and efficient editor of the Statesman, the Democratic organ at Des Moines, the capital of Iowa. Mr. Tomlinson is doing good service in the Democratic cause, and is quite sanguine that Iowa will vote for Mr. Buchanan. He informs us that the Fusion majority in the State is about four thousand, instead of seven or eight thousand, as they have been claiming. Mr. Hall, Democrat, is defeated for Congress in the First District by about eight hundred, and not fifteen hundred majority, as the lying Black Republican presses insist. Mr. Tomlinson is confident that at least three thousand of the vagabonds whom Jim Lane has been collecting from all parts of the Union to invade Kansas, and who, of course, were not voters in Iowa, voted at the late election. It was by such pipe-laying that the Fusion majorities were obtained. It was not until after they had voted that Lane led his army of fillibusters into Kansas. A Fillmore electoral ticket is in the field in Iowa, and it is Mr. Tomlinson's opinion that it will receive at least eight thousand votes at the Presidential election.—*Cin. Enq.*

New and Dangerous Counterfeit.—The Chicago Democrat has been shown a very dangerous counterfeit. It is a $2 bill on the Belleville Bank, in that State. The general appearance of the bill is precisely similar to that of the genuine; but on close examination the vignette and especially the shading of it, is much coarser then in the genuine bill. When the counterfeit becomes worn it will be almost impossible to tell it from the genuine. The only safe rule we can suggest is for all to examine $2 bills on this bank with great care, and persons unaccustomed to scrutinize money should refuse them altogether.

The Adjournment.—Loss of the Army Appropriation Bill.—The Triumph of Faction, and the Inauguration of Revolution.
The two houses of Congress closed their session yesterday, at 12 o'clock, m. All the important and necessary appropriation bills were passed and approved, except the bill making appropriations for the army for the next year commencing on the 30th of June 1856. That bill was lost in consequence of a disagreement between the two houses in regard to the following proviso:

"*Provided, however*, and it is hereby declared, that no part of the military force of the United States for the support of which appropriations are made by this act shall be employed in aid of the enforcement of any enactment of the body claiming to be the territorial Legislature of Kansas, until such enactments shall have been affirmed and and approved by Congress; but this proviso shall not be so construed as to prevent the President from employing an adequate military force; but it shall be his duty to employ such force to prevent the invasion of said Territory by armed bands of non-residents, or any other body of non-residents acting or claming to act as a posse comitatus of any officer in said Territory in the enforcement of any such enactment, and to protect the persons and property therein, and upon the national highways leading to said Territory, from all unlawful search and siezure; and it shall be his further duty to take efficient measures to compel the return of and withold all arms of the United States distributed in or to said Territory in pursuance of any law of the United States authorizing the distribution of arms to the States and Territories."

On this proviso three committees of conference reported to their respective houses that they could not agree, and each house refused to recede from its position The last report was made by Mr. Toombs yesterday at 10½ o'clock, in which the committee recommended that the action of the Senate in striking out the proviso be insisted upon. After a very animated debate, the Senate by a vote of three to one, concurred in the report, and sent the bill to the House was taken, under the previous question, upon the question whether it would insist upon the proviso. The effect of insisting would have been to raise a fourth committee of conference, and it was with this distinct object that the Senate voted to insist on their amendment and not to adhere. A vote to adhere would *ipso facto* been a defeat of the bill. On the vote in the House on insisting on its proviso the majority was against insisting The next regular vote would have been on receding, and the last vote indicated strongly that a majority would recede, and thus pass the bill.—At that time there was but one half of the session remaining, and, as it was manifest that there was not sufficient time left to go through and secure the bill, a resolution was introduced by Mr. Millison to extend the session for two hours.—This resolution was objected to by the republicans: and a motion to suspend the rules was made, the speaker having decided that it was not a privilege question, and on it the ayes and noes were demanded. The House, however refused to suspend the rules, and the bill was lost as it was then within five minutes of the hour of adjournment. There is scarcely a doubt that, if the session had been prolonged for two hours, the army appropriation would have been passed The time was not prolonged because there were a few more than one-third, and they republicans who determined factiously to exert their power to defeat the bill. This was evidently done under the influence of the leading republicans of the Senate, whose purpose to defeat the bill rather than recede from the proviso had just been openly and boldly avowed in the Senate.

Whilst the vote on suspending the rules in the House was being taken, the Senate rescinded the adjourning resolution, and proposed to the House to extend the session for two hours, (several of the leading republicans voting against it) This resolution reached the House for their concurrence five minutes before 12 o'clock, and was immediately taken up The ayes and noes were again demanded by the republicans, and the call had commenced, when the speaker rose and arrested the voting. At this moment Mr. Millison addressed the Speaker in a loud voice, saying that he rose to a point of order. The Speaker proceeded without heeding him, and declared the House adjourned sine die. Mr. Millison's point of honor would have been that, as the Senate had rescinded the adjourning resolution, and the House was engaged in considering whether it would also rescind, it was not competent for the Speaker to interpose arbitrarily to arrest the progress of the vote. But the defeat of the bill was resolved on; and as a majority of the House had indicated a willingness to pass it, a factious minority of republicans aided by the arbitrary conduct of the Speaker, consumated the revolutionary action which was begun by the original adoption of the proviso.—*Wash Union.*

WASHINGTON CITY—*Thirty-fourth Congress* Aug. 21 —The President's message was received and read as follows:

Fellow Citizens of the Senate and House of Representatives:—In consequence of the failure of Congress at its recent session to make provision for the support of the army, it becomes imperatively incumbent on me to exercise the power which the Constitution confers on the Executive, on this extraordinary occasion, and promptly to convene the two Houses, in order to afford them an opportunity of reconsidering a subject of such vital interest to the peace and welfare of the Union.

The exertion of a partial authority vested by law in the Secretary of War to contract for a supply of clothing and the subsistence of the army, is wholly dependent on the appropriations annually made by Congress to act in this respect before the termination on the fiscal year, had already caused embarrassments which were overcome only in the appropria ions to be made before the close of the present month. If the requsite funds be not speedily provided, the executive will no longer be able to furnish for transportation the equipments and munitions which are essential to the effectiveness of a military force in the field, with no provisions for the pay of the troops.

The contracts of enlistment would be broken, and the army must be in effect disbanded, the consequences of which would be so disastrous as to command all possible effort to avert the calamity. It is not merely that the officers and enlisted men of the army are to be thus deprived of the pay and emoluments to which they are entitled by the standing laws, but that the construction of arms at the public armories, the repair and the construction of ordnance at the arsenals, and the manufacture of clothing and camp equipage must be discontinued, and the persons connected with this branch of the public service thus be deprived suddenly of employment essential to their subsistence; nor is it merely the waste consequent upon the forced abandonment of the seaboard fortifications and of the interior military posts and other establishments, and the enormous expense of recruiting and reorganizing the army and again distributing it over the vast regions which it now occupies.

These are evils which it is true may be repaired hereafter, by taxes imposed upon the country; but other evils are involved which no expenditure, however lavish, could remedy, and in comparison with which local and personal injuries or interests sink into insignificance. A great part of the army is situated on the most remote frontier.

The Opposition in 1852.
In 1852 the opposition to the Democracy, in their National Convention, which nominated General Scott for President, adopted the following resolution:

"The series of acts of the Thirty-first Congress, commonly known as the *Compromise or adjustment*, (*the Act for the recovery of Fugitives from labor included,*) are received and acquiesced in by the Whigs of the United States as a *final settlement in principle and substance, of the subjects to which they relate*, and, so far as these acts are concerned, *We will maintain them and insist on their strict enforcement*, until time and experience shall demonstrate the necessity of further legislation to guard against the evasion of the laws on the one hand and the abuse of their powers on the other—not impairing their present efficiency to carry out the requirements of the Constitution; and we deprecate all further agitation of the questions thus settled as dangerous to our peace, and will discountenance all efforts to continue or renew such agitation, *whenever, or however made*, and we will maintain this settlement *as essential to the Nationality of the Whig party* and the integrity of the Union."

General Scott accepted this platform, and every individual who voted for him also endorsed it. It will be seen that it pledged the Whigs of the United States to stand by and maintain the Compromise of 1850 as a final settlement in *principle*, and substance. Mark the words "in principle." The "principle" of the Compromise measures was that the people of the Territories, such as Utah and New Mexico, should make their own laws on the subject of slavery, without Congressional interference. This is the "principle" of the Nebraska Bill, and is the principle for which the Democracy are contending yet we find such prints as the Gazette, and such Ex-Whigs as it represents, who approved this Whig doctrine in reference to slavery in 1852, now denouncing it as an awful monstrosity, utterly ignoring the fact that it is not yet four years since it had their approval, as well as that of an overwhelming majority of the American people.

Arrival of the Africa.
The steamship Africa, from Liverpool Saturday the 9th inst., arrived at New York on P. M. Aug 20th.

It was rumored in England at the time that the Africa sailed that Hon Robert Lowe, Vice President of the Board of Trade, had left for the United States with special power to settle the Central American question.

The difficulty between the Allies and Russia is about the most important feature in the news. It is alleged that Russia has violated the treaty of Paris by the occupation of the Isle of Serpents at the mouth of the Danube, and the non-delivery of Kars. In consequence of this misunderstanding the English fleet, remaining in the East has again been ordered to the Black Sea.

There is nothing of importance from Spain.—It is rumored that there are dissentions in the O'Donnel Cabinet, but no positive information has been obtained.

From Italy, we learn that the Municipal Council of Ravenna, along with others, have voted addresses to the Pope, praying him to remove the Austrian occupation.

The commercial advices are rather important. The fine harvest weather throughout Great Britain created quite a panic among the holders of grain and flour in London and Liverpool, though we had advices of the heaviest fall of the week by the Baltic.

At the close the tendency was to a steadier market, though without improvement in prices, except on the heavier grades.

Arrival of the North America.
QUEBEC, Aug. 24.

The steamship North America arrived here to-day, bringing dates from Liverpool to the 13 inst., which is four days later than previous accounts by the Africa.

The latest intelligence from the French harvest states that it has terminated in the south of France and is proceeding in the central and northern districts It has proved inferior beyond the Garonne and along the banks of the Rhine; middling between the Garonne and the Louvre, but magnificent in every part north of the Louvre.

The Emperor has returned to Paris, but was to leave again immediately for the baths of Bearitz.

There have been immense arrivals of wheat at Marseilles.

The latest accounts from Madrid simply state that there is nothing new, but report that quiet prevails throughout Spain Espartero has taken amicable leave Queen. General Serrano has been appointed Spanish Minister to Paris. Gen. O'Donnell has not yet promulgated the programme of his Ministry. Distressing accounts are received from Madrid with regard to the ravages of the cholera in that city.

The Russians have notified the Turkish Government that are prepared to give up Kars, but still maintain that the Isle of Serpents belong to them.

It is rumored that Napoleon has sent a supplementary note, to be inserted in a treaty, to settle the point in dispute.

LIVERPOOL, Aug 15.

Flour is without change in price and in moderate demand. Good Ohio, 33a31s; Southern, 36s.

An improvement of 2d. has taken place in Wheat, which, however, is confined chiefly to the better grades. Corn has advanced 6d, but the demand is confined to the wants of the home trade, and the supply on the market is small.

The wether continues favorable for agricultural purposes, and accounts from the grain crops are generally encouraging.

Beef is dull, with declining tendency Pork is dull. Bacon has declined.

Lard is unchanged with a limited business doing Tallow is quoted at 54s.

The Spurious Kansas Memorial.—We are now prepared to supply, in large or small quantities, the interesting debate in the Senate of the United States on the spurious Topeka memorial of James H. Lane, embracing the speeches of Senators Douglas, Pugh, Butler, Toucey, Rusk, and others; the whole making a closely-printed pamphlet of thirty-two pages octavo. This important campaign document will be furnished at the bare cost of the paper and printing. It should have a wide circulation.—*Wash Union*

McMullen and Granger Difficulty.—The New York Mirror's Washington correspondent gives the following version of this affair:

Yesterday morning Messrs McMullen of Virginia, and Granger of New York, while riding to the Capitol in an omnibus, got into a dispute about politics, when McMullen seized and struck Granger in the eye.

The facts appear to be as follows: The parties were riding in an omnibus, when a conversation arose on the army bill proviso. McMullen said the South would stand by the Constitution. Mr Granger replied that if they did not a Republican President would make them.—Whereupon McMullen said he would not be addressed in that way by a younger man. Mr Granger replied, 'I waive my age.' McMullen then seized Granger round the neck, holding down his head, and struck him two blows, drawing blood under the eye and under the ear. They were then seperated by Col Chester, of the Philadelphia Inquirer.

The Desperation of the Fremonters—Bidding for the Know Nothing Vote.—The Courier and Enquirer of Tuesday, devotes an article to the present aspect of the Presidential contest, in which it is practically conceded that Fremont, without the aid of the Fillmore Know Nothing vote, has not the most remote prospect of success. The Fillmore men are urged in the most glowing style to abandon their candidate and vote for John C. Fremont. The paper in the following language goes on to show that the peculiar tenets of Know Nothingism will be cared for by the Fremont party, so far as its influence is concerned:

It will be said however, and it is said already, that the American party must keep up its organization in order to carry out its purposes of a reform in the naturalization laws. Now it so happens that we are older soldier in that cause, than any who lead it. For twenty-four consecutive years, we have labored through the columns of this Press to obtain, not a reform but a total repeal of the Naturalization Laws, without interfering with the vested rights of the religion of any human being: but securing to all foregners from the hour of their landing, *every right and privi'ege* possessed the by the native born citizen, *except only the right of surffrage.* And we have been honest and consistent in advocacy of this doctrine, when the present leaders of Know Nothingism dared not go with us, and when we well knew that because we fearlessly advocated our principles we could not be elected a constable in any Ward in this city. But holding that the Naturalization Laws, wise in their conception and proper for the period in which they were enacted, had fulfilled their mission, and that the great increase in immigration, rendered their repeal necessary, so far as relates to the right of suffrage, we have for twenty-four years advocated their total repeal; and with God's blessing, we shall continue so to do, without ever becoming a party to warfare against men's religion or interfering with their vested rights. *We would make no more citizens of Foreigners to arrive.*

It is becoming more and apparent, day by day, that the Fremont party is equally as proscriptive toward the unnaturalized portion of our foreign-born population as the Fillmore party. In its present desperation, it is willing to join hands with any class of men, and endorse any set of principles or measures. The cry is "give us votes and we will swear allegiance to any creed."—*Buff. Courier.*

Yellow Fever.—There can be no possible doubt that yellow fever is on Long Island, opposite the Quarantine, nor can there be a doubt that it is brought from the Quarantine, and from infected ships at anchor, by the wind, or from infected things drifted from them of the Long Island shore.

It has been stated in some of the papers that the cases of fever, both at the fort and on the Yellow Hook shore, originated on Long Island spontaneously, at New Orleans, and were not in any way communicated from the ships of the Quarantine.

The yellow fever never originates in these latitudes. It never exists far north of the Tropics, except by importation, but if brought to a malarious fever and ague district, it is readily propagated, and itself produces the contagious atmosphere which makes it epidemic.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

No More $8 Per Day.
Both Houses of Congress have passed the bill increasing the compensation of members of Congress to 3,000 per session exclusive of mileage, depriving them of books, and deducting from those absent. The special telegraphic correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune says:

The Senate bill to increase the pay of members, was amended by Mr. Orr, increasing the salary over the Senate bill about $500 each, and after considerable dodging and shifting, passed by a Yea and Nay vote of 100 to 97. As a party vote it stood as follows: Republicans—Yeas, 46; Nays, 50. Democrats—Yeas, 32; Nays, 37. Americans—Yeas, 22; Nays 10.—The bill was this evening referred in the Senate and ordered to to be printed. The tendency of the bill will be to shorten the sessions, facilitate business, and do away with the pernicious practice of pairing, as it provides against paying members during absence, and also compels them to pay from their salary for any books they may vote themselves not printed by Congress.

11 P. M. Friday.—The Senate has just passed the bill for increase of the pay of members as it passed the House, by a vote of 27 to 12. It provides for a salary of $3,000 per annum.

A Black-Republican German Paper Dead in Cincinnati.—The German Republican of this city, a violent Fremont sheet, published in the German language, has ceased its publication, and its editor, according to accounts, has left for parts unknown, to the great chagrin of his creditors. The Republican, before it hoisted, in an evil hour, the Black-Republican-Know-Nothing flag, was doing very well; but that unfortunate step proved the ruin of all concerned with it. The patriotic and intelligent Germans of this city will not sustain a Journal which is faithless to their interests and their manhood, as all Black-Republicans necessarily are, they being hand-in-glove with their worst prosecutors and enemies, who would reduce them to a position in society *below the Negro!*

There are other German Black-Republican prints in this city, which, if they were not *liberally subsidized* by the "Kansas Aid Society" and the Mariposa land [illegible] would die [illegible] even with such assistance it is doubtful whether they will survive until the election.—*Cin Enq.*

The Reason Why They Did It—The National Treasury Swindled!—It is now thought that one of the considerations that induced the Black Republicans in the House of Representatives to defeat the Army Bill was, [illegible] they desired to pocket the *mileage* [illegible] They knew [illegible] an extra session would have to be called, and in that event they would be entitled to [illegible] mileage at the rate of [illegible] twenty miles.—The most of them did not leave Washington, and yet they will charge the National Treasury hundreds of thousands of dollars each for travelling expenses to attend this extra session. Now, this very handsome stealing, [illegible] together with the $2,000 each member [illegible] for the next session, will enable the Representatives to this Congress to make quite a handsome speculation out of their offices. So corrupt and profligate a Congress never convened before in the Capitol City.

The Fremonters and our Naturalized Citizens—The sudden and hypocritical regard of the Fremonters for our naturalized citizens is unmercifully exposed in the subjoined extract from the New Haven Register:

"The Hartford Times says that Gov Dutton, on taking the chair of the know nothing convention, made a few remarks, in which he said that 'the more he reflected the more he became convinced that unless the foreigners among us—the agents and auxiliaries of despotism in Europe—were *met and put down*, we were no longer safe.' (Applause) The speaker continued, saying that the *foreign element* in our population was a 'BRUTAL, *unenlightened*, IGNORANT agency.' This must have been very gratifying to the Fremont *German* Club,' which the Courant claims exists in Hartford. Where is Ole Bull? where is Hoffman? where is Hecker?"

Governor Dutton is one of the most prominent and influential supporters of Fremont in New England.

Fremont a Slaveholder—The Evidence Complete—He Hires them out in St. Louis
The fact that Col. Fremont is, or has until recently been a slaveholder, can no longer be denied. A gentleman who now resides in St Louis, who is well known in Penn Yan, N. Y. writes to a friend in the latter place:

"Within the past year I have had occasion to transact business with, and frequently been at the house of Col Brant, and several of the domestics have been from time to time pointed out to me as the slaves of Col. Fremont, and these are not all either, as he owns many others, hired out in various parts of the city."

The house of Col Brant is the place at which Col Fremont makes his home when in St Louis. The writer of the above paragraph says:

"Col Brant is a particular friend of mine [illegible] I visit his house frequently. He is a man of great wealth, and married as you know a sister of Col. T. H Benton, who also makes his home there since Mr. Benton's decease."

The Providence Post adds to this testimony:

"That Col Fremont did own slaves three months before his nomination, has been proved. That he does NOW OWN SEVENTY-FIVE is positively asserted by the [illegible] Gazette."

Pure and Unadulterated Black Republicanism.—The True American a black-republican organ in Erie county, Pennsylvania, in commenting on a speech delivered at a democratic meeting, says:

"This twaddle about the Union and its preservation is too silly and sickening for any good effect. We think that the liberty of a single slave is worth more than all the Unions God's universe can hold!"

In the above atrocious sentiment we have a beautiful illustration of the preponderating negro worshipping feature of black republicanism. In the opinion of the demagogues, fanatics, and madmen who have nominated Mr. Fremont for the Presidency one negro is of more consequence the safety and perpetuity of our glorious Union

We are desired to announce the name of WILLIAM FLEMING, late Deputy Sheriff, as a candidate before the Democratic Convention for Sheriff of Allen County. pd

Please announce the name of WM D. HENDERSON as a candidate for Sheriff of Allen County.
pd MANY VOTERS.

We are authorized to announce the name of S C FREEMAN as a suitable man for Sheriff of Allen County, subject to the decision of the Dem. Convention.

Mr Editor:—Please announce the name of JACOP C. BOWSER as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Allen County, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention.
pd MANY DEMOCRATS.

The Wayne Township Democratic Club meets every FRIDAY evening at the Club Room. Laselle's Hall, at half past seven o'clock, A general attendance is requested.

The Young-Men's Democratic Club of Wayne Township meets every MONDAY evening at their Club Rooms, at half past seven o'clock. Young democracy is invited to attend.
E. L. CHITTENDEN, Cor. Sec'y.

The German Democratic Club will meet every SATURDAY evening, at half past seven o'clock, at Colerick's Hall. All good democrats are invited to attend.

Good Medicines

It is estimated that Ayer's Cherry Pectorial and Catharic Pills have done more to promote the public health, than any other one cause. There can be no question that the Cherry Pectoral has by its thousand on thousand cures of Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Croup, Influenza, Bronchitis, &c., very much reduced the proportion of deaths from consumptive diseases in this country. The Pills are as good as the Pectoral and will cure more complaints.

Everybody needs more or less purging. Purge the blood from its impurities, Purge the bowels, Liver and the whole visceral system from obstructions.—Purge out the diseases which fasten on the body, to work its decay. But for diseases we should die only of old age. Take antidotes early and thrust it from the system, before it is yet too strong to yield.

Ayer's Pills do thrust out disease, not only while it is weak but when it has taken a strong hold. Read the astounding statements of those who have been cured by them from dreadful Scrofula, Dropsy, Ulcers Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Internal Pains, Bilious Complaints Heartburn, Headache, Gout, and many less dangerous but still threatening ailments, such as pimples on the face, Worms, Nervous Irritability, Loss of appetite, Irregularities, Dizziness in the Head, Colds, Fever, Dysentery, and indeed every variety of complaints for which a Purgative Remedy is required.

There are no random statements, but are authenticated by your own neighbors and your own physicians.

Try them once, and you will never be without them Price 25 cts per Box—5 Boxes for $1 00.

Prepared by Dr. J. C AYER, Chemist, Lowell, Ms. and sold by all respectable Druggists everywhere.

EVERY READER

WILL please notice the advertisement descriptive of Mr. SEARS' PICTORIAL FAMILY BIBLE, and send for the printed catalogue of all our Illustrated Works.

To the uninitiated in the great art of selling Books, we would say that we present a scheme for money which is far better than all the gold mines of California and Australia.

Any person wishing to embark in the enterprise, will risk little by sending to the Publisher $25 for which he will receive sample copies of the various works (at wholesale price) carefully boxed, insured, and directed, affording a very liberal per centage to the Agent for his trouble. With these he will soon be able to ascertain the most saleable and order accordingly. Address (post paid)
ROBERT SEARS, PUBLISHER,
181 William street, New York.

Prof Wood's Hair Restorative!

We invite special attention to the advertisement of this article in another column of our paper. It has now been a little, less then two years before the public, and yet it has become from its intrinsic merit, a standard article upon the shelves of almost all druggists, and the Chester Herald says "It now stands at the head of all remedies of the kind Nor is the result at all surprising when it is remembered the distinguished statesmen, as well as many members of the medical profession, indeed ladies and gentlemen of the highest intelligence in all parts of the country bear testimony that it has and will restore the hair over the head of the bald, remove all dandruff and itching and all diseases of the scalp; and more than all, preserve the hair, if used for toilet purposes, both in color and from falling out to any imaginable age. Reader try it. Call and procure one of the circulars from the agent, and we think you cannot doubt. See also the advertisement.

COMMERCIAL.

Fort Wayne, Saturday, August 30.

Wheat is a little higher this week, and sells at 1 15 to 1 27. Flour, extra, 6.50; superfine, 6 00 Rye flour 4.50.

Corn 40; Buckwheat —, Oats 25; Barley 75; Rye 45; Beans 2 00 a 2 50; Potatoes 50a75; Onions 1 00; Butter 10; Cheese 9; Eggs 8 a 0; Salt 2 25; Bacon 10; Lard 11; Hams10 a 12, Pork5 00 a 5 50; Beef 4 00 a 5 00 5 50; Flaxseed 1 12; Clover 5 50; Timothy Seed 1 75; Apples, green, 37a75; dry, ——; Wool, common, 25 a 28. fine, 34 a 42; white fish, h-bbl 6 00; pickerel 5 00; trout 5 00; lake herring 5 00, Cranberries 3 50 a 4 00.

DIED,—On Saturday morning last, aged 37 years, MR. RICHARD MCMULLEN, Sheriff of Allen County.

NOTICE

THE firm of SHOAFF & HANNA is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The firm owes nothing.—Those owing us will please call at the new firm, and settle with either party, who are authorized to receipt for the accounts they hold.
S. H. SHOAFF.
H. C. HANNA.

Fort Wayne, August 28, 1856.

The business of the old firm will be hereafter conducted by H. C. HANNA, who returns thanks for past favors and will be happy to see his old patrons, and lots of new ones, to whom he will make his best and lowest bow.
H C H

NITRATE of Silver Pure in pencels and cristals; Sulphate of Quinine; Sulphate, Muriate, and Acetate of Morphia; Strychnia, Veratria, Pedophillin, Iodine, Iodide of Iron, Hydriodate of Potassa, Acetate of Iron, Phosphate of Iron, Citrate of Iron, and pure Iron Filings.
For sale by J. U. WINSLOW,
Aug. 30. *At Apothecaries Hall.*

PURE LEMON JUICE. Identical with the expressed juice of Fresh Lemons. For sale at *Apothecaries Hall.*

Shop and Lot for Sale.

THE subscriber offer for sale part of Lot 544 in Hanna's Addition, situated on Harrison street, near Main, 40 feet front and 37 feet deep. There is a good frame building on the lot, 20 by 18 feet, formerly used as a Weaver's shop.

I will be sold low, and a credit of one year given for one third the purchase money.

For particulars, inquire of C. A. Grey, or of the subscriber, living on the corner of Wayne and Harrison streets, opposite the German Methodist Church.
HENRY GEBHARDT.
Aug. 30 p3w9

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by *Public Auction*, at the Court House door in the city of Fort Wayne, in the county of Allen and State of Indiana, between the hours of 10 o'clock A M and 4 o'clock P. M. of the 27th day of September, A. D. 1856, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, of the north west fourth of the south west fourth of section twenty, township twenty-nine, north of range fifteen east, Allen County, containing forty acres. And on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of judgement, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time and place by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale all the right, title, interest and estate of Wm. F. Wilson, of, in, and to the said real estate.

Taken as the property of the said Wilson, at the suit of Samuel Clem.
WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C.
Aug. 28, 1856. ($2 75) 4w9

THE POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE
OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA,
West Penn Square, Philadelphia.

INCORPORATED by the Legislature 1853, and organized on the plan of the Industrial Colleges of Continental Europe, affords a thorough professional education in

Civil engineering, Practical Chimistry, Mechanical Engineering, Architecture and Mining Engineering.

The *Fourth Collegiate Year* will commence on Monday, September 15th, 1856. For Catalogues and further information, address
ALFRED L. KENNEDY, M. D.,
Pres. of Faculty, Polytechnic College, Philad'a. 3w9

The Scientific American.
TWELFTH YEAR!
One Thousand Dollars Cash Prizes!

THE Twelth Annual Volume of this useful publication commences on the 13th day of September next.

The *Scientific American* is an ILLUSTRATED PERIODICAL devoted chiefly to the promulgation of information relating to the various Mechanic and Chemic Arts' Industrial Manufactures, Agriculture, Patents, Inventions Engineering, Millwork, and all interests which the light of Practical Science is calculated to advance.

Reports of the U. S. Patents granted are also published every week, including Official Copies of all the Patent Claims, together with news and information upon thousands of other subjects.

$1,000—IN CASH PRIZES—will be paid on the 1st of January next, for the largest list of subscribers, as follows:—$200 for the 1st, $175 for the 2nd, $150 for the 3d, 125 for the 4th. 100 for the 5th. $75 for the 6th, $50 for the 7th, $40 for the 8th, $30 for the 9th, $25 for the 10th, $20 for the 11th, and $10 for the 12th. For all Clubs of 20 and upwards, the subscription price is only $1 40 Names can be sent from any Post Office until January 1st, 1857.—Here are fine chances to secure cash prizes.

The *Scientific American* is published once a week; every number contains eight large quarto pages, forming annually a complete and splendid volume, illustrated with several hundred original engravings.

TERMS—Single subscriptions, $2 a year, or $1 for six months. Five copies, for six months, $4, for a year, $8 Specimen copies sent GRATIS.

Southern, Western and Canada money, or Post Office Stamps, taken at par for subscriptions.

Letters shoulp be directed (post paid) to
MUNN & CO.,
128 Fulton St., N. York.

Messrs. MUNN & CO, are extensively engaged in procuring patent for new inventions, and will advise inventors, without charge, in regard to the novelty of their improvements.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Allen Co.

NOTICE is hereby given that a general Election is to be held at the usual places of holding elections in the several townships in the county of Allen and State of Indiana, on the *Second Tuesday being the 14th day of October, A D.* 1856, at which will be chosen the officers mentioned in the certificate to me directed and delivered from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, a copy of which is annexed
R McMULLEN, Sh'ff A. C.
Fort Wayne, Aug. 22nd, 1856.
(COPY.)

To the Sheriff of Allen County, Greeting:

I, I D G Nelson, Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, in and for the county of Allen and State of Indiana, do hereby certify that a General Election to be held in said county and State, on the second Tuesday of October next, the following Officers are to be elected, to-wit:

One Governor of the State of Indiana,
" Lieutenant Governor of the same State,
" Secretary of State,
" Auditor of State,
" Treasurer of State,
" Attorney General,
" Clerk of Supreme Court,
" Reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court,
" Superintendent of Public Instruction,
" Representative in Congress for the tenth Congressional District,
" Prosecuting Attorney for the tenth Judicial Circuit,
" Judge of the Court of Common Pleas for the district of Allen and Adams Counties,
" District Attorney for the same district,
" Representative to the Legislature for the county of Allen,
" Treasurer for the county of Allen,
" Sheriff " "
" Coroner " "
" County Surveyor " "
" County Commissioner for the first district,
" Justice of the Peace for Monroe Township,
" " Pleasant "

{ L. S } In testimony whereof I hereunto set my hand and affix the seal of the office this 21 day of August, A D 1856.
I D G NELSON, Clerk.

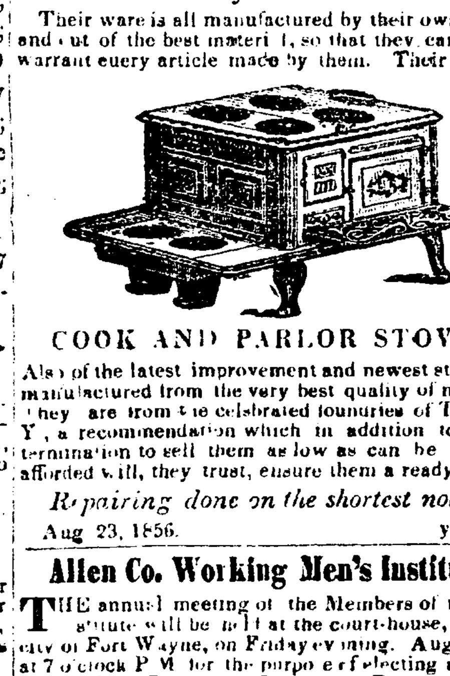
NETTLEHORST & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware,
AND DEALERS IN
Stoves, Hollow Ware, &c.

Shop and Store Room one door north of H B. Reed's Drug Store, Calhoun st, Fort Wayne.

C. & B NETTLEHORST, late of the establisment of W. Oakley, having formed a partnership under the above style and in the above line of business, would most respectfully call the attention of the public to their new relations with the business part of Fort Wayne, and assure all those (and we hope they are many) who want anything in their line, that they are on hand to serve them in any thing

From a Tin Roof down to a Tin Cup.

Their ware is all manufactured by their own hands and out of the best material, so that they can safely warrant every article made by them. Their



COOK AND PARLOR STOVES

Also of the latest improvement and newest style, are manufactured from the very best quality of metal.—They are from the celebrated founderies of Troy, N Y, a recommendation which in addition to a determination to sell them as low as can be possibly afforded will, they trust, ensure them a ready sale.

Repairing done on the shortest notice.

Aug 23, 1856. y—8

Allen Co. Working Men's Institute.

THE annual meeting of the Members of this Institute will be held at the court-house, in the city of Fort Wayne, on Friday evening, Aug. 29th, at 7 o'clock P M for the purpose of electing a President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer, and Librarian for the ensuing year

A general attendance of the members is earnestly requested, Mechanics and working-men generally are invited to be present and become members of the Institute,
JOHN M. MILLER, Sec'y.
Fort Wayne, Aug. 20 1856. 2w8

NEW EMBROIDERIES.

THIS day received a large line of new Embroideries comprising Scotch, Swiss and real French Collars and setts of Collars and Sleeves and Passe work, setts of plain and embroidered Linen Collars and Sleeves for traveling and mourning, 6 wea, and a large assortment of mourning Collars and Sleeves in setts. Also muslin and Jaconet Edging and Inserting, muslin and Cambric Bands and Flouncings, Dimity Bands, Infant's Robes and Waists, Embroidered Skirts, and a great variety of new Tread Edgings, &c. &c. WM. T. ABBOTT.

THE NEXT TERM of the Fort Wayne Academy, Male and Female Departments, will open on Monday, September 15th, 1856. It is important that pupils commence with the term and be regular in attendance.
GEO J. IRVIN, Pres't.
Fort Wayne, Aug. 13th, 1856. 4w7

RAILROAD NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the Tiffin & Fort Wayne Railroad Company in Indiana are requested to meet at the office of the Tiffin and Fort Wayne Railroad Company of Ohio, in the city of Tiffin, in the said last named State, on the 16th day of September, 1856, to elect Directors for the consolidated Company composed of the two Companies above named, and known and styled under said consolidation, as the Tiffin and Fort Wayne Railroad Company.

By order of the Committee,
W. D. SCOTT, Sec'y.
Aug 16, 1856. 5w7

SHOVELS—Ames & Lippencott's Canal and Grain Shovels. R. W TAYLOR,

I HAVE on hand a good assortment of BROCHA SHAWLS single and double, of beautiful patters, which will be sold at reduced price, at No. 87 Columbia street. H. R SCHWEGMAN.

Notice of Insolvency.

In the matter of the estate of Owen Ford, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the July Term of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County and State of Indiana, for the year 1856, the estate of Owen Ford, deceased, was, by said Court, declared insolvent, and the same will be settled accordingly.
MICHAEL HEDEKIN, Adm'r.
Aug. 15, 1856. 3w7

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed administrator, with the will annexed, of Francis Shram, late of Allen County, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are notified to present the same for settlement. Said estate is supposed to be solvent
PETER SORG,
Adm'r with the will annexed.
Aug. 15th, 1856. p3w7

Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that, on the 13th day of September, 1856, I shall proceed to sell at public auction the personal property of Francis Shram, deceased, at its late residence in Marion Township. Said property consisting of Household Furniture, Horses, Cattle, Farming Utensils, &c.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

A credit of nine months will be given on all sums over three dollars, the purchaser giving his note, with approved security, waiving the benefit of valuation and appraisement laws
PETER SORG, Adm'r.
August 16, 1856 p3w7

NEW DRUG STORE,
Apothecarie's Hall, 61 Columbia st., F. Wayne.
Dr. J. U. WINSLOW, Proprietor.

THE subscriber is now opening a LARGE and carefully selected stock of

English, French & German Chemicals,
Drugs, Medicines,
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,

Paint and Varnish Brushes, Glass, Glassware, Patent and Propretary Medicines, Fancy Articles, &c.
ALSO
WINES, BRANDIES, and other LIQUORS,

which were imported expressly for medical purposes, and warranted pure, together with a lot of choice

Family Groceries, &c.

The above Goods were selected personally by the subscriber, and purchased for cash; he, therefore, feels assured that, in *every* respect, they will give complete satisfaction.

Practitioners in the country are especially invited to call and examine the quality and prices before purchasing.

Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

Professional advise given and prescription made without charge.
J. U. WINSLOW, M. D.
Aug. 2, 1856. y5

ENGLISH BREAKFAST and fine Oolong Teas, for sale at 61 Columbia steet.
J U WINSLOW

DENTAL DEPOT.
61 Columbia St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

The subscriber has just received a large stock of ARTIFICIAL TEETH from the celebrated manufacturers Orum and Armstrong, Phil. consisting of Gum teeth, single and entire sets; Plain and Pivot Teeth; Gold and Tin-Foil of superior quality Also, shall be receiving Dental Instruments, Crucibles, &c. J. U WINSLOW,
Aug. 16 h. 61 Columbia street.

HECKER'S FARINA, Pearl Tapioco, Pearl Sago, Pearl Barley, Bermuda Arrow-root—fresh and of the best quality, at 61 Columbia street.
J. U. WINSLOW.

MACABOY SNUFF—a fine quality of Lorillard's rose scented, at J. U WINSLOW.

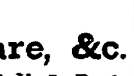
CHLORIDE of Lime and Cobride of Soda, at *Apothecaries Hall*, 61 Columbia st.

HONEY SOAP—A large lot of this popular soap, also an endless variety of Toilet Soaps, at *Apothecaries Hall*

COFFEE—Old G v Java 6lbs for a dollar, at J U WINSLOW'S

MARSH-MALLOW PASTE—Jujube Paste—Lemon, Rose, Banana, Pine-Apple-Liquorice Compound, Wild-Cherry and Iceland Moss Gum Drops for sale at *Apothecaries Hall*

Wayne Engine & Car Works


FORT WAYNE.


THE Subscribers, Proprietors of the above Works, manufacture

STATIONARY ENGINES.
Railroad Cars, Machinery,
Agricultural Impments & Castings,
of every description.

They call special attention to their *Stationary Engines*. Having adopted the latest and best improvements, and using the best material and the greatest care in their manufacture, their Engines are regarded as the most superior in use. They furnish to order

Engines of any required power and size,

for *Flour and Saw Mills, or Machine Shops*

Their Works situate adjoining the Railroad Depots, with immediate connection with the Canal, enable them to deliver work with facility and dispatch.
JONES, BASS, & Co.
March 8 h. 1856.

FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale on liberal terms of payment:

LOTS 11 and 12 in block 24, Ewing's Addition, (my late residence), price $3,000.

A 31 the middle 20 feet (adjoining Mr. F. Nirdlinger's) of lot 540, Hanna's addition. Price $1,000.

82 Acres of Land, 1½ mile from town, adjoining James Embey's farm on the south, and Simon Edsall's farm on the west; 40 acres are well cleared and fenced Price $1,000.

80 Acres of Land near the Piqua Road, 2½ miles from Fort Wayne, 8 acres cleared, the balance well timbered. Price $2,000.

The above property is rapidly rising in value, and presents a rare opportunity for investment to persons desiring property in and near Fort Wayne.

I also offer for sale, in lots to suit buyers, Lots and Out Lots in New Haven, and over 7,000 acres of valuable timbered and farming lands, on and near the Lake Erie, Wabash & St. Louis, and Tiffin & Fort Wayne Railroads, in the eastern part of Allen County.
JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.
Fort Wayne, March 28 1856. tf—39

Land Plaster.

40 TONS superior Land Plaster for sale by the Barrel or Ton, by
Feb 9 2 3½ JOHN BROWN

WHITE FISH, Pickerel, Lake Salmon, Herring &c., in half bbls—a prime article just received
July 14th. M. DRAKE.

NEW SPRING GOODS
At Fashion's Depot, No. 3.

J. & C. ORFF are receiving a large and beautiful assortment of Spring Goods of the neatest and latest styles, to which the attention of the Ladies is particularly called.

CHALLIS, BERAGES, BLACK SILKS, PRINTED JACONETS,
and other Dress Goods.

Embroideries and Dress Trimmings
in great variety.

BONNETS—French Lace, English Straw, Leghorn, and Silk, from 25 cents to $4 00. Bonnet Ribbons and Trimmings.

Together with a full stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
GROCERIES,
Wood & Willow Ware, &c.

All of which will be sold at our usual low rates—still adhering to our one price system, and asking no more for any article than we mean to take
April 12.

CARPETS—Ingrains, English, and Rag—cheapest ever sold in Fort Wayne.
H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

2,000 Gallons STONEWARE, wholesale and retail at manufacturer's prices.
H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

STRAW GOODS—Soft Straw, Florence, and Trimmed Bonnets—neat and nice. Panama, Straw and Palm Leaf Hats. Children Hats, all sorts and sizes. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

JOSEPH W. ROBB. JUDSON MCCOMB.

J. W. ROBB & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants,
39 Columbia street,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

RESPECTFULLY invite the attention of Merchants, Druggists, Grocers, Hotel Keepers, &c, to our large and general assortment of

GROCERIES.
Also, a full stock of
Liquors, Wines, & Segars.

All of which we are prepared to sell at New York Jobbing Prices, with the addition of the Transportation.

N. B. All kinds of Produce and Merchandise sold on Commission.

Consignements solicited and prompt returns guaranteed.
y50 J. W. ROBB & Co.

On hand and arriving for J. W. ROBB & Co.,

25 Hhds. N. O. Sugar,	20 bags Pepper,
15 do P R do	10 do Pimento,
10 Tierces. Cuba do	25 boxes Gro. Pepper,
100 bbls. Crushed do	25 do do Pimento,
30 do Pow'd do	100 do No 1 Herring,
25 do Granulated do	100 do Scaled do
50 do Coffee crush do	50 do Layer Raisins,
50 do Grocer's Syrup,	50 do M R do
30 do Golden do	30 hf do do do
20 do Portland do	25 qr do do do
20 do P R Molasses,	100 matts Cassia,
30 do N O. do	50 bales Cott Wick,
300 bags Rio Coffee,	50 do do twine,
100 do Laguaira do	100 bbls Tar,
50 pockets O G Java do	25 do Tanners' Oil,
70 hf ch'ts Y H Tea,	50 boxes Mustard,
25 do Imperial do	25 do Cream Tartar,
20 do G P do	50 do No. 1 Soap,
25 do Black do	30 do Toilet do
100 catties Imp & Bld. do	10 do Castille do
200 boxes Tobacco lbs. 10s & 5s.	100 do T D Pipes,
	100 do K N do
50 kegs Kv 6 twist	Alum, Madder, Copperas,
200 boxes Star Candles,	Oarome Green, Chrome
100 do Pearl Starch,	Yellow, Extract Logwood,
50 do Pepper Sauce,	Citrons, Figs, British
20 do Tomato Catsup,	Lustre, Nutmegs, Cloves,
10 do No. 1 Chocolate,	&c., &c.

Also, a fine stock of
Foreign and Domestic Liquors and Cigars.
J. W. ROBB & Co.

Wholesale & Retail Liquor Store.
W. P. ANTHONY,
No. 63 Columbia street, Fort Wayne, Ind.,
DEALER IN
Choice Family Groceries,
CONFECTIONERY,
Finest Imported Brandies,
And Foreign and Domestic
WINES AND CHAMPAGNE.

Highest Cash Price paid for HIDES, FURS and PELTRIES y47

Oak Grove Retreat.

THE subscriber has taken the beautiful Grove and premises on the Van Wert road, west of the Lutheran Seminary, half a mile east of Fort Wayne and fitted it up as

Pleasure Grounds:
for the accommodation of the public.

Lemon Beer, Ginger Beer, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

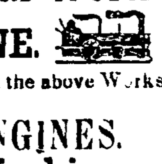
PIC-NIC PARTIES

Will be accommodated with ICE CREAM, and such other refreshments as they may require, and can, if they chose, bring their own provisions, or have them furnished on reasonable terms
JOHN BROOKES.
June 21. 3w51

The Cheap Boot & Shoe Store
No. 2 Phœnix Block, Calhoun Street,
(KNOWN AS JACOBS' SHOE STORE.)

THE subscribers having bought out the stock of Mr. Jacobs, and received in addition a large new supply, offer for sale a general assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES
At very low Prices.



The Stock includes all the newest and most seasonable styles, from the best eastern manufactories.

Additional supplies will be constantly received, so as to keep the assortment complete.

Being practical workmen themselves, they give particular attention to

Home Made & Custom Work

and can warrant their articles to be well and faithfully made, and of the best materials.

Calf and Kip Boots, Stogies, Brogans, and Ladies wear of all kinds,

kept on hand or made to measure.
VORDERMARK & Co.
May 30, 1856 y-48

CARIER & WEHMER,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.,

ARE now opening at the corner of Calhoun and Canal streets, two doors north of H. B. Reed's, on the Canal, and will keep constantly on hand a large stock and each variety of articles in their line, and of the best quality, both foreign and domestic, to which they would call the particular attention of both the city and country trade.

CHEAP PRICES!

Please give us a call.
y35 CARIER & WEHMER.

Who Wants a Home, and Ten Years to pay for it?

I WILL sell all that part of the well known Kercheval Reserve, laying in St Joseph Township, containing 413 acres, in lots to suit purchasers The land is of the best quality, and well timbered with Poplar, Walnut, Oak, Ash, &c. I have a Saw Mill on the adjoining premises, so that all the logs can be put into cash The wood will pay well to haul in Fort Wayne.

TERMS—Those that will go on to improve their land will have two years credit on the entire amount by paying the interest annually in advance. The principal will then be required in eight equal payments at three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine and ten years from time of purchase.

Purchasers can, if they wish, rent portions of my improved farm adjoining, until they get their land cleared.

For particulars inquire of the subscriber, living at the Steam Saw Mill adjoining, four miles east of Fort Wayne, on the north side of the Maumee river
JOHN T. BROWNING
July 25 tf—4

THE largest and best selected stock of CARPETS in this city. Call and see.
Super, 3 ply Carpets,
Tapestry Ingrain,
S S S 2 ply Ingrain,
S. " "
and Stair Carpets,
Also, 4½ 5½ and 6½ Floor Oil Cloths and Floor Matting, at ORFF'S

THE BEST BOOK FOR AGENTS.
To Persons out of Employment.

An Elegant Gift for a Father to present to his Family.

Send for One Copy, and try it among your friends.

WANTED—Agents to circulate *Sear's large type quarto Bible,* For Family use, entitled

THE PEOPLES' PICTORIAL DOMESTIC BIBLE.

This useful Book is destined, if we can form an opinion from the Notices of the press, to have an unprecedented circulation in every section of our wide-spread continent, and to form a distinct era in the sale of our works. It will, no doubt, in a few years become *The Family Bible of the American People.*

The most liberal remuneration will be allowed to all persons who may be pleased to procure subscribers to the above. From 50 to 100 copies may easily be circulated and sold in each of the principal cities and towns of the Union. IT WILL BE SOLD BY SUBSCRIPTION ONLY.

Application should be made at once, as the field will be soon occupied.

Persons wishing to act as Agents, and do a safe business, can send for a Specimen copy.

On receipt of the established price, Six Dollars the *Pictorial Family Bible* with a well bound Subscription Book, will be carefully boxed, and forwarded per express, at our risk and expense, to any central town or village in the United States, excepting those of California, Oregon and Texas.

Register your Letters, and your Money will come safe.

Orders respectfully solicited. For further particulars, address the subscriber (post paid)
ROBERT SEARS,
181 William street, New York.



FAIRBANKS'
CELEBRATED
SCALES.
Fort Wayne, Ind.,
COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co.,
Agents.
189 Broadway, — New York,
FAIRBANKS & Co., Agents.
April 12, 1857 1y41

GINGHAMS, Lawns, Brilliants, and White Goods in great variety. J. & C. ORFF.

DRESS GOODS—Challis, Barages, Lawns, Ginghams, Silks De Laines, &c.—new styles, just received at ORFFS.

READY MADE SHIRTS.

10 DOZEN fine shirts, with real Linen Bosoms and made in the best manner, just opened at ABBOTTS

Also, 20 Dozen Linen Bosoms that we sell for what the linen would cost, at the Boston Dry Goods Store WM T. ABBOTT

MACAULAY'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND—3d and 4th volumes just published. For sale by C L. HILL

PIE FRUITS.—Peaches, Cherries, Strawberris, Raspberries, Pine Apples, &c., in bottles, retaining the flavor of fresh fruit. An excellent article for pies. For sale by
Dec 1st. 1855. SHOAFF & HANNA.

FINE M. R. RAISINS by wholesale half, or 20 Boxes, at S, & H'S.

TWO tons Western Reserve CHEESE at S & H'S

1000 Bags DRY APPLES at a low figure, at S & H'S.

500 Bags DRY PEACHES at a low figure, at S & H'S.

200 Barrels assorted WINTER APPLES at S & H'S.

500 Barrels SALT, coarse and fine, at S. & H'S

50 Barrels Pure CIDER VINEGAR at S, & H S.

LIVERPOOL BUTTER SALT at S. & H'S.

NATURAL PRESERVES in Cans and Bottles, at S & H's.

PIE FRUITS, at S & H's.

MALTBY'S celebrated OYSTERS, at S. & H's.

Sam. Shoaff's Camden FLOUR, at S. & H's.
January 18. 1856.

NAILS—500 kegs assorted, best brands, just received at R. W, TAYLOR'S.

STEEL CAST English and American, Blister, Spring, Shear, Plow and German Steel, at R W TAYLOR

A. T. STEBBINS. H. STEBBINS.

A. T. STEBBINS & CO.
IMPORTERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
CROCKERY,
CHINA, GLASSWARE, LAMPS,
LOOKING GLASSES, CASTORS, &c.
Under Colerick's Hall Fort Wayne, Ind.
Dec. 15 1855 1y24

ONE HOTEL STOVE worth $90, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

HATS—Palm Leaf, Straw, Panama, and the celebrated Senet Hat, just received at ORFF'S

New and Cheap Goods.
J. PIERR,
No. 1 Phœnix Block, Calhoun Street,

HAS received and is now opening his SPRING SUPPLY OF NEW GOODS, consisting of a complete assortment of

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods,
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
Choice Family Groceries,
Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, &c, &c.

In a word, almost every thing the purchaser may need to supply the wants of himself and family.—His Goods are *selected* with special reference to the wants of the Fort Wayne market. In QUALITY, they are not surpassed by any house in the city. In PRICE, they will be sold as Cheap as the Cheapest. His statements are no *Humbug*, and all are invited to call and examine for themselves, and find out he Truth of what he says.
May 1 th, 1856

NEW GOODS
At No. 73 corner of Columbia & Clinton Streets
GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE,
SUCCESSORS TO A. GILFORD,

ARE now receiving their large assortment of Goods, consisting in part of the following articles to which we would respectfully call the attention of the public generally, and the Ladies in particular:

BLACK SILKS, 900 yards, purchased at reduced prices and sold at the same by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

850 Yards Plaid Striped BROCADE and plain Silks of different qualities, at low prices, by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

1000 Yards DE LAINES Berage De Laines and Shally Berages, cheap at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGES.

LAWNS—100 pieces of plain and printed Lawns, from 6 to 26 cts. per yard, by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

CALICOES—500 pieces of Merimack and Calicoes, the best styles, at 10 cts per yard, by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE

BROCHA WHITE CRAPE and Silk SHAWLS at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

BONNETS and Bonnet Ribbons, a large assortment. GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE

GINGHAMS 1200 yards English, French and domestic Ginghams, from 4 to 12 per yard, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

PRINTS—400 pieces Prints from 5 to 10 cts. per yard, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S

PLAIN and Dotted Swiss and Book Muslins, Jaconet and Lawns. GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

EMBROIDERIES—French Collars Sleeve Bands, Flouncing Muslin, Insertion and Edgings, for sale at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

WHITE and colored KID GLOVES; Silk, Gilt, and Cotton Gloves and Hosiery, cheap GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

200 PARASOLS of all qualities at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S

SUMMER GOODS for Men's Wear, and a large assortment of Clothing, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

CROCKERY Looking Glasses and Glassware, a large assortment at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

GROCERIES of all kinds, a good assortment, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE

CLOCKS and Yankee Notions, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S

We would mention that the above articles are but a very small part of our stock, as it is too numerous to mention; and if you will just give us a call, we will sell you goods at such low prices as will astonish you. Don't mistake the place. It is the store owned by Hamilton and Williams, that was once so celebrated for selling goods cheap, and we intend to keep up the reputation of the old stand.

All kinds of PRODUCE and cash taken in exchange for Goods.
GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.
Fort Wayne, May 7, 1856 y45

BONNETS—The largest and most tasty assortment, and cheapest, can be found at ORFF'S.

PARLOR COOKING STOVES.—You will find three kinds of these Stoves at BRANDRIFF'S

A FULL stock of QUEENSWARE, from a common sett of Tea for 25 cents, to a China Tea sett at $20, at ORFF'S.

Doors, Blinds, & Sash.

THE undersigned hereby give notice that they will continue to manufacture at their old stand, a few rods north of the City Mills, and have on hand a large lot of Doors, Blinds, and Sash, which they will sell cheap for cash, all of which they will warrant to be as good as any made elsewhere.

We respectfuly invite a call from those in want of such articles.

Blind Slats got out to order at all times.
FRONFIELD & TODD.
Fort Wayne, June 20, 1856. 6m51

NEW GOODS
At the well known CHEAP No. 84.

C. A. GREY has received his spring supply, and offers, at his usual low prices, a beautiful and serviceable assortment of

DRESS GOODS

De Laines, Ginghams, Calicoes of very superior quality and beautiful styles, &c, &c

SUMMER GOODS

of the very best description: Drillings, Cotonnades, Ripkas, &c; a full assortment, good and cheap.

Muslins, Summer Shawls, Ribbons, Trimmings, &c.

In short, a full and general stock of the best Dry Goods, and for sale at the very lowest prices, as will be seen by examining the goods.

Panama, Leghorn, and Palm Leaf Hats.

Cotton Knitting Yarn, Hosiery, Umbrellas, &c.

Groceries, Queensware & Hardware.

Call at No. 84, and secure good Bargains
May 21, 3m44

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Groceries,
Corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets.
FORT WAYNE, IND.
JONAS W. TOWNLEY. ROBERT W TOWNLEY.

A CARD.

WE take this opportunity of saying to our customers and the public, that we now have in store one of the largest and best assorted stock of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES

ever offered by us in this market.

Our facilities for buying in the Eastern Markets are unsurpassed by any other house in the State—One of our firm, JONAS W. TOWNLEY, devotes his whole time to the purchase of Goods in the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Market, which enables us, instead of purchasing and receiving all our Goods at one time, to have

New Goods arrive almost every day!

We have, this Spring, received over seven hundred packages of goods, and more are on the way.

Our assortment will be found complete in each department, and we invite the attention of *Merchants in town or country. Farmers, Mechanics, and the public* in general, to give us a call, and we assure them our aim will be to give them Goods in our line, at

Wholesale or Retail,

as cheap as they can be afforded in this market.

One Price, and no abatement.
J. W TOWNLEY & Co.
Fort Wayne, April 19th, 1856,

CLOTHING
At Wholesale and Retail.

BOSTIC & BOLMAN have just received their entire stock of

Ready-Made Summer Clothing,

consisting of every article in their line, from a Linen Coat up to the finest of French Broad Cloth. The same in Vests and Pants

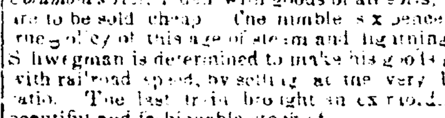
Also the choicest stock of PIECE GOODS ever brought to the West, which they will make to measure on the most reasonable terms for cash, and WARRANT A FIT every time. Their work is made according to the latest Fashions, which they receive every three months.

They also have a general assortment of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

Together with a large lot of Hats, Caps, Trunks, &c No. 93 Columbia st., Fort Wayne.
April 25 1856

Spring Arrangement.—1856
FARMERS' EXPRESS LINE



A DAILY LINE from New York and Philadelphia arrive at the *Farmer's Depot, No 87 Columbia street*, laden with goods of all kinds, which are to be sold cheap One nimble sixpence is the memory of this age of steam and lightning, and Schwegman is determined to make his goods go off with railroad speed, by selling at the very lowest ratio. The last train brought an extraordinarily beautiful and fashionable stock of

SPRING GOODS

Such as Berages Lawns, Brilliants, Ginghams De Laines, Silks, Challis, Robes, and other Dress Goods—of the finest and latest styles. Bonnets in great variety. Ribbons, Artificials, and Trimmings of all sorts

Visettes and Mantillas, Black Silk, Colored do., Lace, &c,—a splendid assortment, will be sold cheap.

Also, a full stock of Staple Goods, Summer Wear in profusion, and every thing else in the line of Dry Goods.

Call and examine. We charge nothing for exhibiting. H R. SCHWEGMAN.
April 19.

WALL PAPER.

C. L HILL is now receiving a large and beautiful assortment of Wall Paper and Bordering of the latest and richest patterns.
June 28, 1856.

BARK! BARK!

WE will pay the following prices for any amount of WHITE, BLACK or BURR OAK BARK delivered either at our Store on *Columbia street*, under the Telegraph office, or at our Tannery on the Feeder Canal:

White Oak, per Cord.......... $3 00
Black " " 4 00
Burr " " 2 00

Fort Wayne, April 19 1856. H. C GREY & Co.

SHOAFF & HANNA,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Family Groceries and Provisions.

COFFEE by the Sack N O Sugar by the Hoggshead or barrel. N O Molasses by the Barrel. Pulverized Sugar by the Barrel Crushed Sugar by the Barrel. Stewart's Golden Syrup by the Barrel, at SHOAFF & HANNA'S

CLAY YORD, RS for sale by S. B BARKER & Co Enquire of
Dec. 7 P. W OAKLEY & SON

New Spring Goods
AT THE
BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE.

25 CASES of New Goods have been opened as above, comprising every thing that is new desirable, unique, and beautiful in Dress Silks Challies, Barage De Laines, Berages, Grenadines, Tissues, Jaconets, Lawns, Brilliants, Berage and Jaconet Robes, Ginghams, Prints, Shawls Mantillas, Bonnets, Fancy Bonnets Ribbons, Parasols, Hosiery Gloves, Trimming, &c. &c.

ALSO—A splendid assortment of White Goods Embroideries, Bleached Muslin, Bleached and Brown Linen, Table Covers, and Napkins All of which are offered at less prices than goods of the same quality can be purchased elsewhere. All are invited to call and examine for themselves at 75 Columbia street. WM T. ABBOTT.

R. W. TAYLOR,
Dealer in Foreign and Domestic
Hardware, Iron, Nails, Glass,
and all kinds of Produce,
123 Columbia Street.
FORT WAYNE, IND.

60 Pieces CARPETS,
10 Pieces OIL CLOTHS,
10 Pieces MATTING,
For sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.
April. 19, 1856.

GLASSWARE.

JUST received, a complete assortment of Glass Dishes of the latest patterns. In connection with this, I have on hand a large assortment of QUEENSWARE, which will be sold cheap at No. 87 Columbia street. H R. SCHWEGMAN.

JOCQUEL & WEBER,
DEALERS IN
STOVES,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Tin, Copper, Brass and Sheet Iron Ware.

At the new Tin Shop, Sign of the big Coffee Pot, Calhoun St., opposite the Auction Room,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Spouting, Troughing, and all kinds of Job Work done to order y37

MAYER HOUSE,
Formerly Palo Alto
H. B. GARTIN Proprietor,
FORT WAYNE, IND.,
Corner of Wayne and Calhoun Streets.

Omnibus to convey passengers to and from the Cars. y2

ROCKHILL HOUSE,
By PHILO RUMSEY,
Corner of Broadway and Main Streets,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
January 20th, 1855. y26

[illegible]DEKIN HOUSE,
[illegible]rr Street, near Columbia,
F[illegible]T WAYNE, IND.

THE undersigned having leased the above well known House for a term of years, respectfully inform the public, that they have refitted and furnished the same anew, and intend it shall not be surpassed by any House in the West.
CALVIN ANDERSON,
JOHN J. KNOX.

Omnibus to convey Passengers to and from the Packets and Cars without charge. y46

HUMPHREY & HURD,
Carpenters and Joiners,

HEREBY give notice to their friends and all whom it may concern, that they manufacture to order at their shop, nearly opposite the Rockhill House *Doors, Blinds Window Sash*, and all other kinds of work usually in their line of business Having the most extensive assortment and the very best of machinery driven by steam of any establishment in this vicinity, they are prepared to execute all orders with dispatch and at the lowest prices. Give us a call.
Fort Wayne, April 11th, 1856 y41

BLINDS AND SASH
CHEAPEST AT HOME.

MAKERS of *Blinds* in Toledo and other places, and their agents here represent their work *cheaper* than any made here. To those in want of such articles, we would say we are prepared to furnish BETTER WORK at prices that will compare *all the time* with any made abroad, and respectfully invite a call. HUMPHREY & HURD
Fort Wayne, April 11th, 1856. y41.

GREAT BARGAINS!!

WE are offering all of our last year Barages, Barage DeLaines and Challies at a great sacrifice being determined to clear out every piece of old goods.

Barage DeLains worth 2s we will sell for 1s. Challies and Barages worth from 3s to 4s we sell for 20 cents do do worth from 50 cts to 5s we sell for 2.

Now is the time to buy as we are disposing of them very rapidly. WM. T. ABBOTT.
April 25th, 1856.

DRAKE & BOURIE'S
EMPORIUM.

WE are now receiving a very choice lot of FAMILY GROCERIES, the most complete and full ever brought to this city, comprising all kinds all kinds of

Salt and Fresh Water Fish,
GROCERIES,
PRESERVES, PICKLES, FRUITS, PROVISIONS, COUNTRY PRODUCE, &C., &C.,

For city and country trade, which for price and quality cannot be beat.

We have arrangements to receive in season all kinds of

Domestic and Foreign Fruits,

And any thing rich, rare and racy.

We aim to keep the *best of every article*, and TELL THE TRUTH to customers in all cases, if we loose a sale thereby, and strictly adhere to

One uniform Price to All.
DRAKE & BOURIE.
Fort Wayne, Nov 15, 1855.

JOHN ORFF S. D. LACEY

EMPIRE MILLS,
AT ST. MARY'S AQUEDUCT,
FORT WAYNE.

THE subscribers having taken the Stone Mills, lately occupied by S. Edsall, are prepared to do a general Milling and Custom Business. Flour delivered in any part of the City free of charge. Orders can be left either at the Mill or at Orff's Store, No. 3

Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Shipstuffs, and Bran constantly on hand.

The highest Market Price paid for good sound Wheat. ORFF & LACEY,
Feb 1. 1856. y—

NEW WINTER GOODS
AT THE
New York Cash Store.

WE are under thanks to this community for their liberal patronage since we commenced business. We are now receiving from NEW YORK a large stock of WINTER GOODS, comprising an assortment of

Domestic and Staple Dry Goods,
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

And Trimmings, Furs in setts, Bonnets and Millinery Goods, Fancy Articles for Holydays Presents, &c.

We have now a full stock of all Goods in our line which will be sold at less price than can be bought elsewhere.
Dec 15 1855. S. C. EVANS & Co

WAYNE
Cabinet and Chair Manufactory.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity that they have recently commenced business, and have taken the extensive and commodious warerooms formerly occupied by Mr B. [illegible], where they offer at wholesale or retail, a large assortment of Goods in their line, consisting of

Cabinetware, Chairs, Mattrasses, &c.

made in the newest styles, by the most experienced workmen, and of the best materials. Their facilities for manufacturing are such as to enable them to sell their articles at a very low rate. Those in want of Household Furniture are invited to call and examine our assortment before they purchase elsewhere. We feel assured that the quality and price of our article will be found worthy of their attention.

We have in operation

Woodworth's Steam Planing Machine,

and are prepared to execute any thing in this line with great dispatch, and at very low rates. Always on hand and for sale, at our Manufactory on the bank of the Canal, a great variety of FLOORING, at reasonable prices. DIGBY & Co.
Dec 15, 1855 1y25

ROBINSON'S
New Brick Store
At the Old Stand in Fort Wayne.

This Wholesale and Retail

Boot & Shoe Manufactory
AND LEATHER STORE

IS the most extensive establishment of the kind in his part of the country.

My Retail Room

is spacious and well fitted, containing setts of Fine White Satin, Boots, French Kid, and Toilet Slippers, to the FANCY GAITER and STOGA BOOT.

Merchants & Shoe Dealers

can be supplied as low as they can buy in Eastern Jobbing Houses, as I purchase direct from the Manufacturers in Eastern Villages where Jobbers buy their stock; and when my own

HOME MADE WORK

is added to the Eastern, a better stock is furnished.

Also; Sole Leather, Upper, Calf Skins, Kip Skins, Linings, Bindings, Lasts, Pegs and Findings.

Cash paid for Hides & Skins
JAMES H ROBINSON,
Fort Wayne, Ind, Dec 26, 1855.

Continued from the First Page.

—making with the amount previously paid, $157.365, or about *one-sixth*, of the whole amount claimed by Fremont and his colleagues in the in the work of depleting the Treasury.

The Board disallowed $157.317 of the amount claimed, and suspended $307,927 *for want of testimony or explanation*

By far the larger portion of these claims were for cattle and horses purporting to have been furnished to Fremont for Government use. For instance:

M. G. Vallego claims the following specific amounts for horses, cattle, arms, &c.:

$25.750
82.625
143.300

Making in all . . . . $250 675.

Julio Carrillo, claims $17.500 for horses.
Cayetano Juarez, $10,520 for the same.
Salvador Vallejo, $53.100 for the same.
Bruno Bernal, $10,750 for cattle and horses.
Victor Castro, $12,912 for horses and cattle.
J. J. Castro, $8,516.
M. J. Sanchez, $9,030.
J. B. Alvarado, $11,605.
J. R. Gonzales, $26.200.
V. P. Gomez, $11,231.

And many other various sums, from $500 up to $20,000, for the same species of property.

Now as Fremont had a very small force under his command in California in 1846–'47, we may well enquire what became of the immense number of horses and cattle which he pretended to have bought for the use of government?

The board of officers who made the report from which the above statement is copied, evidently regarded the greater portion of the claims as fraudulent, inasmuch as they recommended the payment of the claims as fraudulent, inasmuch as they recommended the payment of only $8,129, in addition to the $149.236 already paid—or $157,365 in all—being, *less than one sixth* of the amount claimed by Fremont to be due from the United States Government to those very honest gentlemen and sharpers with whom he associated himself on his arrival in California in 1846.

The average price paid for horses in California in 1846–'47, was $20 apiece—for cattle $8 apiece. At this rate the simplest reader will perceive that an enormous number of and cattle must have been furnished to Fremont, to justify him in presenting the claims referred to in the Report of the Board of Officers from which our extracts are derived. Yet our whole force in California for which these supplies are presumed to be furnished, was extremely small. It was certainly not over 1000 men. What disposition could so small a force make of more than half a million of dollars worth of horses and cattle in one year?

The Real Objects of the Black Republican Convention—John P. Hale, of New Hampshire, a delegate to the Black Republican Convention of June 17th, which nominated Fremont, congratulated the convention upon the spirit of unanimity with which it had done its work. In the course of his remarks he said:

"I believe that this is not so much a convention to change the administration of the government, but to say whether there shall be any government to be administered. You have assembled not to say whether the Union shall be preserved, but, to say whether it shall be a blessing or a scorn and a hissing among the nations"

The utterer of these sentiments is one of the most prominent men in the Black Republican party, and his expressions, therefore may be considered as reflecting fully the views of that organization. The main object of the convention which nominated Fremont, according to this high negro-worshipping authority, was "to say whether there shall be any government to be administered."

Fremont in California.—The following from the Sacremento State Journal, needs no comment:

"The nomination of John C. Fremont by the Black Republicans occasions more amusement than serious reflection in California. The nomination is esteemed a very shabby affair; men gaze up their noses at it, and say 'Pshaw!' He will not receive one of the forty thousand settler votes in the State, and, indeed, we greatly question whether he will be able to carry a single precinct. The people of California know him, and such a prophet is without honor in his own country."

To Destroy Cockroaches.—Mr. Tewsbury, of Nottingham, England, in a letter to the Maux Sun, says:—I forward an easy, clean, and certain method of eradicating these insects from dwelling houses. A few years ago my house was infested with cockroaches (or clocks, as they are called here, and I was reccommended to try cucumber peelings as a remedy. I accordingly immediately before bed time, strewed the floor of those parts of the house most infested with the vermin with the green peel, cut not very thin from the cucumber, and sat up half an hour later than usual to watch the effect.—Before the expiration of that time the floor where the peel lay was completely covered with cockroaches, so much so, that the vegetable could not be seen, so voraciously were they engaged in sucking the poisonous moisture from it. I adopted the same plan the following night, but my visitors were not so numerous—I should think not more than a fourth of the previous night.

"On the third night I did not discover one; but anxious to ascertain whether the house was quite clear of them, I examined the peel after I had laid it down about half an hour and perceived that it was covered with myriads of minute cockroaches about the size of a flea. I therefore allowed the peel to lie till morning, and from that moment I have not seen a cockroach in the house. It is a very old building; and I am certain that the above remedy only requires to be persevred in for three or four nights to completely eradicate the pest. Of course it should be fresh cucumber peel every night."

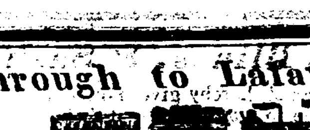
Another infallible way to destroy cockroaches and beetles is to strew the roots of black helebore on the floor at night. Next morning they will be found in vast quantities dead or dying, for they never fail to eat the poisonous plant when they can get at it. Black helebore can be had at any herb shop, and care should be taken while it is used, as it is a deadly poison.—*Western Agriculturalist.*

Water-Proof Clothing.—To those of our readers who desire to furnish their negroes with water-proof clothing, during the cotton-picking season, it will be interesting to know that twenty thousand tunics, now being prepared for the French army, are according to a recent statement of Mr. Payen, a chemist of some note, rendered water-proof by the aid of alum and sugar of lead, without the use of India-rubber or gutta-percha, or any other gums or oils. The process is very simple, and is claimed to render any species of tissue water-proof—Dissolve two pounds and a half of alum in four gallons of water; dissolve, also, in a separate vessel, the same weight of acetate of lead in the same quantity of water.—When both are thoroughly dissolved mix the solutions together, and when the sulfate of lead resulting from this mixture has been precipitated to the bottom of the vessel in the form of powder, pour off the solution, and plunge into it the tissue to be rendered water-proof. Wash and rub it well during a few minutes, and hang it in the air to dry.—*Soil of the South.*

A Tight Place.—During a thunder storm in the town of Berne N. Y, on Tuesday, the electric fluid struck an apple tree, against which a man by the name of Lawrence was leaning. It split the tree from top to bottom making a slit large enough to let Mr L. slip in about a foot, immediately sprang too, and held him as tight as if he had been in a steel trap. Before he could be extricated, a resort to axes and crowbars became necessary. This is probably one of the tightest places Mr L ever got into.

The Boston Post has credit for the last liquid remedy for baldness, as follows: 'Use brandy externally until the hair grows, and then take it eternally to *clench the roots*"

Through to Lafayette!



TOLEDO & ILLINOIS
AND
LAKE ERIE, WABASH & ST. LOUIS R. R.
TWO TRAINS DAILY!

THE MAIL EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Toledo daily, at 11 30 A. M., Fort Wayne at 4 00 PM; arrives at Lafayette at 9 20 P. M. Leaves Lafayette port at 4 30 A M; Fort Wayne at 9 20 A M; arrives at Toledo at 2 00 P M.

Accommodation Train

Leaves Toledo at 11 30 P M; Fort Wayne, 7 15 A M; arrives at Lafayette at 5 50 P. M.
Leaves Lafayette at 2 10 P M; Fort Wayne, 11 30 Arrives at Toledo at 7.30 A M.

Trains connect at Toledo with trains of the Cleveland & Toledo Railroad, for CLEVELAND, DUNKIRK BUFFALO, ALBANY, NEW YORK and BOSTON.

C. & S. R. R.
LEAVE TOLEDO:

Southern Division,		*Northern Division,*	
Express	9 50 A M	Mail	2 20 A.M.
Mail	4 00 P M	Express	4 50 P.M.
Freight	5 15 P.M.	Freight	3 30 P.M.

The Michigan Southern Railroad Company splendid Steamers *Empire State Northern Indiana and Southern Michigan* form a daily line between Toledo and Buffalo, leaving Toledo every morning at 8 o'clock arriving in Buffalo in season for the Express Trains for New York the next morning. There is also a daily line of Steamboats from

TOLEDO TO DETROIT.

Passengers leaving Toledo, via Cleveland and Toledo Railroad at 4 50 P. M, arrive in Buffalo in season for the 5.30 A. M Express Train on N. York Central Railroad, arriving in Albany at 4 P. M., in New York by Hudson River Railroad at 9 20 P. M., and in Boston by Western Railroad at 1 A. M. Or leaving Toledo at same time, arrive in Dunkirk in time for the 5 30 A. M Express Train on N. York & Erie Railroad, arriving in New York at 10.50 P. M.

GEO. H. BURROWS. Sup't.
July 5th, 1856. y5

JUST received by express, a splendid assortment of fine all wool LONG SHAWLS, to be sold lower than ever, at No 87 Columbia street, by H. R. S.

I HAVE on hand 300 pounds of good life Geese FEATHERS, and a first rate article of Bed Tickings to fill them in, for sale at No. 87 Columbia street. H. R. S.

DRIED FRUIT.
150 Bushels Dried Apples,
50 " " Peaches,
For sale at H R SCHWEGMAN'S.

BLACKSMITH, Joiners, Coopers, and Wagon Makers TOOLS, for sale by R. W. TAYLOR.

CHAINS—Cable, Log, Binding, Trace and Halther Chains, at R. W. TAYLOR.

SWEDES IRON—A large stock of nearly all sizes can be found at R W. TAYLOR.

ANVILS, Sledges, Bellows, Vices Stock and Dies, and a general assortment of Blacksmith's Tools, R W TAYLOR.

AXES—Simmons' and Lippencott's, Ohio and Mishawake Pattern, at R. W. TAYLOR.

BROAD AXES of various brands can be had at R. W. TAYLOR.

PLANES—Smoothing, Jack, Joinders, Fore and Match Planes, just received by R. W. TAYLOR.

ADZES—Hunt & Simmon's celebrated Adzes at R. W. TAYLOR

LANTERNS—the best assortment in town can be had at R W. TAYLOR.

SHOT—50 bags assorted numbers, for sale low by R W. TAYLOR.

LEAD PIPE—from 1 to 21 inches, for sale low by R W. TAYLOR.

WINDOW GLASS—several hundred boxes of all sizes and best brands, for sale at a small advance on manufacturer's prices. R. W. TAYLOR.

SASH—Pine an Poplar, a very large stock for sale at manufacturer's prices. R W. TAYLOR

SAWS—Hoes, Patent, Ground, Mill and Circular Saws, together with Rowland's and other brands R. W. TAYLOR.

SEAT SPRINGS—light and heavy, for sale by R. W. TAYLOR.

AXLES and BUGGIES SPRINGS of nearly all sizes can be found at R W TAYLOR'S.

KETTLES—Brass and Porcelaine, at R. W. TAYLOR'S.

LEAD—3 000 lbs, Stamped Bar Lead, just received by R. W. TAYLOR.

IRON—A complete assortment of bar, round and square, oval, half-round, band, high, &c. R. W. TAYLOR.

SPIKES—Wrought and Cut, from 3 to 8 inches Spikes, at R. W. TAYLOR.

WATER LIME The Oswego and Sandusky City Water Lime, for sale by R. W. TAYLOR.

---

100 Sacks RIO COFFEE,
20 chests Tea, various kinds,
150 boxes Glass, assorted sizes,
80 boxes Tobacco, choice brands,
20 bbl. Cut and Dry Tobacco,
40 boxes M R Raisins,
50 quarter boxes do,
20 nos Golden Syrup,
Oranges, Lemons, &c.
100 bundle Wrapping Paper, assorted sizes;
A supply of Cap and Letter Paper.

The above GOODS, together with a general assortment of GROCERIES, are now being received and will be sold to the country trade *Low*.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,
Wholesale Grocers, No. 85 Columbia street,
April 14, 1855 FORT WAYNE.

NEW CARPETINGS,

20 PIECES new style all Wool Carpetings just received at the Boston Dry Goods Store, which gives us the best assortment ever offered in this market, and for sale at eastern prices by
April 25th. WM. T. ABBOTT.

NEW GOODS.
No 79 GRANITE STORE. **OAKLEY & SON,** No. 79 GRANITE STORE,
(SUCCESSORS TO OAKLER & FRENCH,)

WOULD respectfully say to their friends and the public, that they are now receiving their Spring and Summer stock of Goods, which (they flatter themselves) is more complete than ever before offered in this market.

We have a very fine assortment of Table and Pocket
CUTLERY.
A superior stock of all kinds of Culinary ware.—
A large supply of
HOUSE TRIMMINGS,
Locks, Latches, Butts, Screws, and all the little etceteries necessary to Trim a Cabin or Mansion.

We would call the attention of Railroad Contractors to our stock of Shovels, Mattocks, Spades, Crowbars, and many other implements in their line.

A good assortment of Carpenter's, Cooper's Blacksmith's and other tools of the newest styles, and most improved patterns. *Warranted*

We have a large stock of best Cast Steel Hoes (Tuttle's genuine), Scythes, Cradles, and all other implements for farming kept in Hardware Stores.

We wish to assure our friends that our Stock is very large, *well* selected in view of *this market*, and purchased direct of the *manufacturers* or of the *importers*. In all cases we get our goods of *first* hands, thereby saving one *profit*, of which we are willing to give our customers the benefit.

STOVES.



We have received a fine assortment, and our supply will be kept up all summer.

We are prepared to supply Merchants with any quantity of

TIN-WARE

at short notice; and all orders for our goods will be put up with dispatch and correctness, at prices that will be advantageous to the purchasers.

We are prepared to do *all* kinds of Job, or House work in the Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron line. All work warranted.
April 14th, 1855.

Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R.



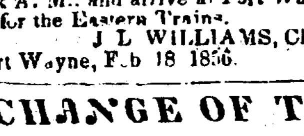
CHANGE OF TIME.

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 31st of March, the accommodation train will leave Fort Wayne every evening, at 6 o'clock (Sundays excepted) after the arrival of the trains from Crestline and Toledo, arriving at Columbia at 7.15.

Returning, the train will leave Columbia at 8 o'clock A. M., and arrive at Fort Wayne at 9.15, in time for the Eastern Trains.

J L WILLIAMS, Chief Engineer.
Fort Wayne, Feb 18 1856. tf—32

CHANGE OF TIME.



OHIO & INDIANA RAILROAD.

Passenger Trains from and after Thursday, 30th inst, will leave Fort Wayne every morning (Sundays excepted.) at 9 20 arriving at Forest on the Cincinnati, Dayton, and Sandusky Railroad at 2 20. when trains pass north and south at 2 30, giving time for dinner, and arriving at Crestline at 4 30 P M, connecting without delay with trains for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Columbus arriving at

Cleveland	at	8 P M
Pittsburg,	"	12 50 A M
Columbus,	"	8 25 P M
Cincinnati,	"	7 30 "

Tickets sold to all the cities and important towns in the east as low as by any other route, at the Ticket Office of the O & I Railroad, at the old Packet Office in Fort Wayne, by

S. S MORSS, *Agent.*

Freight trains leave Fort Wayne every morning at 5 20 A M and arrive at Crestline at 5 P M when Freight trains leave same evening for Cleveland at 8 22, and for Pittsburg at 9 P M.

Stock should leave Fort Wayne on the morning of Tuesday, Thursdays, and Saturdays, to ensure good connections with the other Stock trains.

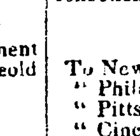
J R. STRAUGHAN, *Sup't.*

FARE.

To New York,	$16 60	To Indianapolis,	$8 00
" Philadelphia,	16 00	" Sandusky City,	
" Pittsburgh,	7 50	" Toledo,	4 00
" Cincinnati,	6 00	" Cleveland,	5 75
" Dayton,	5 00	" Columbus,	5 00

Aug 29, 1855 9

New Livery Stable.



THE firm of Link & Co. being dissolved, the subscriber informs his friends that he continues the Livery Stable, north side of the Canal, west of Story's Foundry, on his own account and keeps for hire a few

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES
of the latest and neatest styles. Also, first-rate
Saddle and Carriage Horses.

His charges will be moderate, and he hopes, by courtesy and attention, to merit a share of public support.

W. H. LINK
Fort Wayne, Dec. 22, 1855 y25

To the Stockholders of the Fort Wayne & Mississippi R.R.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the assessment of 10 per cent. heretofore made on the cash subscriptions to the Fort Wayne & Mississippi Railroad must be paid to the undersigned, on or before the 1st day of March next. A further instalment of 10 per cent. per month is also required to be paid on the 1st of each month succeeding, until the entire subscription is paid up.

A strict compliance is expected, as the payments must and will be rigidly enforced

By order of the Board of Directors.
JOHN COMSTOCK, Treasurer.
Liberty Mills, January 22, 1856. 6m3

Stoves! Stoves!

WE have contracted for $12000 worth of STOVES to be delivered this fall, and manufactured from HANGING ROCK metal, known to all to be the best metal in the world for stoves, made of superior weight, and warranted not to break by fire, bought at low figures, and our customers shall reap the benefit.

COMETS.—We have six sizes of the Comet flat top cooking stoves—the best stove sold in any market; it outstrips all competition wherever introduced I have sold hundreds in this market, and the sale is every day increasing. No family should be without one. We warrant this stove one year, and if the stove is not what we represent it to be, the money will be refunded. For sale at the signe of the Golden Stove, by A. D. BRANDRIFF.
September 22d, 1855

THE CASTLE PARLOR and the Gem are both beautiful Stoves; for sale by BRANDRIFF.

BUCKEYE STATE.—We have five sizes of this Stove, warranted good; also, the Hoosier State takes 30 inches wood, which suits the farmers. This Stove has long been their favorite, is heavy and never breaks. We will warrant it one year. Can be had at BRANDRIFF'S.

OAKLEY & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO OAKLEY & FRENCH,)
MANUFACTURERS OF
Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,
AND DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.
No. 79 COLUMBIA STREET,
FORT WAYNE.

FORT WAYNE
MERCANTILE INSTITUTE.
Phoenix Block cor. Main & Calhoun Sts Ft. Wayne In

THE PRINCIPAL of this Institution, from past experience and success as a Teacher and Practical Book Keeper, has no hesitation in saying that the facilities here afforded to young men for qualifying themselves for the counting room, and various other mercantile pursuits are unsurpassed by any similar institution in the Union.

The course of instruction is thorough and practical, embracing Book-keeping by single and double Entry, and its application to every department of trade, as now practised by the most accomplished and experienced accountants (taught on an entirely new and successful plan, enabling the student to become much more selfreliant, in less time than any other plan,) Commercial law, Mercantile Correspondence, Commercial calculation, Practical and Ornamental Penmanship, &c.

The system of Penmanship adopted in this institution is unrivaled, giving a free and easy use of the hand and pen, thereby enabling the student to effect any style of writing. Young ladies and gentlemen desirous of qualifying themselves for teachers, will save much time and expense by securing this system, taught in no other institution in the West.

The thorough and extensive course of Instruction, combined with the elegance, beauty and convenience of the rooms, the highly qualified teachers, and pleasant and healthy location, renders this the most attractive institution to all who may desire an accomplished commercial education.

Being impressed with the necessity of Ladies acquainting themselves more thoroughly with business transactions, the Principal has fitted up apartments with neatness, elegance and convenience, expressly for them.

The ladies Department is entirely separate from the male, having separate entrances from the street, and will remain permanently conected with the Institution.

Students are taught individually, and not in classes; therefore they can enter at any time, and advance in the ratio of their capacity.

TUITION:

For full Commercial Course, including Practical Penmanship	$25.00
For same with Ornamental Penmanship	35.00

Catalogues sent on application.

C. J. DIETRICH, Prin.
Ft. Wayne, Feb. 16. tf—33

Ironton Premium Cook Stove.

YOU will find six sizes of this excellent Stove of heavy plate, at
Sept. 10. BRANDRIFF'S.

ELEVATED OVEN.—This Stove we get manufactured for this market, out of HANGING ROCK and the enly one made of the kind exclusively of that material in the United States; it has two fire-chambers is a quick baker, and is the best kind of a house warmer. We have a large quantity and can afford them low, considering the great weight and good quality, by BRANDRIFF.

KANSAS PARLORS.—3 sizes of this new and beautiful Parlor Stove, got up this season, and will carry off the palm. For sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

TIN and Japaned Ware.—A complete assortment of the very best quality, and the cheapest in the State. *All mending and jobbing done at* BRANDRIFF'

FLUTED PARLORS—Six sizes of these serviceable Parlors, and very cheap, at BRANDRIFF'S.

United States Mail Line!
Three TIMES



Three TIMES a Week.

Fort Wayne & Goshen Stage.

THE subscriber is now running a Line of Stages, three times a week, from Fort Wayne to Goshen, via Heller's Corners, Geurubusco, Marion, Wolf Lake, Port Mitchell, Albion, Rochester, Ligonier Richville, and Benton.

Leaves Fort Wayne and Goshen every *Monday, Wednesday* and *Friday* mornings at seven o'clock.

Fort Wayne and Liberty Mills.

A HACK will leave Fort Wayne for Liberty Mills, via Bayless' Saw Mill, Land P. O., Moring & Tracy Settlements, every Friday morning, at 7 o'clock, arriving at 6 o'clock P. M. Leaves Liberty Mills for Fort Wayne on Saturday Morning, at 7 o'clock.

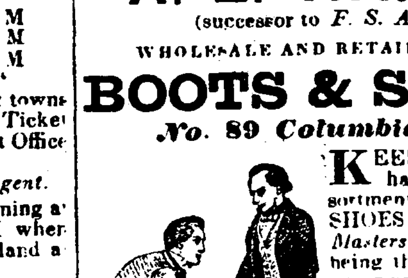
LIVERY STABLE.

In connection with the above, he also keeps a Livery Stable on MAIN STREET, north-east of the State Bank.

Horses and Carriages of all descriptions for hire on reasonable terms.

MATTHIAS GLYNN.
Fort Wayne, July 14th, 1855.

A. L. HANNA,
(successor to *F. S. Aveline,*)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
BOOTS & SHOES,
No. 89 Columbia Street,



KEEPS constantly on hand a complete assortment of BOOTS and SHOES for *Ladies Gents. Masters* and *Misses* wear, being the
LARGEST, CHEAPEST,
and Best Assorted Stock
of any establishment in this vicinity.

Custom Work.

He has made arrangements with PETER KLINE the *Premium Boot Maker* of this County, for the manufacture of

Fine French Calf Boots & Shoes

for Customers only, and is confident that he can give good satisfaction in that line, both as to fit and wear
Fort Wayne, April 11 1855.

Country Merchants & Grocers,

INSTEAD of going to Toledo or Cincinnati to purchase Groceries, you will find it much to your interest to purchase of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS Wholesale Grocers, No. 85, Columbia street, Fort Wayne. By so doing you will save the expense of going further and, in many cases, the entire cost of freight.

Williams & Huestis having made their purchase with direct reference to the country trade, are selling at a very small advance above the Eastern and Cincinnati prices.

Don't forget the place No. 85 Columbia street.

FORT WAYNE
STEAM BOILER WORKS,
N. McLACHLAN & Co.,
Proprietors, Fort Wayne, Ind.

THE above extensive establishment having just gone into operation is prepared to do all kinds of BOILER WORK, such as

High and Low Pressure Boilers,
of all sizes and descriptions,
LARD TANKS, SMOKE STACKS, WATER TANKS, &c., &c.
in a thorough and expeditious manner.

From the twenty years experience of N. McLachlan in the above business, the last three of which were with Messrs Coopers and Clark, Mount Vernon, we feel confident that we can make it the interest of those wishing any thing in our line, to give us a call Old boilers bought and sold on the most favorable terms.

Repairs promptly attended to.
Fort Wayne, May 4th, 1855 y44

Notice.

JUST received by B. W. OAKLEY & SON a splendid assortment of
CHANDELIERS,
Pendants, Hall Lights, Brackets,
&c., &c.

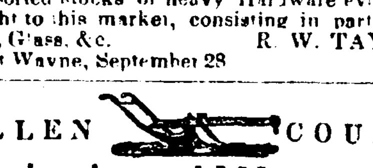
Those wishing to secure a nice article are requested to call and examine our stock.

GAS FITTING
Done in the neatest manner.

We will fit up any house without soiling or damaging in the least. All are invited to examine our work and goods. November 24th, 1855

HARDWARE.

I AM now receiving one of the largest and best assorted stocks of heavy Hardware ever before brought to this market, consisting in part of Iron, Nails, Glass, &c. R. W. TAYLOR.
Fort Wayne, September 28

ALLEN  COUNTY
Agricultural Warehouse
COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.
Agent for Emery & Co.'s Railroad Horse Power, and Improved Premium Separators, and Dealers in Farming Machinery and Implements,

HAVE completed an addition to their forwarding and commission house expressly for

Agricultural Implements,

where may be found all the New Labor saving Mechanics so much needed by our farmers. Any desired article can be ordered if not on hand.
May 1st 1852.

Elegant Confections.

PRESERVED GINGER, Candies, Flag Root Gum Drops, for sale by J. D. WERDEN & Co.

COOK AND BOX STOVES, Potash and Sugar Keettles; Long's No. 4 Plows and Castings of every description for sale by
JONES, BASS & CO.
Fort Wayne, Jan. 18 1855. tf25.

Gas Pipe & Fixture Notice.
REDUCTION IN PRICES!
20 to 22 Cts. per Ft. for Pipes.

WE have received our stock of Gas Pipes of the best makers in the country, warranted for Steam or Gas purposes, and to

Stand the full pressure of the Inspector's Pump.

Our Pipes will be put up with CEMENT (not with lead)—the usual eastern mode of putting up pipes.

Our
FITTINGS
are heavier than usual, and of the best quality. Our work shall be done in the very best order, and we are responsible for all damages that may occur.

Our Fixtures
are from the most celebrated manufactuers in the country, which we offer
At Philadelphia Prices.

Our whole stock has been selected from practical men long engaged in the business. Orders for Gas, Steam and Water Pipes, left with D. W. MAPLES or H. Durrie, will be promptly attended to.

H. DURRIE.
Sept. 1st, 1855.

10,000 GALLONS STONEWARE, at Old Lucky No. 8.

OHIO Box Stove—3 sizes of this Stove, at BRANDRIFF'S.

THREE sizes of Ten Plate Stoves, at BRANDRIFF'S.

10,000 Lbs. of SHEET IRON and Stove Pipe for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

500 Lbs. BRASS KETTLES for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

BEST PREMIUM.—We have 5 sizes of these Stoves; they are truly what their name indicate. For sale nowhere but at BRANDRIFF'S.

NEW CARPETINGS.

THE largest and best selected stock of Woolen Carpets ever opened in Fort Wayne may be found at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 95 Columbia street. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Steam Elevators,
Corner of Pearl street and Maiden Lane,
FORT WAYNE.

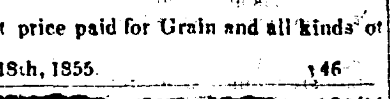
PRATT & Co. having bought the Warehouse and Mill lately occupied by Little & McCulloch, are prepared to do a

Commission & Forwarding Business,

and will promptly attend to all goods and produce entrusted to them.

Superior FLOUR and CORN MEAL constantly on hand.

The highest price paid for Grain and all kinds of produce.
Fort Way 18th, 1855. 146

1855  1855

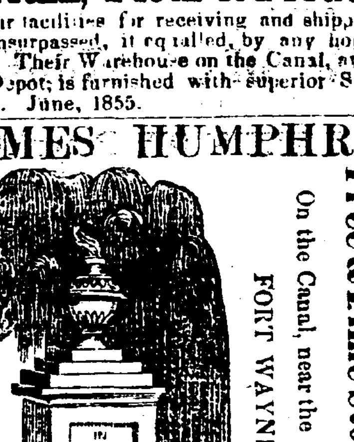
COMPARET, HUBBELL, & Co.,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
Receive and Forward Goods by the Ohio & Indiana Railroad, and Wabash & Erie Canal.

AGENTS for the ECKFORD LINE on the Wabash & Erie Canal, for the sale of E & T. Fairbank's Scales; for the sale of Dupont's Powder; and also, for the Franklin Glass Works. Buyers, receivers and shippers of

Grain, Flour & Produce.

Their facilities for receiving and shipping goods are unsurpassed, if equalled, by any house in the State. Their Warehouse on the Canal, at the Railroad Depot, is furnished with superior Steam Elevators. June, 1855.

JAMES HUMPHREY'S



STEAM MARBLE, Free & Lime Stone Works,
On the Canal, near the Rockhill House,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Carpets! Carpets! Carpets!!

20 PIECES two and three ply Carpets of beautiful colors and patterns
5 pieces Stair Carpets and Ruggs Mattings, plain and figured, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4.
OIL CLOTHS of splendid patterns and width, 4-4, 5-4 6-4 and 8-4, which will be sold cheaper than ever by H. R. SCHWEGMAN.
August 10th, 1855

BARK! BARK!

WE will pay the following prices for BARK delivered on the Canal, or Feeder, or St Joseph River, at a convenient place for loading within fifteen miles of this city.

White Oak Bark, per Cord	$2 00
Black " "	3 00

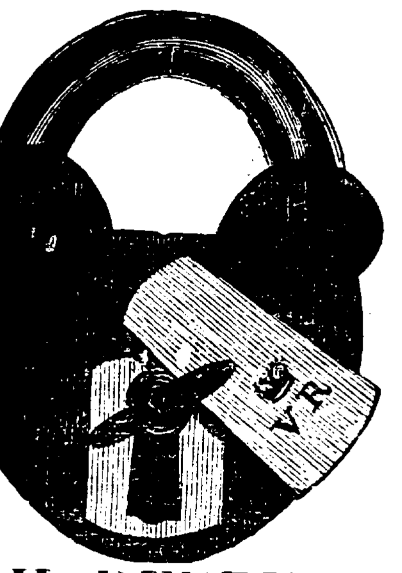
Fort Wayne, March 1st. H. C. GREY & Co.

10000 Hides Wanted

FOR which we will pay 3½ cents pr lb green, and 8 cents pr lb for prime dry flint hides
H. C. GREY & Co.

At the Mammoth Cave
Will be seen a large stock of
DRY GOODS,
Groceries, Hardware, Boots, Shoes Hats & Caps,
And large assortment of
READY MADE CLOTHING,
and any quantity of NOTIONS just received and for sale low for cash by
Oct. 15. y 15 T. STAPLEFORD & Co.

NEW HARDWARE



H. DURRIE,
No 81 Columbia St. (Sign of the Padlock.)

HAVING received his fall supplies, offers the most complete assortment of HARDWARE in all its branches ever offered by any one in this place, of

AMERICAN & FOREIGN BAR IRON,
CAST STEEL, NAILS, GLASS,
Axles Eliptic Springs, Anvils, Bellows, Vices,

and other heavy goods; the assortment will compare with any west of the Lake.

MECHANICS will find an assortment of TOOLS fully up to the times *in shape*, and *warranted quality.*

Building Materials

of all kinds, including Nails, Sash and Glass, of all sizes. DOOR TRIMMINGS of all the most approved patterns now in use.

FARMER'S GOODS.

comprising every kind of Chains, from a Halter to a Log Chain, Shovels, Spades, Scoops, Grubbing Hoes Forks, &c, &c.

Saddlers' Hardware & Gunsmiths' Trimmings,
of a greater variety than is usually found
TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,
Plated and Britannia Castors, Table Forks & Spoons
SOLAR LAMPS,

And a variety of new Fluid Lamps, Britannia Tea Setts Curtain Cornices and Bands, and an assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS of all qualities.
Fort Wayne, Aug 31st, 1853.

I HAVE just received and offers for sale a good assortment of Buggy and seat Springs, at No 123 and 125, Columbia st. R. W. TAYLOR.
Dec 12 1853,

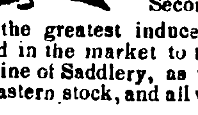
OIL CLOTH CARPETING.

NEW Patterns just received and for sale by
Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

PAPER HANGINGS.

2000 ROLLS of elegant Paper Hangings just arrived in tonw and ready for inspection at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 75 Columbia St.
Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Cheap Saddlery Shop.
WM. BOWEN & SON,
AT THE SIGN OF THE *Golden Saddle,*



93 COLUMBIA ST., Second Story,

AREnow offering the greatest inducements that ever were offered in the market to those wishing any thing in the line of Saddlery, as we use nothing but the best of eastern stock, and all work made in the best manner.

50 setts of heavy Team Harness.
100 Saddles from $7.00 to $40.00.
A fine lot of Ladies' Saddles from $12.00 to $40 00.
Fine Harness for buggy and carriage, silver and brass trimmed, from $15 00 to $50 00.
And in fact every thing in their line of business, at the lowest rates. Nov. 2d. 1855. 1y18

---

500 Lbs. SAD IRON for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

TIN Plate, Copper Bottom, and Wire, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

SEVEN sizes Fluted Boxes Stoves; very cheap and heavy plated, at BRANDRIFF'S.

RUSSIA NAIL ROOD—500 bundles, 25 lbs. each just received at R. W. TAYLOR.

REMOVED.
The subscriber, proprietor of the
Boston Dry Goods Store,

has removed to the CHECKERED STORE No 75 Columbia Street, nearly opposite the Post Office, where he has fitted up rooms in the most elegant style and will continue the

Wholesale & Retail
DRY GOODS BUSINESS.

in all of its branches and on the most favorable terms. Grateful for the liberal patronage he has received from the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, at the old stand, he respectfully solicits a continuation of the same at the new, and flatters himself, by giving his whole attention to the Dry Goods Trade, that he can make it, for the interest of all, to call and examine his goods before purchasing elsewhere.

WM T. ABBOTT.

P. S. Remember the place, *The Checkered Store,* No. 75 Columbia Street, nearly opposite the Post Office.
Fort Wayne, August 10th, 1855.

Summit City Factory,
FORT WAYNE, IND

WE are prepared to Manufacture WOOL ON THE SHARE, and CARD, SPIN, FULL and DRESS CUSTOM CLOTH, promptly and in the best style.

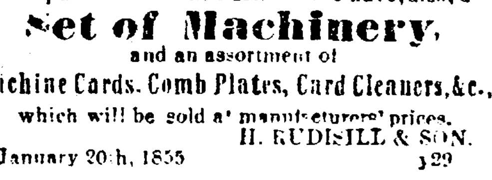
Merchants are invited to examine our Stock of

WOOLEN GOODS,

as we are determined to sell a *Good Article* as low as can be purchased in the East. We have, also, a

Set of Machinery,
and an assortment of
Machine Cards, Comb Plates, Card Cleaners, &c.,
which will be sold at manufacturers' prices.

H. RUDISILL & SON.
January 20th, 1855 129

1850.  1850.

J. E. HILL. A. M. ORBISON

HILL & ORBISON,
(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)
Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS
FORT WAYNE, IA.

Liberal advances made on Produce

REFERENCES:

E. Haskell & Co.,	*Toledo.*	Ayres & Tunis,	*New York*
Smith Robinson & Co.	"	Kent, Poag & Co.	"
Collins, Brown & Co.	"	Kimberley, [illegible] & Co.	*Inf*
Peckham & Scott.	"	C. McKennell & Co.	*Cincin*
Field & King.	"	John Barch,	*La*
Kirk & Lawton,	*Piqua, Ohio.*	H. S. Mayo,	*Troy.*

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

Indiana Six Hole Premium Cook Stove.

YOU will find two sizes of this stove, of heavy plate, and a good baker of beautiful design, at the sign of the Golden Stove.

THE IOWA—This is a new Stove, just out, and is destined to meet with rapid sales in this city: it is everything that is nice and good. The sight of it is sufficient. We have the exclusive sale of it; the price is low. Call at BRANDRIFF'S.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!!

DOUBLE and Square Broche, do do Bay State, Waterloo, Northampton and Reecedale of every description and price.

Also Gentlemen's HEAVY SHAWLS, new patterns, which are offered at very low prices at the Boston Dry Goods Store, by
Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Drake's City Express.

WILL deliver all Goods bought at the Emporium to any part of the City FREE OF CHARGE.

WASH. M'LEAN. P. L. WEAVER.

WASH. M'LEAN, & Co.,
Boiler Makers,
And Dealers in Second Hand Boilers and Engines,
Congress Street, one door East of Ludlow,
CINCINNATI, Ohio.

Constantly on hand an assortment of new and second-hand Boilers, which they will sell low or exchange for old ones. y—24

Harness Makers.

A SUPERIOR article of HARNESS BRIDLE, & COLLAR LEATHER, of our own manufacture for sale by H. C. GREY & Co

---

1853 **FORT WAYNE** 1853
STEAM IRON WORKS.

JACOB C BOWSER JOSEPH STORY.

BOWSER & STORY,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,
Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Shops and Warehouses,
Railroad Cars, Car Wheels,
SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING,
Thrashing Machines, Stove, Potash, & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shears, &c.,

and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, all on the most improved style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our

SHORT STROKE ENGINES

and machinery for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical, and easily managed of any built in this city, the saw dust and slabs supplying abundant fuel.

Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address us by letter) as we are bound not to be beat in style and prices by any establisment in the country.

REPAIRS done with neatness and despatch.
Cash paid for old Castings and Brass.
Fort Wayne, October 20, 1853. y16

HUGH B. REED.
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,
Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Dye Stuffs, Glassware Window Glass, Putty, Paint and Varnish Brushes, Perfumery, Soap, and Fancy Articles, Surgical Instruments, Tobacco, Cigars and snuffs, Patent Medicines, Pure Wines and Brandies,

IS now receiving direct from the eastern cities, his Fall Stock, to which he invites the attention of dealers. Customers and physicians will always find at his establishment

Fresh & Unadulterated Medicines,

which he has selected with great personal care for this market.

His stock will be found as extensive as any other in the state, and his prices will compare with any other house in the west. Call and examine.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 9 1852 H B. R.

HENRY WILLIAMS A C HUESTIS.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
No. 85 Columbia street, Fort Wayne,
Constantly keep on hand
Groceries of all Kinds,

Such as Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Raisins, Spices, Tobacco, Soap, Candles, Buggy and Door Mats, Tubs, Buckets, Wash Boards,

AXES, NAILS, GLASS,

Sash, Stone and Earthenware, Glassware, Flour, Cheese, Cotton Batting, Cotton Yarn, Dyestuffs, Hatchets, Showels, Lead, Powder, Gun Caps, Forks, Well and Halter Ropes, Wrapping Paper, Wrapping Twine, Candle Wicking, &c., &c!

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Will save money by purchasing their Groceries of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS, as they sell at a very small advance above Eastern and Cincinnati market.

FARMERS

will at all times receive the highest cash price for all kinds of produce.
Fort Wayne, January 6th, 1853

German Books.

FOR Sale at the Farmer's Depot, Bibles, Testaments, Hymn Book, Stark's Prayer Book, School Books, Kolrauscq's History of the German Nation; Luther's Works, Erlanger's edition, 51 volumes, price $20; Wittenberger's edition, $15, Leipsic edition, $26.—Hirshberger Bible, late edition, $4; Brockhaus' Conversations Lexicon, late edition, 15 volumes.—And a great variety of Literary and Theological Works.

These books are all fine editions, and imported direct from Germany. I have made such arrangements that I can procure any German Book desired, at the shortest notice
April 28

No. 95 Columbia Street.



No. 95 Columbia Street.

WALL & MEYER
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYESTUFFS,
Patent Medicines, Surgical Instruments, Glassware, Window Glass, Brushes, of all kinds;
Pure Wines & Brandies
Perfumery, Soaps, and Fancy Articles,

ARE constantly receiving fresh supplies of all articles in their line direct from New York and Boston.

Country Merchants and Physicians are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock. All Drug and Medicines will be warranted pure and unadulterated, having been selected with care from some of the best Eastern Houses.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 6th, 1853.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
Iron, Nails and Glass.
First arrival of the season at the
GRANITE STORE

50 TONS IRON, which makes our assortment unusually large,
150 Kegs NAILS of all sizes, of the best brands.
100 boxes GLASS, all sizes.

HOES AND FORKS.
150 Dozen Genuine Tuttle Steel Hoes
50 " Ames and other SHOVELS
A large assortment of general Hardware is expected daily.

OAKLEY & SON'S is the place for country Merchants to assort up their Stocks, and no mistake.
April 14, 1855

Piano Stools.

JUST received at HILL'S Piano Forte Warerooms another large lot of Piano Stools of all descriptions which will be sold as low as can be bought in New York. 2

Every Family should use the

EXCELSIOR STARCH POLISH for giving a splendid polish to the Linen and Cotton Goods.

DURKEE'S CELEBRATED BAKING POWDERS, an efficient substitute for yeast in Baking.

The approved Flavouring EXTRACTS of Vanilla Lemons, Celery, &c., &c., for Ice Creams, Geleea Custards, &c. For sale by
J. D. WERDEN & Co.,
May 26th Calhoun Street.

J. D. WERDEN & Co.,
City Drug Store,
CALHOUN STREET, FORT WAYNE, IND.,

HAVE just received a large and beautifully selected stock of

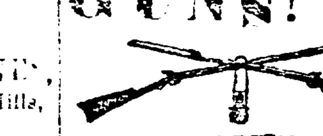
LUBIN'S
MUCH ADMIRED FRENCH EXTRACTS.

for the Handkerchief and Toilet, surpassing all other for elegance and durability of perfume.

Jules Haule's and Roussel's
Esteemed Preparations for the Hair and Toilet.
French and American CARICATURES and FANCY TOILET, and SHAVING SOAPS in endless variety.
An extensive assortment of
HAIR BRUSHES
of a quality to suit the most fastidious.
Tooth, Nail, and Clothes Brushes.
The celebrated
INDIAN RUBBER DRESSING COMBS,
Under the Patent of Goodyear & Co.
BUFFALO AND ENGLISH HORN COMBS, &c., &c., &c.
Choice Cigars. 47

UNION Box Stove—3 sizes new pattern, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

GUNS! GUNS!



South side of **Columbia St.,** *three doors east of Clinton.*

SMITH & CO.,
Rifle and Pistol Manufacturers,

DEALERS in double and single barrel Shot Guns, Revolvers and other Pistols, Powder, Shot, and Caps Guns neatly repaired.

GUNSMITHS furnished with materials a *Low Prices*

Store on south side Columbia street, three doors east of Clinton.

Increased Twist Target Rifles made to order and warranted to perform according to the annexed scale:

At 100 yards, an average of		1 inch each shot.	
200	"	" 2½	"
300	"	" 5	"
400	"	" 8	"

Aug. 27 SMITH & Co. y—8

TUBS, Buckets, Wood Bowls, Trays, Sugar Boxes Flour Buckets, Lard Kegs, Churns, Brooms Bird Cages, Cloth Baskets and Willow Waggons ORFF'S.

F. F. F! BALTIMORE OYSTERS, in cans—fine, fat, and fresh—daily received at the Old Emporium.
DRAKE & BOURIE,

Saleratus! Saleratus!!

PURE Saleratus of the best Brands, in bbls. and half barrels, or in any quantity to suit the trade, can be had at all times, at the lowest market price, of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.
April 14. No. 85 Columbia St., Fort Wayne.

J. & C. ORFF,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware Glasware, Cutlery, &c., &c.,
No. 3 Phoenix Block, Columbia st.,
FORT WAYNE.

H. R. SCHWEGMAN,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Groceries,
Hardware & Queensware,
No. 87 Columbia Street,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,

H. C. GREY & CO.

HAVING their **TANNERY** completed and in full operation, are now receiving at their store, corner of Columbia and Clinton streets, under the Telegraph office, a full assortment of

Eastern and Imported Leather
FINDINGS, SHOE THREADS, &c.,

which they offer for sale at reasonable prices.

As they give their exclusive attention to the leather and finding business, they hope to be able to give complete satisfaction. Country orders promptly filled. All articles ordered may be returned at our expense if not satisfactory.

HIDES wanted at the Highest Market Price
Sept, 10, 1853. y10pd

JOHN BROWN,
DEALER IN
STONE AND LIME,
New York and Louisville Cement, and Plaster of Paris.

The above articles kept constantly on hand at his new stone Building, north of the canal, near the City Mills. y13

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

VOL. 17—No 9 FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 30, 1856. WHOLE No 1212.

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—*Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Kiser.*

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten lines for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING,

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms.

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York,

Trinity building, 111 Broadway.
Net accumulating Cash Funds, July 31st, 1853.
$2,193,809.

Charter Oak Life Insurance Co.,
HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
Capital and Surplus, over $300,000.

THE undersigned, Agent for the above two most successful and responsible Life Insurance Companies in the United States, is prepared to receive applications for Life Insurance.

Pamphlets containing rates of premium, and information on the subject of Life Insurance may be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

"It is no more than the moral man to provide the daily bread for his family, while he lives, than it is to provide against their being left penniless in the event of his death."

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, Sept. 12th, 1853. y10

Insurance Agency.

The subscriber having received the Agency of the

Ætna Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

Is prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms. This Company has a Capital Stock of

$300,000.

All paid and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 30, 1851. y17.

GIRARD
Fire & Marine Insurance Co.,
OF PHILADELPHIA,
CAPITAL HALF A MILLION.

One of the most reliable Companies in the Union.

THE undersigned is now prepared to issue policies for this Company, at moderate rates. This is the only Agency in the West.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, Ind.

He also Agent for the *New England Live Stock Insurance Co.*
December 15, 1854. 24

General Insurance Agency,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Ætna Fire & Mar Insurance Co.,
Hartford, Connecticut.—Capital $500,000.
MERCHANTS FIRE & MARINE INS. Co
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.—Capital $100,000.
STAR FIRE & MARINE INS. Co.
Ogdensburgh, N.Y.—Capital $150,000.

The above Companies have all their capital paid in, and have complied with all the conditions of the late Act of the Legislature relating to Foreign Insurance Companies, thus affording ample guarantees to the insured.

HOUGH & JONES, *Agents.*
May 15th, 1855. 148

CHAS. F. H. FORBES,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor,

HAVING been appointed by W. A. Jackson, County Surveyor of Allen Co., as his Deputy, hereby gives notice that he may be found at his office, over the City Auction Rooms, Calhoun street, Fort Wayne, ready to attend to any surveying, and from his experience in the business, will not fail to give entire satisfaction. tf—30

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

HOUGH & JONES, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, will attend to all legal business entrusted to their care, and will give special attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.
Office—Calhoun street.

L. M. NINDE, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
Office—Corner of Calhoun and Pearl streets, under the Sentinel Office.

WM. W. CARSON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
Office—On Calhoun street, one door south of P. Kiser's (second story)

F. P. RANDALL, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery.
Office—Clinton street, two doors south of H. Grier's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, will attend to the Collection, Adjustment or Securing of Debts, the payment of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination of titles in any part of Indiana.
Office—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, under the Sentinel office.

M. J. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,

WILL attend promptly to the collection of Claims, payment of taxes, redemption of lands, &c. in this State and north western Ohio.

Refers to Hon. S. P. CHASE, Cincinnati, Ohio.
RICHARD STONE, Esq., "
RUBEN WOOD, Esq., Cleveland, O.
Geo. S. ROSS, "
Hon. WM. TWEED, New York.
McPHERON & BAKER, "
ROBT. STILES & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
ROBT. McKELLY, Esq., Fort Wayne, Ind.

W. A. SMITH. W. W. STEEVENS.

SMITH & STEEVENS,
Attorneys at Law,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Collections made with fidelity and dispatch, and the proceeds promptly paid over.
Sale or purchase of Real Estate negotiated
☞OFFICE—Over City Auction Store. 36

MEDICAL NOTICES.

Dr. Rogers.
Office—Corner of Calhoun and Main street, at Wagoner's Drug Store.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 19, 1853. pl—nd21

Dr. Woodworth.
Office—Corner of Calhoun and Main street, over Evan's Store.
Fort Wayne, Feb. 23th, 1854 34

Dr. C. S. Smith.
Office on Calhoun street, over Hill's Book Store.
Fort Wayne, July 7th. y—1

HOMŒOPATHY.

P. M. LEONARD, M. D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. He may be found at the office of Dr. Brooks, on Calhoun street, in building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged.

DAGUERREOTYPE, AMBROTYPE, And PHOTOGRAPHIC Rooms.



A. McDONALD returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country for their liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon him; and would respectfully invite their attention to a new style of pictures beautifully gotten up on Glass, and also on paper, which he is prepared to execute equal to anything of the kind now in the United States. These Pictures are peculiarly life-like and true to nature. The Ambrotype being the latest improvement, far excels the Daguerreotypes with the accuracy of delineation.

Rooms No. 2 Phenix Block, Calhoun street, FORT WAYNE.
y—38

PRINTS—17 cases, new styles—by the yard or piece, at No. 3. J & G ORFFS.

THE PHILOTOKEN,
Or Female's Friend.

IS a vegetable remedy, first brought to the notice of a physician by the success that attended an old Indian midwife in relieving and curing all those COMPLAINTS PECULIAR TO FEMALES. It has been abundantly tested by the most intelligent matrons and physicians with invariable success. It tranquilizes the nervous system at once, relieves the severest case of painful irregularities, and, by assisting Nature to resume her regular functions, restores to Health and Comfort all who come under its influence. It removes real as well as imaginary ills, to which so many females are liable, and restores the hue of the rose to the faded and sallow cheek. From the nature of the subject, the merits of the "*Philotoken*" cannot be fully set forth in an advertisement. A pamphlet, with full particulars, accompanies each bottle. Price $1 a bottle. Sold at wholesale by Haviland, Harral and Risley, Wholesale Druggists, 39 Warren street, New York; Burr, Foster & Co., No. 1 Cornhill, Boston; S. S. Hance, Baltimore, and by Druggists generally.

Risley's Compound Extract of BUCHU.

(Prepared according to a French formula, and approved by the Faculty of several of the most respectable medical colleges of this country.)

IS commended to the notice of Physicians as a *Standard Specific Remedy* for the cure of all those complaints of the Urinary Organs, consequent upon irritation and ulceration of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urethra. Combining, as it does, the most efficient remedies known, it presents unusual claims to the attention of all who may be suffering from Pain and Weakness of the Loins, Diabetes, Strangury, Gravel, Gleet, Leuchorrhœa, &c., and only needs a trial to prove its efficacy. Price $1 a bottle. Sold wholesale by Haviland, Harral & Risley, wholesale Druggists, 39 Warren st., New York, S. S. Hance, Baltimore, Burr, Foster & Co., No. 1 Cornhill, Boston, and by Druggists generally.

ROBERTS' COLIC MIXTURE,

FOR INFANTS is the only remedy that should be used for Crying, Cross and Fretful Babies.—It gives instant relief to Colic, regulates the bowels, preventing both constipation and looseness; producing quiet and refreshing slumber, and never fails to transform them into *fat and hearty, laughing cherubs.* It is also an efficient carminative for bowel affections generally.

Price 25 cents a bottle. Sold at wholesale by Haviland, Harral and Risley, wholesale Druggists, 39 Warren st., New York; Burr, Foster & Co., No. 1 Cornhill, Boston; S. S. Hance, Baltimore, and by Druggists generally. 3:n48

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

Moffat's Life Pills AND PHENIX BITTERS,
FREE FROM ALL MINERAL POISONS.

THE great popularity which *Moffat's Life Pills* and *Phenix Bitters* have attained, in consequence of the extraordinary cures effected by their use renders it unnecessary for the proprietor to enter into a particular analysis of their medicinal virtues or properties. Having been more than twenty years before the public, and having the united testimony of more than *Three Millions* of persons who have been restored to the enjoyment of perfect health by them, it is believed that their reputation as the best vegetable medicine now before the public, admits of no dispute. In almost every city and village in the United States there are many who are ready to testify to their efficacy in removing disease, and giving to the whole system renewed vigor and health.

In cases of SCROFULA, ULCERS, SCURVY or ERUPTIONS of the skin, the operation of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing in a few days every vestige of these loathsome diseases, by their purifying effects on the blood. FEVER and AGUE, DYSPEPSIA, DROPSY, PILES, and in short most all diseases, soon yield to their curative properties. No family should be without them, as by their timely use much suffering and expense may be saved.

Prepared by WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, M. D., New York.

And for sale by WALL & MEYER. y17

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.

WE call the attention of all, old and young, to this wonderful preparation, which turns back to its original color gray hair; covers the head of the bald with a luxuriant growth, removes the dandruff, itching, and all cutaneous eruptions, causes a continual flow of the natural fluids, and hence, is used as a regular dressing to the hair, will preserve its color and keep it from falling to extreme old age, in all its natural beauty. We call then upon the bald, the gray, or diseased scalp to use it; and surely the young will not, as they value the flowing locks, or the witching curl, ever be without it. Its praise is upon the tongue of thousands.

CARLYLE, Ill., June 21, 1853.

I have used Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, and have admired its wonderful effect. My hair was becoming, as I thought, prematurely gray, but by the use of his Restorative it has resumed its original color, and I have no doubt, permanently so.

SYDNEY BREESE,
Ex-Senator United States.

VINCENNES, Ia., June 15, 1853.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: As you are about to manufacture extensively and send your recently discovered Hair Restorative, I will state, for whomsoever it may concern, that I have used it, and known others to use it; that I have for several years been in the habit of using other Hair Restoratives and that I find yours vastly superior to any other I know. It entirely cleansed the head from dandruff, and with one month's proper use will restore any person's hair to the original youthful color and texture, giving it a healthy soft and glossy appearance, and all this without discoloring the hands that apply it, or the dress upon which it drops. I would therefore recommend its use to every one desirous of having a fine color and texture to hair.

Respectfully yours, WILSON KING.

The undersigned, Rev. J. K. Bragg, is a Minister in regular standing, and Pastor of the Orthodox Church at Brookfield, Mass. He is a gentleman of considerable influence and universally beloved. WM. DYER.

BROOKFIELD, Jan. 12, 1853.

PROF. WOOD—Dear Sir: having made trial of your Hair Restorative, it gives me pleasure to say, that its effect has been excellent in removing inflammation, dandruff, and a constant tendency to itching, with which I have been troubled from childhood, and has also restored my hair, which was becoming gray, to its original color. I have used no other article with anything like the same pleasure and profit.

J. K. BRAGG.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.

Is, no doubt, the Most Wonderful discovery of this age of progress. The following is from a distinguished member of the medical profession:

ST. PAUL, January 1, 1855.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir:—Unsolicited, I send you this certificate. After being nearly bald for a long time, and having tried all the hair restoratives extant, and having no faith in any, I was induced, on hearing of yours, to give it a trial. I placed myself in the hands of a barber, and had my head well rubbed with a good, stiff brush, and the Restorative then applied and well rubbed in, till the scalp was all a glow. This I repeated every morning, and in three weeks the young hair appeared, and grew rapidly from August last up to the present time, and is now thick, black and strong—soft and pleasant to the touch, whereas before it was harsh and wiry, what little there was of it, and that little there was disappearing rapidly. I still use your Restorative about twice a week, and shall soon have a good and perfect crop of hair. Now, I have read of these things—and who has not?—but have never seen hitherto, any case in which any person's hair was really benefited by any of the hair tonics, &c., of the day, and it is really to me pleasant to record the result of my experience. I have recommended your preparation to others, and it already has a large and general sale throughout the Territory. The people here saw its effects and have confidence in it. All who have used it here will coincide with me in what I have written. The supply you sent us, as the wholesale agents for the Territory is already exhausted, and daily inquiries are made for it. You deserve credit for your discovery. I for one return you thanks for the benefit it has done me, for I certainly had despaired long ago of ever effecting any such result. I congratulate you that your fortune (and a large one) is already made.

Yours, hastily, J. W. BOND,
Firm of Bond & Kellogg, Druggists, St. Paul, M. T.

☞Sold at 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo. And also by H. B. REED, Agent for Fort Wayne. 12

Dr. R. S. STERRETT,
DENTIST,



RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, that he has permanently located himself in this place, where he will be happy to wait on all persons who will favor him with a call.

Teeth inserted on Gold Plate, from one to an entire set. Particular attention paid to first dentition. All operations carefully performed, and warranted.

☞Office in the Phenix Block, over J. Foellinger's Store. 3m2

Subscribe when you have an Opportunity!

BAYARD TAYLOR'S CYCLOPÆDIA OF MODERN TRAVEL,

A RECORD OF
Adventure, Exploration, and Discovery, during the last Fifty Years.
1 vol. royal 8vo, 950 pp.

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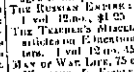
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HENRY WARTENSLEBEN. 6m51
June 20, 1856.

POETRY.

A POEM FOR THE TIMES.

BY MRS. [illegible]

"Withered be the hand that is stretched forth to touch the ark of the Constitution.—*General Lewis Cass.*"

I.

Ay, wither the hand that shall impiously dare
To mar with a plague touch our Union's great ark,
To sully the halls of Freedom's shrine there,
Or cause one bright star in the skies to grow dark.
The soul that one moment such treason can nurse
Is twin to the traitorous Arnold of yore;
His name should be branded not, save with a deep curse,
With infamy stamp'd by the world evermore.

II.

Our blest Constitution, whose hallowed ark
Triumphant was borne through oppression's long strife
When liberty's heart throbs were heard mid the dark
Battle-fields, where brave souls struggled nobly for life;
Which was borne mid the thunder and carnage of war,
And spann'd like a bow the dark brow of the storm;
A blight on the soul who that glory would mar;
A leper become who would tarnish that form.

III.

Ho, patriots! arouse from your apathy now!
Haste, gird on truth's armor, and then call the roll;
Steel mutiny's camp is afloat at the brow
Of some who the ranks of your life-guard control.
Disunion's black flag they have dared to unfurl,
It floats as a plague-sign above our fair land,
Our Union and peace to the winds they would hurl,
Its stars would blot out with a treacherous hand.

IV.

Let the tocsin of liberty thrill every heart,
Aloft to the heavens her pæans ring out
To duty! Let each one act nobly his part,
And victory's pæans shall our country soon shout.
The ægis of valor by our Forefathers won,
Protect from pollution our nation's gift from (?);
The heart that one ray of its light would see shorn,
Be heaped with disdain, and blighting and shame!

V

Our blest Constitution—the great orb of light
In freedom's clear skies that shall never decline,
High on the meridian 'twill ever beam bright,
Upheld by the Power, that's almighty, divine,
It is the great center of truth, strength and peace,
Where mingle and harmonize all their pure beams,
The point at whose entrance all warring must cease,
The light-house whose glories o'er all the earth gleams.

VI

"*E Pluribus Unum*"—a watchword whose power
Should strike with confusion, and terror, and dread,
The traitor who seeks its proud flag-staff to lower,
Or darken one ray by its sacred stars shed.
Avaunt, every foe that would shadow their light,
Accursed be the hand that their honor would stain,
He wars against God who dares war against it, bit, (?)
And wars and remains in the cord he will gain. (?)

VII.

The ark of our Union, the bulwark of strength
Which faction's dark waves have assailed in vain,
Our country's past refuge—her future's great trust,
The keystone that freedom's vast arch doth sustain.
Aloft rear our flag, let its starry fold show
To the world that for aye we are "many in one,"
And the billows and winds from our broad shores that go,
Bear peace to all nations that dwell 'neath the sun.

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., July 4, 1856

Greely on Fremont.

"If they were to accuse him of murdering his grandfather, whom he never saw, or his father who died when he was only five years old, they might doubtless draw the same inference as to the charge. He will dignify no libel by a personal contradiction, but commit his character to the gorgeous appreciation and clear discernment of the American people."—*Tribune.*

Nobody asks of Mr. Fremont a personal contradiction of anything, but is expected of his friends that they will answer the following questions, which the people, who are called upon to vote for him, have a perfect right to ask:

☞ Did you not buy 600 head of *breeding* cows for your own use, and did you not make the government pay for the same, under pretense of wanting them for the army.

☞ Did you not challenge Col Mason to fight a duel, and that too with the most savage of weapons!

☞ Were you not tried by a court Martial, and convicted of disorderly conduct, disobeying orders, inciting mutiny, &c., &c., and were you not discharged from the service on that account? What kind of "Commander-in-Chief of the Army and navy" would you make?

☞ Did you not waylay Foote, of Mississippi, at the door of the Senate, knocking his glasses into his eyes and bringing blood from his nose for words spoken in debate, where you had the privilege of reply!

☞ Did you not vote against allowing the people of the District of Columbia the privilege of saying whether they desired to abolish slavery in the District or not, and did you not vote *with the South* on every sectional question that came up while you was a Senator?

☞ Are you not a partner in the firm of Palmer, Cook & Co., N. Y., and has not the interest on the State debt of California failed to be paid through the defalcations of that firm to whom the money had been entrusted to pay said interest!

☞ Is not the firm of Palmer, Cook & Co known as land speculators, and have they not a branch house in San Francisco, where Land Claims like the Mariposa Grant are hatched out?

☞ Is John C. Fremont anything else than an adventurer and land speculator, and was he not nominated through the instrumentality of George Law, Thurlow Weed, James Gordon, Bennet and Mariposa land speculators.

Now, Horace, you and brother Beecher have taken immense pains to prove that Fremont was not a Catholic, a question of very little importance politically. Don't now, stop there and snub the people by telling them you shall answer no more questions. If you must have Fremont, we must have free speech too, they are both on the Fusion ticket and we never split a ballot.—*Plaindealer.*

About Girls Names.—If you are a very precise man and wish to be certain of what you get, never marry a girl named Ann; for we have the authority of Lindley Murray and others that "an is an indefinite article."—[Ex.]

If you would like to have a wife who is "one of a thousand," you should marry an Emily or Emma; for any printer can tell you that "ems" are always counted by thousands.

If you do not wish to have a bustling fly about your wife, you should not marry any one named Jenny; for every cotton spinner knows that jennies are always turning.

If you have a wife named Cordelia, you should never drop any of your old acquaintances, for he who has the deal never cuts.

The most incessant writer in the world is he who is bound to Adaline.

You may adore your wife, but you will be surpassed in love when your wife is a Dora.

Unless you would have the evil one for a father-in-law, you should not marry a lady named Elizabeth, for the devil is the father of Liza.—(lies.)

If you wish to succeed in life as a porter, you should marry a Caroline, and treat her very kindly; for so long as you continue to do this, you will be good to Carry.

Many men of high moral principles, and who would not gamble, for the world, still have not refused to take a Bet

BEEF.  BEEF.

Fremont's Cattle Speculation.

We invite attention to the course of Lieut. Col. John C. Fremont, while acting or professing to act as Governor of California. These official documents were sent to the House of Representatives by President Taylor in 1850, in compliance with a resolution of that body. In order that our readers may feel the full force of the evidence which they contain, it will be necessary to remember that Gen. Kearney arrived in California in December, 1846; that he had authority from the war department to establish a civil government in California, and that he communicated to Com. Stockton the nature of his instructions. The two acted together in the battles on the Rio San Gabriel and on the Plains of the Mesa, 8th and 9th January, 1847, in which after a severe fight, Fremont not being with them, however, they were victorious. They took Ciudad de Los Angeles, and a few days afterward Fremont arrived there with a part of the battalion. On the 10th of January, Gen. Kearney made a formal demand of Com. Stockton that he should cease any further proceedings relating to the formation of a civil government in California. Commodore Stockton left the Territory, shortly afterward—Gen. Kearney made proclamation as Governor of California, and it is worthy to be remembered that all this took place prior to the date of the following interesting documents:

A

This article of agreement, made and entered into this third day of March, in the year 1847, by and between Eulojio de Celis, a resident of the city de Los Angeles, capital of Upper California, of the first part, and J. C. Fremont, Governor of California, and legal representative of the government of the United States of North America, of the second part, witnesseth, that the said Eulojio de Celis has sold to J. C. Fremont, Governor of California aforesaid, a lot of six hundred head of cattle, of good merchantable kind, and suitable for beef, to be delivered to the commissary of the troops under the immediate command of Governor Fremont in number corresponding with the requisition of the commissary and the said Governor Fremont binds himself and his successors in office to pay to said Eulojio de Celis, his heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, at the expiration of eight months, the sum of six thousand dollars, without defalcation. It is expressly understood between the above contracting parties, that if the said Eulojio de Celis fails to deliver good merchantable cattle, when required to do so by the commissary, the contract is to be considered null and void by the said Gov. Fremont—he paying to Eulojio de Celis ten dollars per head for the number delivered: and it is further understood, that the hides of the cattle are to be delivered, on application, to the said Eulojio de Celis, to whom they belong by agreement.

In testimony of the above, the said parties have hereunto set their hands and affixed their seals, at the city de Los Angeles, the capital of California, the day and year before written.

EULOJIO DE CELIS, [L. S.]
J. C. FREMONT, [L. S.]
Governor of California.

The foregoing agreement has the following endorsement, the date of which is important, as will be seen by reference to Governor Mason's Letter.

I do hereby certify that Don Eulojio de Celis has complied with his obligation and contract on his party, by delivering the number of cattle as specified; and in payment thereof, I have this day executed to said Celis my note for the sum of six thousand nine hundred and seventy-five dollars, including the hides of the whole number of cattle.

J. C. Fremont.

Angeles, April 26, 1847.
Lieutenant Colonel United States Army.

Taken alone, the above document contains nothing very significant, although it does look somewhat strange, that the government should be bound to pay cash for the hides which were to be returned according to terms of the agreement. It is worth remembering also that on the day of the execution of the cattle contract Fremont executed the following paper:

No. 3. Eight months after date, J. C. Fremont governor of California, and thereby the legal agent of the government of the United States of North America, in consideration of the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars being borrowed; or advanced to me, for the benefit of the said government of the United States, by Eulojio de Celis, hereby promise and oblige myself, in my fiduciary character as governor aforesaid, and my successors in office to pay to said Eulojio de Celis, and his heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, the aforesaid sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, without defalcation. It is agreed and understood that if the aforesaid sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, without defalcation. It is agreed and understood that if the aforesaid sum of two thousand five hundred dollars is not paid on or before maturity, it is to draw interest at the rate of two per cent. per month from the time it falls due.—In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and have caused the seal of the Territory to be affixed, at the city de los Angeles, the capital of California, this 3d day of March, in the year 1847.

J. C. Fremont.
Governor of California.

On the 26th of April, 1847, the same day that Fremont certified that Celis has complied with his contract, he executed the following document.

No. 3. This is to certify that there is due from the United States to Don Eulogio des Celis the sum of six thousand nine hundred and seventy-five dollars, on account of supplies furnished by him for the subsisting United States troops in the service in this Territory and under my command. The above sum for which this obligation is given, shall be subject to an interest of two per cent per month after the expiration of the term of eight months from the 15th of April, 1847, until paid

J. C. Fremont.
Lieut. Col. United States Army.
Angeles, California, April 26, 1847.

Thus far the transaction might be explained perhaps on the supposition of the honesty, but bearing in mind that Fremont had certified on the 26th of April, that the cattle were delivered we come to the following two additional documents:

B

I have received from Don Eulojio de Celis four hundred and eighty-one head of cattle on account of Mr. J. C. Fremont, Lieutenant Colonel of the army of the United States, which cattle exists in my possession.

ABEL STEARNS.

Angeles, May 1, 1847.

F

I have received from Don Eulojio de Celis, one hundred and nineteen head of cattle, on account of Mr. J. C. Fremont, Lieutenant Colonel of the army of the United States, and said cattle remain in my possession according to agreement.

ABEL STEARNS.

Angeles, July 7, 1847.

We come now to the full denouement of this matter. Fremont left California in June, 1847 nothing was heard of the cattle by the commissary nor by Col. Mason, until application was made by the holder of the agreement, to know whether the amount would be paid at maturity. This elicited an inquiry into the character of the transaction. Col. J. D. Stephenson addressed two letters to Abel Stearns, the recipient of the cattle, inquiring how he held them, and to whom they belonged. The following are his answers:

No. 7.
Angeles, August 20, 1847.

Dear Sir:—In reply to your official letter of yesterday, I would observe that I hold in my possession six hundred head of cattle, (the major part of them breeding cows), received from Don Eulojio de Celis, on account of Lieut. Col. J. C. Fremont. I hold these cattle per agreement, and for a term of three years, to return the same number and class at the end of the term, with one-half of the increase, excepting such as may be lost in any way whatever, and not for want of care on my part. I consider the cattle as the private property of Col. J. C. Fremont, not being instructed by him to the contrary.

I have the honor to be, &c.,
ABEL STEARNS.

Col. J. D. Stephenson, Commanding Southern Military Dist. Cal.

No 10
ANGELES, Sept 20, 1847.

SIR:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your official note of the 17th inst., with an extract of an official letter to you from W. T. Sherman, acting assistant adjutant general, requiring from me a further information relative to a contract by which I hold a certain lot of cattle received from Don E. Celis, for account of Lieut Colonel J. C. Fremont, and whether I have a written contract or a verbal one; if the latter, to furnish you with the evidence to prove my right to the trust. In answer to which I have to observe that I hold the cattle by verbal contract; witnesses to the same, Mr. Samuel Hensly, Captain in the late battalion, to whom I refer you particularly. He resides near Nueva Helvetia; also to Midshipman John K Wilson and Lieutenant A H Gillespie, United States marines. Both I think, were present and knowing to the contract. As the above gentlemen are not here, I cannot furnish you with their certificates relative to the contract.

Very respectfully,
ABEL STEARNS.

To Col J D STEVENSON,
Commanding Southern Military District.

Can there be any rational doubt on the perusal of the above official papers, that *Fremont* intended to make a speculation for his own benefit? The fact that on the 26th of April 1847 he executed the obligation marked No. 2, in which the sum of $975 is added to the price agreed to be paid, being a compensation for the hides of the cattle, and this, too before a solitary cow had been delivered, that it was not then the intention of Fremont that the cattle should be used for the army. It shows that the idea of leasing out the cattle on the shares not only an after thought, but a part of his original design. But why resort to such inferences when we have the damning fact, that instead of cattle "suitable for beef" as named in the original contract, "breeding cows" were delivered, and that, too, with the evident concurrence of Fremont in the fraud!

We need do no more than add the letter of Col Mason, which was sent to the War Department, accompanied by foregoing documents. It is unnecessary to add that, at the time this information was sent, Col Mason, being Governor of California, was proper person to make a report of such conduct. It arrived at Washington city after the court martial on Col. Fremont had commenced its sittings. It is impossible to read this letter and the collateral proof without coming to the conclusion that Col Fremont was guilty of a deliberate attempt to defraud the Government which he represented.

Headquarters Tenth military Dep't.
MONTEREY, California, Oct 9 1847.

SIR:—I have the honor herewith to enclose to you the papers relating to a certain contract entered into on the 3d of May 1847, by Lieutenant Colonel Fremont, mounted riflemen, with a Don Eulojio de Celis, a resident of Ciudad de los Angeles, California. The paper marked A is a copy of this contract, with Lieutenant Colonel Fremont's certificate, bearing date April 26 1847, that the contract had been complied with on the part of Don Eulojio de Celis, and that he, Fremont, had executed to him in payment a note for the sum of six thousand nine hundred and seventy-five dollars.

Lieutenant Colonel Fremont left California in the month of June 1847, giving no notice to Gen. Kearny or myself of the existence of such a contract, or that he had pledged the faith of his government for the redemption of it by the payment of $6,975. Nor had I the least idea of this obligation until applied to by Col Stevenson whether I would recognize the contract, and redeem the bond at maturity. This letter was accompanied by others, which show that in fact notwithstanding the certificate of Lieutenant Col. Fremont, Mr Celis never delivered to the commissary of the California battalion one single head of beef cattle under this contract, and that not one of these six hundred head of cattle was slaughtered for the use of that battalion; but on the contrary, that they have been delivered to a Mr Stearns of Los Angeles, in two parcels; one of four hundred and eighty one, on the first day of May, and another of one hundred and nineteen, on the sixth day of July, 1847, both of which dates are subsequent to the discharge of the California battalion commanded by Lieutenant Colonel J C Fremont. There is no doubt that these cattle are the same six hundred contracted for by Lieutenant Fremont on the 3d of March 1847. Mr Celis stated it positively in the letter marked D; and the receipts for them by Stearns marked B and F specially state that he (Stearns) receipts for them in the name and order of Lieut Col. Fremont.

These deliveries occurred at a time when a garrison was stationed in Los Angeles, with a commissioned agent of the commissary department of the army, Lieutenant Davidson, to take charge of subsistence stores intended for public use; yet these cattle, furnished by a formal contract, are delivered to a private individual upon a special agreement (as he Stearns says) to breed on shares for a term of three years. I have endeavored to procure from Mr Stearns a copy of the agreement he has made with Lieutenant Colonel Fremont to take care of these cattle, but his letters (marked 7 and 10) positively assert that he regards these cattle as the private property of Lieutenant Colonel Fremont but that the agreement by which he holds them, is a verbal one, witnessed by a Mr Hensly and Lieut Gillespie, of the United States Navy. Thus stand the facts, and I am applied to, to know whether payment will be made upon the paper marked 2, which is a certificate that the sum of $6,975 is due to Mr Celis for supplies furnished the California battalion, which supplies are clearly and plainly the lot of six hundred breeding cows now in the hands of a private individual, not one of which has been used for public purposes. This note becomes due on the 12th day of December, 1847, and bears an interest of twenty four per centum per annum, after that date.

In connection with this subject, I call your attention to the paper marked 3, wherein Lieutenant Colonel Fremont has bound himself and future Governors of California to pay the sum of $2,500 at the expiration of eight months after its date of March 3, 1847, or in default thereof, that the note shall bear an interest of twenty-four per cent per annum; this too, when the acting assistant quartermaster at Monterey had been more than a month in the country, with a supply of money applicable to the proper expenses of the army in California.

Mr. Celis states that it was partly to secure this loan of money that Lieut. Colonel Fremont made with him the liberal bargain for cattle, for which the price is about forty per cent higher than the market price at the time. Both of these notes are soon due, and Mr. Celis is going to make application for payment, as he claims to have fulfilled his part of a contract for the redemption of which the good faith of the government of the United States is pledged by an officer thereof; but the whole transaction, as shown by the accompanying papers, appears to me of *such a character,* that I shall not order payment of the money to Mr. Celis, but refer all the papers to the department, for such action as they may consider proper in the case.

I have the honor to be, &c.,
R. B. MASON,
Col. 1st Dragoons, Commanding.

To GEN. R. JONES, Washington City.

Whig Convention at Albany.

ALBANY, Aug. 12.

The Whig Convention yesterday adopted a series of resolutions and an address antagonistic to Mr. *Buchanan,* on account of the Cincinnati platform, and to Colonel Fremont because of the sectional character of his party.

The American platform was not indorsed, but the Whig organization and its principles are to be maintained.

A full delegation to the Baltimore Whig Convention was chosen.

Mr Granger, the President of the Convention, spoke in the warmest manner of Mr Fillmore, and the Convention adjourned.

WHEREAS, The Old-Line Whigs of New York have, in mass meeting, duly considered their position as Whigs in connection with the country, their duty to the country in the present crisis, and have candidly examined also the merits of the three Presidential candidates now before the people, and probable consequences of the election of either: therefore,

Resolved, That we cannot support Mr. Buchanan, because that we believe that an administration established on the Cincinnati platform will perpetuate internal agitation and endanger our amicable relations with foreign power.

Resolved, That we will oppose to the utmost extent of our ability the election of Mr. Fremont believing that he is not qualified for the Presidency of this Union; and we firmly believe his election would increase the internal strife, the party he represents being in spirit sectional, and inevitably tending toward disunion:

Resolved, That in the election of Millard Fillmore we find a safe guarantee that domestic agitation will be quelled, harmony between the States restored, peace with foreign nations secured, and the interests of agriculture, commerce and manufactures will be promoted and therefore we will labor unitedly and earnestly for his election.

Resolved, That while thus lending our aid to promote the election of the American candidate, under the conviction that such is our solemn duty, we nevertheless retain inviolate the cherished Whig principles and organization, and as soon after the present contest as may be convenient will resume separate party action.

The address and resolutions were adopted with enthusiastic applause—Mr. Fillmore's name being received with hearty cheers. One hundred thousand copies were ordered to be printed for circulation.

☞ We think that all good citizens of all sections must be disgusted with the published accounts of the movements and operations of Col James H Lane in relation to Kansas affairs.—Lane deserves the severest punishment; and, if the laws of the United States provide any penalty for atrocious misconduct like his, it should be promptly inflicted on him.

Lane is, as of course he has a right to be, in favor of making Kansas a non-slaveholding State. The means however by which he is attempting to accomplish this object are outrageous. For some time past he has been industriously gathering all the vile loafers and wretches of every description that he could find in Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, and other States, and other States and after arming and drilling them, marching them in organized bodies to Kansas for the avowed purpose of resisting by force the regular authorities in the Territory. Whenever he gets a body of his vile and drunken troops to the Kansas line, he sends them in; but, like a base coward, turns back himself to organize another gang. We have learned from gentlemen, who have seen detachments of his troops marching to Kansas, that they never before in all their lives beheld, such organizations of ragged sots and irredeemable blackguards.

We have no objection to the coming of Kansas into the Union as a non-slaveholding State if a majority of her legitimate citizens prefer that she should; but the proceedings of that fellow Lane should be stopped. The Missourians have unquestionably been guilty of much improper interference in the affairs of Kansas, but if they should think proper to disarm and turn back such organizations of armed rowdies and rowdies and rascals as Lane is taking to Kansas, they would in our opinion be right enough.—*Louis. Jour.*

Fremont's Financiering.

We extract from the Boston Times a brief account of John C. Fremont's financial operations in California, in 1846 and 1847. He was there during a portion of both years, in command of a small body of U. S. Troops, and the admirable skill which he exhibited in managing Uncle Sam's finances proves conclusively he is a gentleman of most distinguished ability in that line. Greely & Co. understand their man. There is a large surplus in the Treasury of the United States, which the Black Republican leaders would like to finger, and Fremont, as President, would be a great spoke in their wheel. They could easily trump up claims against the government, and with a Congress of their own kidney, and a willing tool in the Presidential chair, they would soon dispose of the surplus fund on hand. The Boston Times opens the following new chapter in Fremont's history:

FREMONT'S CALIFORNIA OPERATIONS.

The operations of John C. Fremont in California, in 1846—'47, if fully developed and given to the public, would present some very astounding facts, and what some people might call pretty gigantic frauds, more gigantic frauds, more gigantic than any before committed.

This, we are aware, is strong language, but not more so than the facts warrant, as will be seen by the following expose drawn from official sources:

On the 12th of December, 1851, the Secretary of War transmitted to the Senate and House of Representatives a report of the Board of Officers appointed for the examination of claims contracted in California under Colonel Fremont in 1846–'47. We have before us a copy of the report—No. 13, 33d Cong., 2d session.

This report, which is signed by Col. C. F. Smith, Lieut. Col. Chas. Thomas and Major R. Lee, of the U. S. Army, contains a schedule of the claims contracted by Fremont, amounting in all to $960,611. Of this amount $149 had been previously paid by Congress, and 129 were recommended by the board to be

Continued on the Fourth Page.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

For President
JAMES BUCHANAN
OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Vice-President
JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE
OF KENTUCKY.

For Governor,
ASHBEL P. WILLARD, of White.
For Lieut. Governor,
ABRAM A. HAMMOND, of Vigo.
For Secretary of State,
DANIEL McCLURE, of Morgan.
For Auditor of State,
JOHN W. DODD, of Grant.
For Treasurer of State,
AQUILLA JONES, of Bartholomew.
For Attorney General,
JOS. E. McDONALD, of Montgomery.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction,
WILLIAM C. LARRABEE, of Putnam.
For Clerk of Supreme Court,
WILLIAM B. BEACH, of Boone.
For Reporter of Decisions of Supreme Court,
GORDON TANNER, of Jackson.
For Congress—10th District
ROBERT LOWRY, of Elkhart
Judge Common Pleas,
JAMES W. BORDEN.
District Attorney—Com. Pleas,
WM. B. SPENCER.
Pros. Attorney—10th District,
S. J. STOUGHTON.

Allen Co. Dem. Ticket.
Representative,
PLINY HOAGLAND,
Treasurer,
ALEX. WILEY
Co. Commissioner—1st District,
HENRY DICKERSON,
County Surveyor,
WM. McLAUGHLIN.

Democratic County Convention.

The Delegates heretofore appointed by the Democratic voters of the respective Townships in Allen County, are requested to re-assemble in convention on SATURDAY, *the 6th of September next,* at the Court House in Fort Wayne, at 11 o'clock A. M. to nominate a democratic Candidate for Sheriff of said county, in place of R. McMullen, deceased.

By order of the County Committee,
F. P. RANDALL, *Chairman.*
August 26th, 1856.

A SPECIAL MEETING
Of the Wayne Township Democratic Club Will be held at the Club Room on Monday evening next at half-past 7 o'clock, to make arrangements for attending the great Democratic Convention at the Tippecanoe Battle Ground.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 30, 1856.

Hon A. A. Hammond, Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor, and Hon. Robert Lowry, our candidate for Congress, will speak in Colerick's Hall this evening at early candle-light. We advise our citizens to go and hear them.—Both are good speakers, and will preach the true democratic doctrine.

Rev. Caleb Mills, Superintendent of Public Instruction for the state of Indiana, will address the Citizens of Fort Wayne this evening at half-past 7 o'clock in the M. E. Church, Berry street Subject—*Graded Schools.*

He will also address the youth and parents on Sabbath afternoon in the 1st Presbyterian church at 4 o'clock P. M.

The Extra Session of Congress.

Congress is now holding an extra session, rendered necessary by the factious and treasonable course of the fusion majority in the House, who refused to pass the appropriation bill for the support of the army, unless accompanied by a proviso prohibiting the use of the troops in maintaining peace and order in Kansas. The extra session has now been sitting upwards of a week, but has not yet made much progress towards effecting the grave business for which it was called. The House has refused by two majority to recede from its unconstitutional proviso; various propositions have been made to overcome the obstinacy of the factionists, but so far, without success. In the meantime civil war exists in Kansas, fomented and encouraged if not absolutely incited by the factious course of the fusion majority, and if the question be not speedily settled and the administration relieved from the uncertainty which now exists as to whether or not the army must be disbanded, that unhappy territory must be deluged in blood. For this deplorable state of affairs the fusionists in the House are clearly responsible; and on their heads must rest the blood spilled in the unholy contest now raging in Kansas.

The citizens of this congressional district should bear in mind that their representative, Rev. Samuel Brenton, is an active aider and abettor of this treason, and has declared that he would remain in session until the 4th of March next, rather than recede from the factious position occupied by his fusion confederates. Does he, in this, represent the feelings of the district? will his constituents endorse such a factious and bloodthirsty course, and make themselves a party to this shameful attempt to break down the defences of the country, and leave it a prey to anarchy bloodshed and disunion? Let their votes in October give an emphatic negative to the supposition that they can countenance treason in any form, and at the same time administer a proper rebuke to the man who has ventured so far to misrepresent them, and has brought such a damning reproach upon us for sending such a man as our representative at this crisis in the affairs of the country.

The course taken by the fusionists meets no favor from right-thinking men, even of their own party, in any part of the Union. It is universally condemned by all who have a spark of patriotism in their bosoms, and the guilty perpetrators will find they have overshot the mark and consigned themselves to an oblivion as deep and damning as that which overtook the traitor Arnold and the scarcely less infamous Hartford Conventionists.

Several of the ablest and most influential of their papers severely censure these factionists, and point out the fatal results which must follow a persistence in their treasonable madness.—Among others the New York Commercial Advertiser an old and influential whig paper of that city, contains a lengthy and able article, from which we extract the closing paragraph, and earnestly commend it to the attention of those who are seeking to perpetuate power in the hands of a party so palpably unfit to wield it—as well as to all who were instrumental in disgracing this congressional district, by having it appear on the record as sustaining and encouraging so unwise, unjust and unpatriotic a measure. The Commercial says:—

The Republican opponents of the present Administration have indeed overshot their mark by thus creating a necessity for an extra session of Congress—for that such a necessity has been created by them admits of no controversy. The President could do nothing less than immediately convene Congress under the circumstances, or peril the safety of a much older territory, (exposing portions of that territory to other than Indian marauders) and deprive himself of the power to enforce the federal authority over any State that chooses allegiance to the Union. And all this on the plea that a single territorial legislature has been illegally chosen, though Congress has refused to interfere, and the Supreme Court of the United States has not been asked for its opinion on the point in dispute. We respectfully submit that the party leaders who could take such a position, and adhere to it so pertinaciously afford but very faint hopes that the party they represent would make wise administrators of the Government, while their present conduct does very plainly show that they are capable of letting party excitement warp their judgement, and prompt their action to the serious detriment of the country's weal and the security of its institutions.

CIVIL WAR IN KANSAS!—*Horrible Atrocities of the Abolition Outlaws!*—Civil war has begun in earnest in Kansas, and this time it is the abolitionists—the genuine freedom shriekers—who are committing the outrages against the life and property of the peaceable settlers. By the accounts in another column it will be seen that the horde of rowdies and bullies collected by Jim Lane have invaded Kansas, and in the full tide of successful experiment, are killing, burning and destroying all before them, and avow the intention of killing or driving out every pro-slavery man in the Territory. These "outrages in Kansas" will probably be excused or palliated by those who have had so much to say against similar outrages committed by the opposite party, and have even charged many such upon them of which they were innocent. Prayers and thanksgivings will doubtless be offered, and Te Deums sung in buildings consecrated to the worship of the Prince of Peace, for these bloody doings. Fanaticism knows no bounds, and the present state of things in Kansas is entirely owing to the course pursued by the abolitionists and fusionists in the free States, who have sought to make political capital out of the very disturbances they themselves have created.

The immediate cause of the present outbreak has doubtless been the refusal of Congress to pass the army appropriation bill, unless clogged by a proviso prohibiting the troops from interfering to prevent such outrages. Encouraged by the belief that the U. S. troops could not interpose, these miscreants have boldly commenced their career of murder, arson, and robbery.

A fearful retribution awaits them. The citizens of Missouri, justly incensed at such outrages committed on their borders and against their friends, are hastening to the rescue with a large force, and we shortly expect to hear of bloody doings in Kansas.

In this state of affairs it is a duty of every good citizen to inquire who are responsible for these outrages? Who are the guilty parties? Is it the miserable wretches, who actually commit the act, or are not those pious and benevolent men who have incited them to deeds of blood, under pretense of regard for the poor, oppressed, blacks, equally or more guilty? We hold that the Beechers, the Parkers, the Giddings, the Hales, and the hosts of lesser lights in the fusion ranks, who have really created the difficulties for the purpose of making political capital, are the most guilty parties; and those who have been misled by their specious pretences, and are now acting and sympathising with them, are in effect aiders and abettors in these acts of violence. Let our citizens well ponder on these things before they determine to sustain a party which has to resort to such unjustifiable means to support their falling cause.

Allen Co Working-Men's Institute.—At the annual meeting of the members of this Institute, held on Friday evening last, the following were elected officers for the ensuing year: Thos Tigar, *President*, John Cochrane *Vice President*; J M Miller, Secretary; G Humphrey, Treasurer; W Fleming *Librarian.*

☞ At a special meeting of the Board of Commissioners held on Monday last, Mr. Wm. Fleming was appointed to serve as Sheriff of Allen County, until after the election, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. McMullen. This is a good appointment. Mr. Fleming has acted as Deputy Sheriff, and done most of the duties of the office for some months past, in a capable and efficient manner. Being perfectly familiar with the business, he will be enabled to close up and arrange the unsettled business of the late sheriff in a more satisfactory manner than any other man who could have been appointed.

Fusion Nominations.—The Fremonters of this county assembled in convention on Saturday last, and nominated John Cochrane for Representative, John Hamilton for Sheriff, F. R. Cosgrove for Treasurer, E. W. Green for Co. Com'r, and J. M. Wilt for Surveyor. Mr. Cochrane tried to get off, but no excuse would be taken, and he had to go on the ticket. We are sorry for him; he is an excellent man and a good citizen, and deserving a better fate; but he has got caught in bad company, and will have to suffer the same fate as his party—that is, to be most wofully defeated in October next.

Mr. P. Heller of Eel River, a disappointed aspirant for the same office, is perhaps more deserving pity than even Mr. Cochrane himself.—He used to profess to be a democrat, and because that party would not nominate him he joined the fusionists. His new friends do not seem to appreciate his worth any more highly than his old ones did, and we understand he denounces them in no very complimentary terms. He finds the way of the transgressor is hard, and we are much afraid he will try to creep back into the democratic party. We don't want him, and are therefore sorry the fusionists did not nominate him and secure him to their party. They are heartily welcome to him, and we hope will keep him.

Who is Going to the Battle Ground Convention?—The Convention at the Tippecanoe Battle Ground on Wednesday next, will probably be the largest assemblage ever witnessed in the West. Messrs. Breckinridge, Douglas, Clay (son of Henry Clay) Dickinson, and many other eminent men will be present. Fort Wayne ought to be well represented on the occasion.—Who is going? A meeting will be held at the Dem. Club Room on Monday evening to make the necessary arrangements.

Half fare only will be charged on the railroad. An Excursion train will leave Fort Wayne at 4 30 on Wednesday morning, reaching Lafayette at 10 o'clock.

CONTEMPTIBLE.—The Journal complains that the bills announcing Republican Meetings are torn down by boys, and charges that the boys are incited and bribed to do it by prominent democrats of this place. The Journal is certainly hard run for capital when it has to resort to such pitiful expedients as charging the misdeeds of mischievous boys on the democratic party, and must have been aware of the falsity of the charge when it was made. Every bill announcing Democratic Meetings has been similarly torn down or defaced within a few hours of being posted, but we never thought of charging the crime on the editor of the Journal or any other prominent fusionist. We considered it a mere act of wantoness on the part of boys who had not been properly trained by their parents, and the destruction of the Republican bills is the same. Try something more plausible next time, Mr. Journal.

North Carolina Election.—Complete returns of the late election make Gov Bragg's democratic majority THIRTEEN THOUSAND—showing *a Democratic Gain of Eleven Thousand* since the last election.

Missouri Election—Returns from 93 counties give Polk, dem 40,125 votes; Ewing, K. N. 35,914; Benton 21,137. Polk's majority over Ewing 4,211. Eight counties are yet to hear from which will considerably increase the democratic majority. The Benton men will all vote the regular democratic electoral ticket in November, which will swell Buchanan's majority in that State to 30,000!

In the Legislature, on joint ballot, the Democrats have elected seventy-nine members, the Benton men twenty-seven, the Old Line Whigs ten, and the Know Nothings thirty-seven. There are eight counties to be heard from, which will increase the democratic preponderance. The Democracy are sure of getting the two United States Senators which are to be chosen.

FIRE!—On Thursday evening last, about 7 o'clock, the cry of fire! was heard in our streets, and the report was that Messrs. Jones, Bass, & Co's extensive foundry and car factory was on fire. A large concourse hurried to the spot, anxious to contribute their aid in saving the establishment from destruction. On arriving it was discovered that it was only a building used for drying lumber that was on fire; and as it was detached from the other buildings, the progress of the flames was arrested and comparatively small damage sustained. The kiln contained several thousand feet of pine lumber which was all destroyed. The total loss will not probably exceed $400 or $500.

The new fire company, Alert No 1, was speedily on the ground with their "machine," and did all that could be done under the circumstances, the scarcity of water precluding the possibility of working the engine effectually or continuously. The night was still, with little or no wind, or the consequences might have been most disastrous.

ANOTHER FIRE!—This forenoon the roof of the State Bank was discovered to be on fire, but by timely assistance of citizens and fire company was extinguished without doing any material damage. It appeared to have originated on the inside of the roof, between the shingles and the ceiling, and was probably owing to some defect in the chimney, which had been on fire a few hours previous to the discovery of fire in the roof.

The DeKalb and Steuben District Democratic Convention made the following nominations: Senator—Miles Waterman; Representatives—W. J. Howard of Steuben and B. Catlin of DeKalb; Com. Pleas Judge—R. J. Dawson; Pros. Attorney—L. H. Stocker of Steuben

Terrible Calamity—200 Lives Lost!—A small island about 20 miles long and one wide, called Last Island, on the Gulf Coast, in the Parish of Terrebonne, Louisiana, used as a summer resort by southern fashionables, was entirely submerged by the sea on the 14th inst. A severe storm had raged for two days which swept the waters of the Gulf over the island, which was entirely covered to the depth of five feet. Every house on the island was destroyed and over 200 persons perished, either by drowning or being crushed by the floating timber and driftwood. A steamboat was wrecked on the island on which the survivors saved themselves until rescued by steamers sent from New Orleans to their relief.

Several sugar houses and other buildings along the coast were blown down, and two steamers and several sailing vessels were lost during the storm.

GERMAN PAPER.—A German printing office has been established here by Messrs. Julius Engler, Johann Baisch, and A. Zink. The first number of their paper—*The Fort Wayne Demokrat* will be issued next week. It will be of course democratic in politics, and from the reputation of the editors we feel assured it will do good service in the campaign and be worthy a liberal patronage from our German citizens. They are numerous enough to support a paper of their own, and we trust they will feel it their duty to place the Demokrat on a permanent basis, and give the publishers such a recompense as their labors will entitle them to. As this county contains so many German citizens our merchants and business men will find it to their interest to advertise liberally in its columns. The office is in the third story, over Thieme's Clothing Store, on Calhoun Street.

More Evidence—Fremont's Know Nothingism—W. W. Danenhower, President of the Illinois State Council of Know Nothings, and formerly publisher of the Chicago Citizen, a Know Nothing paper, stated in a speech at Urbanna, Illinois, on the 14th instant, that "Fremont was as good a Know Nothing as Millard Fillmore, but his coalition with Bishop Hughes, and his inexperience in civil National affairs, were the objections of the American party; that Fillmore was a tried man and could be relied upon."

Here is a statement, direct and positive, from a man whose "word is as good as his bond," and whose means of knowing what he asserts cannot be disputed, that *Fremont is a member of a Know Nothing Lodge.*

JUDGE LOWRY.

It is with pride that we nail the name of our fellow-townsman, Judge Lowry, to the masthead of our paper, as the democratic candidate for Congress. Judge L. combines to an eminent degree the necessary elements of a popular speaker, and his powers of eloquence, whether on the stump or in the Halls of Congress, cannot fail to exert a powerful influence in behalf of the great democratic policy, which underlies the temple of Republicanism. True as steel to the great principles of democracy, he will, in Congress, be unflinching as adamant in guarding the Constitution which, under the fostering care of the immortal Jefferson, cemented together this unity of States. That he will be elected, and thus eclipse the star of hypocrisy which for two years has shed its lurid glare over the 10th District, no one doubts. Religion and politics belong not hand in hand. A preacher of the Gospel has enough to do to attend to his ministerial calling, and the people are determined to oust from office the wriggling harlequin who seeks to use the one as a stepping stone to the other. The fiat has gone forth and there is no such thing as counter-coursing the current—Lowry *will* be elected and his majority *sure* and sure to be large.—*Goshen Democrat.*

Abolition Outrages in Kansas!

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 21.

Leavenworth City, Kansas, Journal of the 17th, contains lengthy accounts of another outbreak in Kansas. Brown, at the head of 300 Free State men, attacked and drove into Missouri a colony of Georgians near Osawattomie; colony unarmed, their houses burned, property all destroyed. On the 21th, Franklin was attacked by 200 men from Lawrence who after dislodging 14 pro-slavery men by setting fire to their houses and robbing the Post office of $70, took 30 U. S. muskets, one piece of artillery from Mr. Buckley, $425, a gold watch, and $450 worth of clothing from Mr. Crane, between 900 and $12000 of accounts and notes and about $25 worth of clothing &c, from Judge Fane, and a valuable horse. On the 15th, Treadwell's settlement, Douglass county, numbering 30 men, was attacked by 400 Abolitionists under Brown and Walker, well armed and mounted—Treadwell's party were on foot. It is feared most of them have fallen. Treadwell sent to Shannon for aid, who called on the U. S. troops, but they refused to act. Anti-Slavery men driving all pro-slavery men out of Douglass county and destroying property. A fight took place on the 14th, near Osawattomie between 200 Abolitionists and 12 pro-slavery men the latter in the fort, which resulted in killing 14 Abolitionists and wounding 6 others.

On the morning of the sixteenth Lecompton was attacked and taken by 800 of Lane's men. The U. S. troops having Robinson, Brown and other prisoners in charge, surrendered without firing a gun. During the absence of Col Titus, who went to the assistance of Treadwell his house being about a mile from Lecompton, was burned, and Mr. Clowes, Editor of the Southern Advocate, and Mr. Systerre were killed and Andrew Preston was wounded

Large bodies of men organized on the border counties of Missouri for the purpose of entering Kansas. Atchinson made speeches at Independence. Stringfellow was distributing circulars signed by Atchison, Russell, Anderson and Boon, freely on the river towns asking aid to drive the Anti-Slavery men out of Kansas.

It was reported that the purpose of the slavery party was to burn Lawrence on the 20th, for which place large forces had left Lecompton.—Lane's force variously reported from 300 to 800

Bloody work looked for.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 22.

Letters received by the Republican bring dates to the 17th, 18th and 19th, and add very little to information received yesterday from Kansas.

Shannon and nearly all the citizens of Lecompton have left town.

Secretary Woodson was taken prisoner and his house was burned. Sheriff Jones was also in the hands of the assailants who threaten to hang him.

The house of General Clark, Indian Agent was burned, himself and family escaped to Leavenworth.

The couriers were riding the river and border counties enlisting forces and raising supplies. Everywhere speedy preparations are being made for war.

A bloody conflict is anticipated.

General Richardson has gone to Fort Leavenworth to ascertain if General Smith acts by the authority of Government. If not, he (Richardson) will call his militia in the field at once.

The steamer Polar Star, down last night, reports six companies of volunteers ready for the field, three of which were cavalry and one artillery.—They were to have left Leavenworth City on the 19th.

ST. LOUIS, Aug 25.

Reliable intelligence from Kansas to the 20th, state that Lecompton has not been attacked yet by Lane's party, although looked for hourly. It is said the Abolitionists number two thousand strong in the Territory, and that they are preparing to fortify Lawrence in case retreat to any particular point may be necessary

Immediately after the attack on Col. Titus's house, in which skirmish Titus was wounded one man killed, and 19 taken prisoners, Shannon went to the camp of the Abolitionists and exchanged the prisoners, taken at Franklin for those taken at Titus's House. It is reported that four companies of United States troops are near Lecompton, whose presence it is thought will deter further attacks by Lane's party.

ST. LOUIS, Aug 25.

The steamer David Tatum from Missouri river yesterday, brings information that 400 volunteers from Jackson county, Missouri, went into Kansas, Thursday last; that 200 have been raised in Lafayette County, and a large force is being raised in Clay County. Lane's regiment is said to be fortifying on the Wakarusa.

Robinson Brown and other prisoners are still in custody of the U. S. troops.

One hundred and twenty recruits from Carlisle barracks arrived here yesterday, and were immediately forwarded to Fort Leavenworth, also, seventy from Jefferson barracks.

Gen. Smith has made a requisition for all disposable force at that place.

Orders have been issued to the commanding officers at Fort Riley to have his troops in position.

Iowa Election.—We were called upon yesterday by William Toulinson, Esq., the able and efficient editor of the Statesman, the Democratic organ at Des Moines, the capital of Iowa. Mr. Toulinson is doing good service in the Democratic cause, and is quite sanguine that Iowa will vote for Mr. Buchanan. He informs us that the Fusion majority in the State is about four thousand, instead of seven or eight thousand, as they have been claiming. Mr. Hall, Democrat, is defeated for Congress in the First District by about eight hundred, and not fifteen hundred majority, as the lying Black Republican presses insist. Mr. Toulinson is confident that at least three thousand of the vagabonds whom Jim Lane has been collecting from all parts of the Union to invade Kansas, and who, of course, were not voters in Iowa, voted at the late election. It was by such pipe-laying that the Fusion majorities were obtained. It was not until after they had voted that Lane led his army of fillibusters into Kansas. A Fillmore electoral ticket is in the field in Iowa, and it is Mr. Toulinson's opinion that it will receive at least eight thousand votes at the Presidential election.—*Cin. Enq.*

New and Dangerous Counterfeit.—The Chicago Democrat has been shown a very dangerous counterfeit. It is a $2 bill on the Belleville Bank, in that State. The general appearance of the bill is precisely similar to that of the genuine; but on close examination the vignette and especially the shading of it, is much coarser than in the genuine bill. When the counterfeit becomes worn it will be almost impossible to tell it from the genuine. The only safe rule we can suggest is for all to examine $2 bills on this bank with great care, and persons unaccustomed to scrutinize money should refuse them altogether.

The Adjournment.—Loss of the Army Appropriation Bill.—The Triumph of Faction, and the Inauguration of Revolution.

The two houses of Congress closed their session yesterday, at 12 o'clock, m. All the important and necessary appropriation bills were passed and approved, except the bill making appropriations for the army for the next year commencing on the 30th of June 1856. That bill was lost in consequence of a disagreement between the two houses in regard to the following proviso:

"*Provided, however*, and it is hereby declared, that no part of the military force of the United States for the support of which appropriations are made by this act shall be employed in aid of the enforcement of any enactment of the body claiming to be the territorial legislature of Kansas, until such enactments shall have been affirmed and approved by Congress; but this proviso shall not be so construed as to prevent the President from employing an adequate military force; but it shall be his duty to employ such force to prevent the invasion of said Territory by armed bands of non-residents, or any other body of non-residents acting or claiming to act as a posse comitatus of any officer in said Territory in the enforcement of any such enactment, and to protect the persons and property therein, and upon the national highways leading to said Territory, from all unlawful search and siezures; and it shall be his further duty to take efficient measures to compel the return of and withold all arms of the United States distributed in or to said Territory in pursuance of any law of the United States authorizing the distribution of arms to the States and Territories."

On this proviso three committees of conference reported to their respective houses that they could not agree, and each house refused to recede from its position. The last report was made by Mr. Toombs yesterday at 10½ o'clock, in which the committee recommended that the action of the Senate in striking out the proviso be insisted upon. After a very animated debate, the Senate by a vote of three to one, concurred in the report, and sent the bill to the House was taken, under the previous question, upon the question whether it would insist upon the proviso. The effect of insisting would have been to raise a fourth committee of conference, and it was with this distinct object that the Senate voted to insist on their amendment and not to adhere. A vote to adhere would *ipso facto* been a defeat of the bill. On the vote in the House on insisting on its proviso the majority was against insisting. The next regular vote would have been on receding, and the last vote indicated strongly that a majority would recede, and thus pass the bill.—At that time there was but one half of the session remaining, and, as it was manifest that there was not sufficient time left to go through and secure the bill, a resolution was introduced by Mr. Millison to extend the session for two hours.—This resolution was objected to by the republicans; and a motion to suspend the rules was made, the speaker having decided that it was not a privilege question, and on it the ayes and noes were demanded. The House, however, refused to suspend the rules, and the bill was lost as it was then within five minutes of the hour of adjournment. There is scarcely a doubt that, if the session had been prolonged for two hours, the army appropriation would have been passed. The time was not prolonged because there were a few more than one-third, and they republicans who determined factiously to exert their power to defeat the bill. This was evidently done under the influence of the leading republicans of the Senate, whose purpose to defeat the bill rather than recede from the proviso had just been openly and boldly avowed in the Senate.

Whilst the vote on suspending the rules in the House was being taken, the Senate rescinded the adjourning resolution, and proposed to the House to extend the session for two hours, (several of the leading republicans voting against it.) This resolution reached the House for their concurrence five minutes before 12 o'clock, and was immediately taken up. The ayes and noes were again demanded by the republicans, and the call had commenced, when the speaker rose and arrested the voting. At this moment Mr. Millison addressed the Speaker in a loud voice, saying that he rose to a point of order. The Speaker proceeded without heeding him, and declared the House adjourned sine die. Mr. Millison's point of honor would have been that, as the Senate had rescinded the adjourning resolution, and the House was engaged in considering whether it would also rescind, it was not competent for the Speaker to interpose arbitrarily to arrest the progress of the vote. But the defeat of the bill was resolved on; and as a majority of the House had indicated a willingness to pass it, a factious minority of republicans aided by the arbitrary conduct of the Speaker, consumated the revolutionary action which was begun by the original adoption of the proviso.—*Wash Union.*

WASHINGTON CITY—*Thirty-fourth Congress* Aug. 21—The President's message was received and read as follows:

Fellow Citizens of the Senate and House of Representatives—In consequence of the failure of Congress at its recent session to make provision for the support of the army, it becomes imperatively incumbent on me to exercise the power which the Constitution confers on the Executive, on this extraordinary occasion, and promptly to convene the two Houses, in order to afford them an opportunity of reconsidering a subject of such vital interest to the peace and welfare of the Union.

The exertion of a partial authority vested by law in the Secretary of War to contract for a supply of clothing and the subsistence of the army, is wholly dependent on the appropriations annually made by Congress to act in this respect before the termination on the fiscal year, had already caused embarrassments which were overcome only in the appropriations to be made before the close of the present month. If the requisite funds be not speedily provided, the executive will no longer be able to furnish for transportation the equipments and munitions which are essential to the effectiveness of a military force in the field, with no provisions for the pay of the troops.

The contracts of enlistment would be broken, and the army must be in effect disbanded, the consequences of which would be so disastrous as to command all possible effort to avert the calamity. It is not merely that the officers and enlisted men of the army are to be thus deprived of the pay and emoluments to which they are entitled by the standing laws, but that the construction of arms at the public armories, the repair and the construction of ordnance at the arsenals, and the manufacture of clothing and camp equipage must be discontinued, and the persons connected with this branch of the public service thus be deprived suddenly of employment essential to their subsistence; nor is it merely the waste consequent upon the forced abandonment of the seaboard fortifications and of the interior military posts and other establishments, and the enormous expense of recruiting and reorganizing the army and again distributing it over the vast regions which it now occupies.

These are evils which it is true may be repaired hereafter, by taxes imposed upon the country; but other evils are involved which no expenditure, however lavish, could remedy, and in comparison with which local and personal injuries or interests sink into insignificance. A great part of the army is situated on the most remote frontier.

The Opposition in 1852.

In 1852 the opposition to the Democracy, in their National Convention, which nominated General Scott for President, adopted the following resolution:

"The series of acts of the Thirty-first Congress, commonly known as the *Compromise or adjustment, (the Act for the recovery of Fugitives from labor included,)* are received and acquiesced in by the Whigs of the United States as a *final settlement in principle and substance, of the subjects to which they relate,* and, so far as these acts are concerned, *We will maintain them and insist on their strict enforcement,* until time and experience shall demonstrate the necessity of further legislation to guard against the evasion of the laws on the one hand and the abuse of their powers on the other—not impairing their present efficiency to carry out the requirements of the Constitution; and we deprecate all further agitation of the questions thus settled as dangerous to our peace, and will discountenance all efforts to continue or renew such agitation, *whenever, or however made,* and we will maintain this settlement *as essential to the Nationality of the Whig party* and the integrity of the Union."

General Scott accepted this platform, and every individual who voted for him also endorsed it. It will be seen that it pledged the Whigs of the United States to stand by and maintain the Compromise of 1850 as a final settlement in *principle*, and substance. Mark the words "in principle." The "principle" of the Compromise measures was that the people of the Territories, such as Utah and New Mexico, should make their own laws on the subject of slavery, without Congressional interference. This is the "principle" of the Nebraska Bill, and is the principle for which the Democracy are contending yet we find such prints as the Gazette, and such Ex-Whigs as it represents, who approved this Whig doctrine in reference to slavery in 1852, now denouncing it as an awful monstrosity, utterly ignoring the fact that it is not yet four years since it had their approval, as well as that of an overwhelming majority of the American people.

Arrival of the Africa.

The steamship Africa, from Liverpool Saturday the 9th inst., arrived at New York on P. M. Aug 20th.

It was rumored in England at the time that the Africa sailed that Hon Robert Lowe, Vice President of the Board of Trade, had left for the United States with special power to settle the Central American question.

The difficulty between the Allies and Russia is about the most important feature in the news. It is alleged that Russia has violated the treaty of Paris by the occupation of the Isle of Serpents at the mouth of the Danube, and the non-delivery of Kars. In consequence of this misunderstanding the English fleet, remaining in the East has again been ordered to the Black Sea.

There is nothing of importance from Spain.—It is rumored that there are dissentions in the O'Donnel Cabinet, but no positive information has been obtained.

From Italy, we learn that the Municipal Council of Ravenna, along with others, have voted addresses to the Pope, praying him to remove the Austrian occupation.

The commercial advices are rather important. The fine harvest weather throughout Great Britain created quite a panic among the holders of grain and flour in London and Liverpool, though we had advices of the heaviest fall of the week by the Baltic.

At the close the tendency was to a steadier market, though without improvement in prices except on the heavier grades.

Arrival of the North America.

QUEBEC, Aug. 24.

The steamship North America arrived here to-day, bringing dates from Liverpool to the 13 inst., which is four days later than previous accounts by the Africa.

The latest intelligence from the French harvest states that it has terminated in the south of France and is proceeding in the central and northern districts. It has proved inferior beyond the Garonne and along the banks of the Rhine; middling between the Garonne and the Louvre, but magnificent in every part north of the Louvre.

The Emperor has returned to Paris, but was to leave again, immediately for the baths of Biarritz.

There have been immense arrivals of wheat at Marseilles.

The latest accounts from Madrid simply state that there is nothing new, but report that quiet prevails through out Spain. Espartero has taken amicable leave Queen. General Serrano has been appointed Spanish Minister to Paris. Gen. O'Donnell has not yet promulgated the programme of his Ministry. Distressing accounts are received from Madrid with regard to the ravages of the cholera in that city.

The Russians have notified the Turkish Government that are prepared to give up Kars, but still maintain that the Isle of Serpents belong to them.

It is rumored that Napoleon has sent a supplementary note, to be inserted in a treaty, to settle the point in dispute.

LIVERPOOL, Aug 15.

Flour is without change in price and in moderate demand. Good Ohio, 33a34s; Southern, 35s.

An improvement of 2d. has taken place in Wheat, which, however, is confined chiefly to the better grades. Corn has advanced 6d, but the demand is confined to the wants of the home trade, and the supply on the market is small!

The wether continues favorable for agricultural purposes, and accounts from the grain crops are generally encouraging.

Beef is dull, with declining tendency Pork is dull. Bacon has declined.

Lard is unchanged with a limited business doing. Tallow is quoted at 54s.

The Spurious Kansas Memorial.—We are now prepared to supply, in large or small quantities, the interesting debate in the Senate of the United States on the spurious Topeka memorial of James H. Lane, embracing the speeches of Senators Douglas, Pugh, Butler, Toucey, Rusk, and others; the whole making a closely-printed pamphlet of thirty-two pages octavo. This important campaign document will be furnished at the bare cost of the paper and printing. It should have a wide circulation.—*Wash Union*

McMullen and Granger Difficulty.—The New York Mirror's Washington correspondent gives the following version of this affair:

Yesterday morning Messrs McMullen of Virginia, and Granger of New York, while riding to the Capitol in an omnibus, got into a dispute about politics, when McMullen seized and struck Granger in the eye.

The facts appear to be as follows: The parties were riding in an omnibus, when a conversation arose on the army bill proviso McMullen said the South would stand by the Constitution. Mr Granger replied that if they did not a Republican President would make them.—Whereupon McMullen said he would not be addressed in that way by a younger man. Mr Granger replied, 'I waive my age.' McMullen then seized Granger round the neck, holding down his head, and struck him two blows, drawing blood under the eye and under the ear. They were then seperated by Col Chester, of the Philadelphia Inquirer.

The Desperation of the Fremonters—Bidding for the Know Nothing Vote—The Courier and Enquirer of Tuesday, devotes an article to the present aspect of the Presidential contest, in which it is practically conceded that Fremont, without the aid of the Fillmore Know Nothing vote, has not the most remote prospect of success. The Fillmore men are urged in the most glowing style to abandon their candidate and vote for John C. Fremont. The paper in the following language goes on to show that the peculiar tenets of Know Nothingism will be cared for by the Fremont party, so far as its influence is concerned:

It will be said however, and it is said already, that the American party must keep up its organization in order to carry out its purposes of a reform in the naturalization laws. Now it so happens that we are older soldier in that cause, than any who lead it. For twenty-four consecutive years, we have labored through the columns of this Press to obtain, not a reform but a total repeal of the Naturalization Laws, without interfering with the vested rights of the religion of any human being; but securing to all foreigners, from the hour of their landing, *every right and privilege* possessed the by the native born citizen, *except only the right of surffrage.* And we have been honest and consistent in advocacy of this doctrine, when the present leaders of Know Nothingism dared not go with us, and when we well knew that because we fearlessly advocated our principles, we could not be elected a constable in any Ward in this city. But holding that the Naturalization Laws, wise in their conception and proper for the period in which they were enacted, had fulfilled their mission, and that the great increase in immigration, rendered their repeal necessary, so far as relates to the right of suffrage, we have for twenty four years advocated their total repeal; and with God's blessing, we shall continue so to do, without ever becoming a party to warfare against man's religion or interfering with their vested rights. *We would make no more citizens of Foreigners to arrive.*

It is becoming more and apparent, day by day, that the Fremont party is equally as proscriptive toward the unnaturalized portion of our foreign-born population as the Fillmore party. In its present desperation, it is willing to join hands with any class of men, and endorse any set of principles or measures. The cry is "give us votes and we will swear allegiance to any creed."—*Buff. Courier.*

Yellow Fever.—There can be no possible doubt that yellow fever is on Long Island, opposite the Quarantine, nor can there be a doubt that it is brought from the Quarantine, and from infected ships at anchor, by the wind, or from infected things drifted from them of the Long Island shore.

It has been stated in some of the papers that the cases of fever, both at the fort and on the Yellow Hook shore, originated on Long Island spontaneously, at New Orleans, and were not in any way communicated from the ships of the Quarantine.

The yellow fever never originates in these latitudes It never exists far north of the Tropics, except by importation, but if brought to a malarious fever and ague district, it is readily propagated, and itself produces the contagious atmosphere which makes it epidemic.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

No More $8 Per Day.

Both Houses of Congress have passed the bill increasing the compensation of members of Congress to 3,000 per session exclusive of mileage, depriving them of books, and deducting from those absent. The special telegraphic correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune says:

The Senate bill to increase the pay of members was amended by Mr. Orr, increasing the salary over the Senate bill about $500 each, and after considerable dodging and shifting, passed by a Yea and Nay vote of 100 to 97. As a party vote it stood as follows: Republicans—Yeas, 46; Nays, 50. Democrats—Yeas, 32; Nays, 31. Americans—Yeas, 22, Nays 10.—The bill was this evening referred in the Senate and ordered to to be printed. The tendency of the bill will be to shorten the sessions, facilitate business, and do away with the pernicious practice of pairing, as it provides against paying members during absence, and also compels them to pay from their salary for any books they may vote themselves not printed by Congress.

11 P. M. Friday.—The Senate has just passed the bill for increase of the pay of members as it passed the House, by a vote of 27 to 12. It provides for a salary of $3,000 per annum.

A Black-Republican German Paper Dead in Cincinnati.—The German Republican of this city, a violent Fremont sheet, published in the German language, has ceased its publication, and its editor, according to accounts, has left for parts unknown, to the great chagrin of his creditors. The Republican, before it hoisted, in an evil hour, the Black-Republican-Know-Nothing flag, was doing very well; but that unfortunate step proved the ruin of all concerned with it. The patriotic and intelligent Germans of this city will not sustain a journal which is faithless to their interests and their manhood, as all Black-Republicans necessarily are, they being hand-in-glove with their worst proscriptors and enemies, who, would reduce them to a position in society *below the Negro!*

There are other German Black-Republican prints in this city, which, if they were not *liberally subsidized* by the "Kansas Aid Society" and the Mariposa fund claimants, would die out; and even with such assistance it is doubtful whether they will survive until the election.—*Cin Enq.*

The Reason Why They Did It—The National Treasury Scratched. It is now thought that one of the considerations that induced the Black Republicans in the House of Representatives to defeat the Army Bill was, because they desired to pocket the *mileage of an extra session*. They knew the public would were such that an extra session would have to be called, and in that event they would be entitled to constructive mileage at the rate of $8 for every twenty miles.—The most of them did not leave Washington, and yet they will charge the National Treasury hundreds of thousands of dollars each for traveling expenses to attend this extra session. Now, this very handsome "stealing in," together with the $3,000 each member has voted himself for the next session, will enable the Representatives to this Congress to make quite a handsome speculation out of their offices. So corrupt and profligate a Congress never convened before in the Capitol City.

The Fremonters and our Naturalized Citizens—The sudden and hypocritical regard of the Fremonters for our naturalized citizens is unmercifully exposed in the subjoined extract from the New Haven Register:

"The Hartford Times says that Gov Dutton, on taking the chair of the know nothing convention, made a few remarks, in which he said that 'the more he reflected the more he became convinced that unless the foreigners among us—the agents and auxiliaries of despotism in Europe—were *met and put down*, we were no longer safe.' [Applause.] The speaker continued, saying that the *foreign element* in our population was a 'servile, unenlightened, IGNORANT agency.' This must have been very gratifying to the Fremont *German Club*, which the Courant claims exists in Hartford. Where is Ole Bull? where is Hoffman? where is Hecker?"

Governor Dutton is one of the most prominent and influential supporters of Fremont in New England.

Fremont a Slaveholder—The Evidence Complete—He Hires them out in St. Louis

The fact that Col. Fremont is, or has until recently been a slaveholder, can no longer be denied. A gentleman who now resides in St Louis, who is well known in Penn Yan, N. Y. writes to a friend in the latter place:

"Within the past year I have had occasion to transact business with, and frequently been at the house of Col Brant, and several of the domestics have been from time to time pointed out to me as the slaves of Col. Fremont, and these are not all either, as he owns many others, hired out out in various parts of the city."

The house of Col Brant is the place at which Col Fremont makes his home when in St. Louis. The writer of the above paragraph says:

"Col Brant is a particular friend of mine. I visit his house frequently. He is a man of great wealth, and married as you know, a sister of Col. T. H Benton, who also makes his home there since Mrs Benton's decease."

The Providence Post adds to this testimony:

"That Col Fremont did own slaves five months before his nomination, has been proved. That he does NOW OWN SEVENTY-FIVE is positively asserted by the Hillsdale Gazette."

Pure and Unadulterated Black Republicanism.—The True American, a black-republican organ in Erie county, Pennsylvania, in commenting upon a speech delivered at a democratic meeting, says:

"This twaddle about the Union, and its preservation is too silly and sickening for any good effect. We think that the liberty of a single slave is worth more than all the Union it ever can hold!"

In the above atrocious sentiment we have a beautiful illustration of the preponderating negro worshipping feature of black republicanism. In the opinion of the demagogues, fanatics, and madmen who have nominated Mr. Fremont for the Presidency one negro is of more consequence than the safety and perpetuity of our glorious Union

We are desired to announce the name of WILLIAM FLEMING, late Deputy Sheriff, as a candidate before the Democratic Convention for Sheriff of Allen County. pd

Please announce the name of WM. D. HENDERSON as a candidate for Sheriff of Allen County.
pd MANY VOTERS.

We are authorized to announce the name of E. C. FREEMAN as a suitable man for Sheriff of Allen County, subject to the decision of the Dem. Convention.

Mr Editor:—Please announce the name of JACOB C. BOWSER as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Allen County, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention.
pd MANY DEMOCRATS.

The Wayne Township Democratic Club meets every FRIDAY evening at the Club Room, Lasselle's Hall, at half past seven o'clock. A general attendance is requested.

The Young Men's Democratic Club of Wayne Township meets every MONDAY evening at their Club Rooms, at half past seven o'clock. Young democracy is invited to attend.
E. L. CHITTENDEN, Cor. Sec'y.

The German Democratic Club will meet every SATURDAY evening, at half past seven o'clock, at Colerick's Hall. All good democrats are invited to attend.

Good Medicines

It is estimated that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and Cathartic Pills have done more to promote the public health, than any other one cause. There can be no question but that the Cherry Pectoral has by its thousand on thousand cures of Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Croup, Influenza, Bronchitis, &c., very much reduced the proportion of deaths from consumptive diseases in this country. The Pills are as good as the Pectoral and will cure more complaints.

Everybody needs more or less purging. Purge the blood from its impurities. Purge the bowels, Liver and the whole visceral system from obstructions.—Purge out the diseases which fasten on the body, to work its decay. But for diseases we should die only of old age. Take antidotes early and thrust it from the system, before it is yet too strong to yield.

Ayer's Pills do thrust out disease not only while it is weak but when it has taken a strong hold. Read the astounding statements of those who have been cured by them from dreadful Scrofula, Dropsy, Ulcers, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Internal Pains, Bilious Complaints, Heartburn, Headache, Gout, and many less dangerous but still threatening ailments, such as pimples on the face, Worms, Nervous Irritability, Loss of appetite, Irregularities, Dizziness in the Head, Colds, Fever, Dysentery, and indeed every variety of complaints for which a Purgative Remedy is required.

These are no random statements, but are authenticated by your own neighbors and your own physicians.

Try them once, and you will never be without them. Price 25 cts. per Box—5 Boxes for $1 00.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER, Chemist, Lowell, Ms., and sold by all respectable Druggists everywhere.

TO EVERY READER.

WILL please notice the advertisement descriptive of Mr. SEARS' PICTORIAL FAMILY BIBLE, and send for the printed catalogue of all our Illustrated Works.

☞ To the uninitiated in the great art of selling Books, we would say that we present a scheme for money which is far better than all the gold mines of California and Australia.

☞ Any person wishing to embark in the enterprise, will risk little by sending to the Publisher $25 for which he will receive sample copies of the various works (at wholesale prices) carefully boxed, insured, and directed, affording a very liberal per centage to the Agent for his trouble. With these he will soon be able to ascertain the most saleable and order accordingly. Address (post paid)
ROBERT SEARS, PUBLISHER,
181 William street, New York.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative!

We invite special attention to the advertisement of this article in another column of our paper. It has now been a little, less than two years before the public, and yet it has become from its intrinsic merit, a standard article upon the shelves of almost all druggists, and the Chester Herald says "It now stands at the head of all remedies of the kind. Nor is this result at all surprising when it is remembered the distinguished statesmen, as well as many members of the medical profession, indeed ladies and gentlemen of the highest intelligence in all parts of the country testify that it has and will restore the hair even the head of the bald remove all dandruff and itching, and all diseases of the scalp; and more than all, preserve the hair, if used for toilet purposes, both in color and from falling out to any imaginable age."

Reader try it. Call and procure one of the circulars from the agent, and we think you cannot doubt. See too the advertisement.

COMMERCIAL.

Fort Wayne, Saturday, August 30

Wheat is a little higher this week, and sells at 1 15 to 1 27. Flour, extra, 5.50; superfine, 5 00 Rye flour 4.50.

Corn 40; Buckwheat —, Oats 25; Barley 75; Rye 45; Beans 2 00 a 2 50; Potatoes 50a75; Onions 1 00; Butter 10; Cheese 9; Eggs 8 a 0; Salt 2 25; Bacon 10; Lard 11; Hams 10 a 12; Pork 5 00 a 5 50; Beef 4 00 a 5 00 5 50; Flaxseed 1 12; Clover 5 50; Timothy Seed 1 75; Apples, green, 37a75; dry, ——; Wood, common, 25 a 25. fine, 34 a 42; white fish, h-bbl 6 00; pickerel 5 00; trout 5 00; lake herring 5 00, Cranberries 3 50 a 4 00.

DIED,—On Saturday morning last, aged 37 years, MR. RICHARD MCMULLEN, Sheriff of Allen County.

NOTICE

THE firm of SHOAFF & HANNA is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The firm owes nothing.—Those owing us will please call at the new firm, and settle with either party, who are authorized to receipt for the accounts they hold.
E. H. SHOAFF.
H. C. HANNA.
Fort Wayne, August 28, 1856.

The business of the old firm will be hereafter conducted by H. C. HANNA, who returns thanks for past favors and will be happy to see his old patrons, and lots of new ones, to whom he will make his best and lowest bow. H. C. H.

NITRATE of Silver *Pure* in pencils and cristals; Sulphate of Quinine; sulphate, Muriate, and Acetate of Morphia; strychnia, Veratria, Podophillin, Iodine, Iodide of Iron, Hydriodate of Potassa, Acetate of Iron, Phosphate of Iron, Citrate of Iron, and pure Iron Filings.
For sale by J. U. WINSLOW,
Aug. 30. *At Apothecaries Hall.*

PURE LEMON JUICE—Identical with the expressed juice of Fresh Lemons. For sale at *Apothecaries Hall.*

Shop and Lot for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale part of Lot 544 in Hanna's Addition, situated on Harrison street, near Main, 40 feet front and 37 feet deep. There is a good frame building on the lot, 20 by 18 feet, formerly used as a Weaver's shop.

It will be sold low, and a credit of one year given for one-third the purchase money.

For particulars, inquire of C. A. Grey, or of the subscriber, living on the corner of Wayne and Harrison streets, opposite the German Methodist Church.
HENRY GERHARDT.
Aug. 30 p3a9

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by *Public Auction*, at the Court House door in the city of Fort Wayne, in the county of Allen and State of Indiana, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of the 27th day of September, A. D. 1856, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, of the north west fourth of the south west fourth of section twenty, township twenty-nine, north of range fifteen east, Allen County, containing forty acres. And on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of judgement, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time and place by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale all the right, title, interest and estate of Wm. T. Wilson, of, in, and to the said real estate.

Taken as the property of the said Wilson, at the suit of Samuel Clem.
WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff. A. C.
Aug. 26, 1856. ($2 75) 4w9

THE POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE
OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA,
West Penn Square, Philadelphia.

INCORPORATED by the Legislature 1853, and organized on the plan of the Industrial Colleges of Continental Europe, affords a thorough professional education in

Civil engineering, Practical Chemistry, Mechanical Engineering, Architecture and Mining Engineering.

The *Fourth Collegiate Year* will commence on Monday, September 15th, 1856. For Catalogues and further information, address
ALFRED L. KENNEDY, M. D.,
Pres. of Faculty, Polytechnic College, Philad'a. 3w9

The Scientific American.
TWELFTH YEAR!
One Thousand Dollars Cash Prizes!

THE Twelfth Annual Volume of this useful publication commences on the 13th day of September next.

The *Scientific American* is an ILLUSTRATED PERIODICAL devoted chiefly to the promulgation of information relating to the various Mechanic and Chemic Arts, Industrial Manufactures, Agriculture, Patents, Inventions, Engineering, Millwork, and all interests which the light of Practical Science is calculated to advance.

Reports of the U. S. Patents granted are also published every week, including Official Copies of all the Patent Claims, together with news and information upon thousands of other subjects.

$1,000—in Cash Prizes—will be paid on the 1st of January next, for the largest list of subscribers, as follows:—$200 for the 1st, $175 for the 2nd, $150 for the 3d, 125 for the 4th, 100 for the 5th, $75 for the 6th, $50 for the 7th, $40 for the 8th, $30 for the 9th, $25 for the 10th, $20 for the 11th, and $10 for the 12th. For all Clubs of 20 and upwards, the subscription price is only $1 40. Names can be sent from any Post Office until January 1st, 1857.—

☞ Here are fine chances to secure cash prizes.

The *Scientific American* is published once a week; every number contains eight large quarto pages, forming annually a complete and splendid volume, illustrated with several hundred original engravings.

☞ TERMS—Single subscriptions, $2 a year, or $1 for six months. Five copies, for six months, $4, for a year, $8. Specimen copies sent GRATIS.

Southern, Western and Canada money, or Post Office Stamps, taken at par for subscriptions.

Letters should be directed (post paid) to
MUNN & CO.,
128 Fulton St., N. York.

☞ Messrs. MUNN & CO., are extensively engaged in procuring patent for new inventions, and will advise inventors, without charge, in regard to the novelty of their improvements.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Allen Co.

NOTICE is hereby given that a general Election is to be held at the usual places of holding elections in the several townships in the county of Allen and State of Indiana, on the *Second Tuesday being the 14th day of October, A. D.* 1856, at which will be chosen the officers mentioned in the certificate to me directed and delivered from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, a copy of which is annexed.
R. McMULLEN, Sh'ff A. C.
Fort Wayne, Aug. 22nd. 1856.

(copy.)

To the Sheriff of Allen County, Greeting:

I, I. D. G. Nelson, Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, in and for the county of Allen and State of Indiana, do hereby certify that a General Election is to be held in said county and State, on the second Tuesday of October next, the following Officers are to be elected, to-wit:

One Governor of the State of Indiana,
" Lieutenant Governor of the same State,
" Secretary of State,
" Auditor of State,
" Treasurer of State,
" Attorney General,
" Clerk of Supreme Court,
" Reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court,
" Superintendent of Public Instruction,
" Representative in Congress for the tenth Congressional District,
" Prosecuting Attorney for the tenth Judicial Circuit,
" Judge of the Court of Common Pleas for the district of Allen and Adams Counties,
" District Attorney for the same district,
" Representatives to the Legislature for the county of Allen,
" Treasurer for the county of Allen,
" Sheriff " "
" Coroner " "
" County Surveyor " "
" County Commissioner for the first district,
" Justice of the Peace for Monroe Township,
" " " Pleasant "

[L. S.] In testimony whereof I hereunto set my hand and affix the seal of the office this 21 day of August, A. D. 1856.
I. D. G. NELSON, *Clerk.*

NETTLEHORST & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware,
AND DEALERS IN
Stoves, Hollow Ware, &c.

Shop and Store Room one door north of H. B. Reed's Drug Store, Calhoun st., Fort Wayne.

C. & B. NETTLEHORST, late of the establishment of W. Oakley, having formed a partnership under the above style and in the above line of business, would most respectfully call the attention of the public to their new relations with the business part of Fort Wayne, and assure all those (and we hope they are many) who want anything in their line, that they are on hand to serve them in any thing

From a Tin Roof down to a Tin Cup.

Their ware is all manufactured by their own hands and out of the best material, so that they can safely warrant every article made by them. Their



COOK AND PARLOR STOVES

Also of the latest improvement and newest style, are manufactured from the very best quality of metal.—They are from the celebrated founderies of Troy, N. Y., a recommendation which in addition to a determination to sell them as low as can be possibly afforded will, they trust, ensure them a ready sale.

Repairing done on the shortest notice.
Aug. 23, 1856. y—8

Allen Co. Working Men's Institute.

THE annual meeting of the Members of this Institute will be held at the court-house, in the city of Fort Wayne, on Friday evening, Aug. 29th, at 7 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of electing a President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer, and Librarian for the ensuing year.

A general attendance of the members is earnestly requested. Mechanics and working-men generally are invited to be present and become members of the Institute.
JOHN M. MILLER, Sec'y.
Fort Wayne, Aug. 20 1856. 2w8

NEW EMBROIDERIES.

THIS day received a large line of new Embroideries comprising Swiss, Swiss and real French Collars and sets of Collars and Sleeves and Passe work, sets of plain and embroidered Linen Collars and Sleeves for travelling, [illegible] mourning Sets, and a large assortment of mourning Collars and Sleeves to setts. Also muslin and Jaconet Edging and Insertings, muslin and Cambric Bands and Flouncings, Dimity Bands, Infant's Robes and Waists, Embroidered Skirts, and a great variety of new Thread Edgings, &c. &c. WM. T. ABBOTT.

THE NEXT TERM of the Fort Wayne Academy, Male and Female Departments, will open on Monday, September 15th, 1856. It is important that pupils commence with the term and be regular in attendance.
GEO. J. IRVIN, Pres't.
Fort Wayne, Aug. 13th, 1856. 4w7

RAILROAD NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the Tiffin & Fort Wayne Railroad Company in Indiana are requested to meet at the office of the Tiffin and Fort Wayne Railroad Company of Ohio, in the city of Tiffin, in the said last named State, on the 16th day of September, 1856, to elect Directors for the consolidated Company composed of the two Companies above named, and known and styled under said consolidation, as the Tiffin and Fort Wayne Railroad Company.

By order of the Committee,
W. D. SCOTT, Sec'y.
Aug 16, 1856. 5w7

SHOVELS—Ames & Lipponcott's Canal and Grain Shovels. R. W. TAYLOR.

I HAVE on hand a good assortment of BROCHA SHAWLS single and double, of beautiful patterns, which will be sold at reduced price, at No. 87 Columbia street. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

Notice of Insolvency.

In the matter of the estate of Owen Ford, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the July Term of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County and State of Indiana, for the year 1856, the estate of Owen Ford, deceased, was, by said Court, declared insolvent, and the same will be settled accordingly.
MICHAEL HEDEKIN, Adm'r.
Aug. 17, 1856. 3w7

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed administrator, with the will annexed, of Francis Shrum, late of Allen County, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are notified to present the same for settlement. Said estate is supposed to be solvent.
PETER SORG,
Adm'r with the will annexed.
Aug. 15th, 1856. p3w7

Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that, on the 13th day of September, 1856, I shall proceed to sell at public auction the personal property of Francis Shrum, deceased, at its late residence in Marion Township. Said property consisting of Household Furniture, Horses, Cattle, Farming Utensils, &c.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

A credit of nine months will be given on all sums over three dollars, the purchaser giving his note, with approved security, waiving the benefit of valuation and appraisement laws.
PETER SORG, Adm'r.
August 16, 1856 p3w7

NEW DRUG STORE,
Apothecarie's Hall, 61 Columbia st., F. Wayne.
Dr. J. U. WINSLOW, Proprietor.

THE subscriber is now opening a LARGE and carefully selected stock of

English, French & German Chemicals,
Drugs, Medicines,
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,

Paint and Varnish Brushes, Glass, Glassware, Patent and Proprietary Medicines, Fancy Articles, &c.

ALSO

WINES, BRANDIES, and other LIQUORS, which were imported expressly for medical purposes, and warranted pure, together with a lot of choice

Family Groceries, &c.

The above Goods were selected personally by the subscriber, and purchased for cash; he, therefore, feels assured that, in *every* respect, they will give complete satisfaction.

Practitioners in the country are especially invited to call and examine the quality and prices before purchasing.

☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

☞ Professional advice given and prescription made without charge.
J. U. WINSLOW, M. D.
Aug. 2, 1856. y5

ENGLISH BREAKFAST and Sue Oolong Teas, for sale at 61 Columbia street. J. U. WINSLOW

DENTAL DEPOT.
61 Columbia St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

THE subscriber has just received a large stock of ARTIFICIAL TEETH from the celebrated manufacturers Orum and Armstrong, Phil., consisting of Gum teeth, single and entire sets; Plain and Pivot Teeth; Gold and Tin-Foil of superior quality. Also, shall be receiving Dental Instruments, Crucibles, &c.
J. U. WINSLOW,
Aug. 16th. 61 Columbia street.

HECKER'S FARINA, Pearl Tapioca, Pearl Sago, Pearl Barley, Bermuda Arrow-root—fresh and of the best quality, at 61 Columbia street. J. U. WINSLOW.

MACABOY SNUFF—a fine quality of [illegible] rose scented, at J. U. WINSLOW.

CHLORIDE of Lime and Chloride of Soda, at *Apothecaries Hall*, 61 Columbia st.

HONEY SOAP—A large lot of this popular soap, also an endless variety of Toilet Soaps, at *Apothecaries Hall*

COFFEE—Old Gov. Java 6lbs for a dollar, at J. U. WINSLOW'S.

MARSH-MALLOW PASTE—Jujube Paste—Lemon, Rose, Banana, Pine-Apple, Liquorice, Compound, Wild-Cherry and Iceland Moss Gum Drops, for sale at *Apothecaries Hall*

Wayne Engine & Car Works
FORT WAYNE.

THE Subscribers, Proprietors of the above Works, manufacture

STATIONARY ENGINES.
Railroad Cars, Machinery,
Agricultural Implements & Castings,
of every description.

They call special attention to their *Stationary Engines*. Having adopted the latest and best improvements, and using the best material and the greatest care in their manufacture, their Engines are regarded as the most superior in use. They furnish to order

Engines of any required power and size, for *Flour and Saw Mills, or Machine Shops*.

Their Works situate adjoining the R. Road Depots, with immediate connection with the Canal, enable them to deliver work with facility and dispatch.
JONES, BASS, & Co.
March 8th, 1856.

FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale on liberal terms of payment: LOTS 31 and 12 in block 24. Ewing's Addition, (my late residence), price $3,000.

A lot the middle 20 feet (of) adjoining Mr. P. Niedlinger's) of lot 540, Hanna's addition. Price $1,000.

32 Acres of Land, 1½ mile from town, adjoining James Embey's farm on the south, and Susan Elsall's farm on the west; 40 acres are well cleared and fenced. Price $1,000.

80 Acres of Land near the Piqua Road, 21 miles from Fort Wayne. 8 acres cleared, the balance well timbered. Price $2,000.

The above property is rapidly rising in value, and presents a rare opportunity for investment to persons desiring property in and near Fort Wayne.

I also offer for sale, in lots to suit buyers, Lots and Out Lots in New Haven, and over 7,000 acres of valuable timbered and farming lands, on and near the Lake Erie, Wabash & St. Louis, and Tiffin & Fort Wayne Railroads, in the eastern part of Allen County.
JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.
Fort Wayne, March 23, 1856. u-39

Land Plaster.

40 TONS superior Land Plaster for sale by the Barrel or Ton, by JOHN BROWN.
Feb 9 2 34

WHITE FISH, Pickerel, Lake Salmon, Herring &c., in half bbls—a prime article just received July 14th. M. DRAKE.

NEW SPRING GOODS
At Fashion's Depot, No. 3.

J. & C. ORFF are receiving a large and beautiful assortment of Spring Goods of the neatest and latest styles, to which the attention of the Ladies is particularly called.

CHALLIS, BERAGES, BLACK SILKS, PRINTED JACONETS, and other Dress Goods.

Embroideries and Dress Trimmings in great variety.

BONNETS. French Lace, English Straw, Leghorn, and Silk, from 25 cents to $1 00. Bonnet Ribbons and Trimmings.

Together with a full stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
GROCERIES,
Wood & Willow Ware, &c.

All of which will be sold at our usual low rates—still adhering to our one price system, and asking no more for any article than we mean to take.
April 12.

CARPETS—Ingrains, English, and Rag—cheapest ever sold in Fort Wayne. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

2,000 Gallons STONEWARE, wholesale and retail at manufacturer's prices. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

STRAW GOODS—Soft Straw, Florence, and Trimmed Bonnets—neat and nice. Panama, Straw and Palm Leaf Hats. Children Hats, all sorts and sizes. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

JOSEPH W. ROBB. JUDSON McCOMB.

J. W. ROBB & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants,
39 Columbia street,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

RESPECTFULLY invite the attention of Merchants, Druggists, Grocers, Hotel Keepers, &c., to our large and general assortment of

GROCERIES.
Also, a full stock of
Liquors, Wines, & Segars.

All of which we are prepared to sell at New York Jobbing Prices, with the addition of the Transportation.

N. B. All kinds of Produce and Merchandise sold on Commission.

☞ Consignments solicited and prompt returns guaranteed.
y50 J. W. ROBB & Co.

On hand and arriving for J. W. ROBB & Co.,

25 Hhds. N. O Sugar,	20 bags Pepper,
15 do P R do	10 do Pimento,
10 Tierces, Cuba do	25 boxes Gro. Pepper,
100 bbls. Crushed do	25 do do Pimento,
30 do Pow'd do	100 do No 1 Herring,
25 do Granulated do	100 do Scaled do
50 do Coffee crush do	50 do Layer Raisins,
50 do Grocer's Syrup,	50 do M R do
30 do Golden do	30 half do do
20 do Portland do	25 qr do do do
20 do P R Molasses,	100 mats Cassia,
30 do N O do	50 bales Cott. Wick,
300 bags Rio Coffee,	30 do do twine,
100 do Laguaira do	100 bbls Tar,
50 pockets O G Java do	25 do Tanners' Oil,
50 half chests Y H Tea,	50 boxes Mustard,
25 do Imperial do	25 do Cream Tartar,
20 do G P do	50 do No. 1 Soap,
25 do Black do	30 do Toilet do
100 caddies Imp & Bld. do	10 do Castille do
100 boxes Tobacco 10s, 10s, & 5s,	100 do T D Pipes,
	100 do K N do
50 kegs Ky. 6 twist	Alum, Madder, Copperas,
200 boxes Star Candles,	Orange, Green, Chrome
110 do Pearl Starch,	Yellow, Extract Logwood,
50 do Pepper Sauce,	Citrons, Figs, British
20 do Tomato Catsup,	Lustre, Nutmegs, Cloves,
10 do No. 1 Chocolate,	&c., &c.

Also, a fine stock of
Foreign and Domestic Liquors and Cigars.
J. W. ROBB & Co.

Wholesale & Retail Liquor Store.
W. P. ANTHONY,
No. 63 Columbia street, Fort Wayne, Ind.,
DEALER IN
Choice Family Groceries,
CONFECTIONERY,
Finest Imported Brandies,
And Foreign and Domestic
WINES AND CHAMPAGNE.

☞ Highest Cash Price paid for HIDES, FURS and PELTRIES. y47

Oak Grove Retreat.

THE subscriber has taken the beautiful Grove and premises on the Van Wert road, west of the Lutheran Seminary, half a mile east of Fort Wayne and fitted it up as

Pleasure Grounds,
for the accommodation of the public.

Lemon Beer, Ginger Beer, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

PIC-NIC PARTIES

Will be accommodated with ICE CREAM, and such other refreshments as they may require, and can, if they chose, bring their own provisions, or have them furnished on reasonable terms.
JOHN BROOKER.
June 21. 3 y51

The Cheap Boot & Shoe Store
No. 2 Phenix Block, Calhoun Street,
(KNOWN AS JACOBS' SHOE STORE.)

THE subscribers having bought out the stock of Mr. Jacobs, and received in addition a large new supply, offer for sale a general assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES
At very low Prices.



The Stock includes all the newest and most seasonable styles, from the best eastern manufactories.

A bountiful supplies will be constantly received, so as to keep the assortment complete.

Being practical workmen themselves, they give particular attention to

Home Made & Custom Work
and can warrant their articles to be well and faithfully made, and of the best materials.

Calf and Kip Boots, Stogies, Brogans, and Ladies wear of all kinds,

kept on hand or made to measure.
VORDERMARK & Co.
May 30, 1856. y-48

CARIER & WEHMER,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.,

ARE now opening at the corner of Calhoun and Canal streets, two doors north of H. B. Reed's, on the Canal, and will keep constantly on hand a large stock and each variety of articles in their line, and of the best quality, both foreign and domestic, to which they would call the particular attention of both the city and country trade.

CHEAP PRICES!

Please give us a call.
y25 CARIER & WEHMER.

Who Wants a Home,
and Ten Years to pay for it?

I WILL sell all that part of the well known Kercheval Reserve, laying in St Joseph Township, containing 313 acres, in lots to suit purchasers. The land is of the best quality, and well timbered with Poplar, Walnut, Oak, Ash, &c. I have a Saw Mill on the adjoining premises, so that all the logs can be put into cash. The wood will pay well to haul to Fort Wayne.

TERMS—Those that will go on to improve their land will have two years credit on the first payment by paying the interest annually in advance. The principal will then be required in eight equal payments at three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine and ten years from time of purchase.

Purchasers can, if they wish, rent portions of improved farm adjoining, until they get their land cleared.

For particulars inquire of the subscriber, living in the Steam Saw Mill adjoining, four miles east of Fort Wayne, on the north side of the Maumee river.
JOHN T. [illegible]
July 25

THE largest and best selected stock of CARPETS in this city. Call and see.
Super, 3 ply Carpets,
Tapestry Ingrain,
S S S 2 ply Ingrain,
S. " "
and Stair Carpets,
Also, 4½ and 6½ Floor Oil Cloths and Floor Matting, at ORFF'S.

THE BEST BOOK FOR AGENTS.
To Persons out of Employment.

An Elegant Gift for a Father to present to his Family.

☞ Send for One Copy, and try it among your friends.

WANTED—Agents to circulate *Sear's large type quarto Bible,* For Family use, entitled

THE PEOPLES' PICTORIAL DOMESTIC BIBLE.

This useful Book is destined, if we can form an opinion from the Notices of the press, to have an unprecedented circulation in every section of our wide-spread continent, and to form a distinct era in the sale of our works. It will, no doubt, in a few years become *The Family Bible of the American People.*

☞ The most liberal remuneration will be allowed to all persons who may be pleased to procure subscribers to the above. From 50 to 100 copies may easily be circulated and sold in each of the principal cities and towns of the Union. IT WILL BE SOLD BY SUBSCRIPTION ONLY.

☞ Application should be made at once, as the field will be soon occupied.

☞ Persons wishing to act as Agents, and do a safe business, can send for a Specimen copy.

☞ On receipt of the established price, Six Dollars the *Pictorial Family Bible* with a well bound Subscription Book, will be carefully boxed, and forwarded per express, at our risk and expense, to any central town or village in the United States, excepting those of California, Oregon and Texas.

☞ Register your letters, and your Money will come safe.

☞ Orders respectfully solicited. For further particulars, address the subscriber (post paid)
ROBERT SEARS,
181 William street, New York.



FAIRBANKS' CELEBRATED SCALES.
Fort Wayne, Ind.,
COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co., Agents.
189 Broadway, — New York,
FAIRBANKS & Co., Agents.
April 12, 1857 1y41

GINGHAMS, Lawns, Brilliants, and White Goods in great variety. J. & C. ORFF.

DRESS GOODS—Challis, Berages, Lawns, Ginghams, Silks, De Laines, &c.—new styles, just received at ORFF'S.

READY MADE SHIRTS.

10 DOZEN fine shirts, with real Linen Bosoms and made in the best manner, just received at ABBOTT'S.

Also, 20 Do. [illegible] Linen Bosoms that we sell for what the linen would cost, at the Boston Dry Good Store. WM. T. ABBOTT.

MACAULAY'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND—3d and 4th volumes just published. For sale by C. L. HILL.

PIE FRUITS—Peaches, Cherries, Strawberries, Raspberries, Pine Apples, &c., in bottles, retaining the flavor of fresh fruit. An excellent article for pies. For sale by
Dec 1st, 1855. SHOAFF & HANNA.

FINE M. R. RAISINS by wholesale half or 20 Boxes, at S. & H'S.

TWO tons Western Reserve CHEESE at S. & H'S.

1000 Bags DRY APPLES at a low figure, at S. & H'S.

500 Bags DRY PEACHES at a low figure, at S. & H'S.

200 Bar els assorted WINTER APPLES at S. & H'S.

500 Barrels SALT, coarse and fine, at S. & H'S.

50 Barrels Pure CIDER VINEGAR, at S. & H'S.

LIVERPOOL BUTTER SALT at S. & H'S.

NATURAL PRESERVES in Cans and Bottles, at S. & H's.

PIE FRUITS, at S. & H's.

MALTBY'S celebrated OYSTERS, at S. & H's.

SAM. Shoaff's Camden FLOUR, at S. & H's.
January 18, 1856.

NAILS—500 kegs assorted, best brands, just received at R. W. TAYLOR'S.

STEEL CAST English and American, Blister, Spring, Shear, Plow and German Steel, at R. W. TAYLOR.

A. T. STEBBINS. B. STEBBINS.

A. T. STEBBINS & CO.
IMPORTERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
CROCKERY,
CHINA, GLASSWARE, LAMPS,
LOOKING GLASSES, CASTORS, &c.
Under Colerick's Hall Fort Wayne, Ind.
Dec. 15 1855 1y21

ONE HOTEL STOVE worth $90, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

HATS—Palm Leaf, Straw, Panama, and the celebrated [illegible] Hat, just received at ORFF'S.

New and Cheap Goods.
J. PIERR,
No. 1 Phenix Block, Calhoun Street,

HAS received and is now opening his SPRING SUPPLY OF NEW GOODS, consisting of a complete assortment of

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods,
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
Choice Family Groceries,
Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, &c., &c.

In a word, almost every thing the purchaser may need to supply the wants of himself and family.—His Goods are *selected* with special reference to the wants of the Fort Wayne market. In QUALITY, they are not surpassed by any house in the city. In PRICE, they will be sold as Cheap as the Cheapest. These statements are no *Humbug*, and all are invited to call and examine for themselves, and find out the Truth of what he says.
May 1 th, 1856

NEW GOODS
At No. 71 corner of Columbia & Clinton Streets
GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE,
SUCCESSORS TO A. GOSHORN,

ARE now receiving their large assortment of Goods, consisting in part of the following articles to which we would respectfully call the attention of the public generally, and the Ladies in particular:

BLACK SILKS, 900 yards, purchased at reduced prices and sold at the same by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

850 Yards Plaid Striped BROCADE and plain Silks of different qualities, at low prices, by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

1000 Yards DE LAINES, Berage De Laines and Sandy Berages, cheap at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGES.

LAWNS—500 pieces of plain and printed Lawns, from 6 to 25 cts. per yard, by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

CALICOES—500 pieces of Merimack and Calicoes, the best styles, at 10 cts. per yard, by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE

BROCHA WHITE CRAPE and Silk SHAWLS at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

BONNETS and Bonnet Ribbons, a large assortment. GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE

GINGHAMS. 1200 yards English, French and domestic Ginghams, from 12½ to 25 cts. per yard, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

PRINTS—400 pieces Prints from 5 to 10 cts. per yard, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

PLAIN and Dotted Swiss and Book Muslins, Jaconets and Lawns, GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

EMBROIDERIES—French Collars Swiss Bands, Flouncing Muslin, Insertions and Edgings, for sale at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

WHITE and colored KID GLOVES; Silk, Girl, and Cotton Gloves and Hosiery cheap GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE

200 PARASOLS of all qualities at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S

SUMMER GOODS for Men's Wear, and a large assortment of Clothes, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

CROCKERY, Looking Glasses and Glassware, a large assortment, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

GROCERIES of all kinds, a good assortment, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

CLOCKS and Yankee Notions, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S

We would mention that the above articles are but a very small part of our stock, as it is too numerous to mention; and if you will just give us a call, we will sell you goods at such low prices as will astonish you. Don't mistake the place. It is the store owned by Hamilton and Williams, that was once so celebrated for selling goods cheap, and we intend to keep up the reputation of the old stand.

All kinds of PRODUCE and cash taken in exchange for Goods.
GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.
Fort Wayne, May 7, 1856 y46

BONNETS—The largest and most tasty assortment, and cheapest, can be found at ORFF'S.

PARLOR COOKING STOVES.—You will find three kinds of these Stoves at BRANDRIFF'S.

A FULL stock of QUEENSWARE, from a common sett of Tea for 25 cents, to a China Tea sett at $30, at ORFF'S.

Doors, Blinds, & Sash.

THE undersigned hereby give notice that they will continue to manufacture at their old stand, a few rods north of the City Mills, and have on hand a large lot of Doors, Blinds, and Sash, which they will sell cheap for cash, all of which they will warrant to be as good as any made elsewhere.

We respectfully invite a call from those in want of such articles.

☞ Blind Slats got out to order at all times.
FRONFIELD & TODD.
Fort Wayne, June 20, 1856. 6m51

NEW GOODS
At the well known CHEAP No. 84.

C. A. GREY has received his spring supply, and offers, at his usual low prices, a beautiful and serviceable assortment of

DRESS GOODS

De Laines, Ginghams, Calicoes of very superior quality and beautiful styles, &c., &c.

SUMMER GOODS

of the very best description: Drillings, Cottonades, [illegible], &c.; a full assortment, good and cheap.

Muslins, Summer Shawls, Ribbons, Trimmings, &c.

In short, a full and general stock of the best Dry Goods, and for sale at the very lowest prices, as will be seen by examining the goods.

Panama, Leghorn, and Palm Leaf Hats.

Cotton Knitting Yarn, Hosiery, Umbrelas, &c.

Groceries, Queensware & Hardware.

☞ Call at No. 84, and secure good Bargains
May 21,

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Groceries,
Corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets.
FORT WAYNE, IND.
JONAS W. TOWNLEY. ROBERT W. TOWNLEY.

A CARD.

WE take this opportunity of saying to our customers and the public, that we now have in store one of the largest and best assorted stock of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES

ever offered by us in this market.

Our facilities for buying in the Eastern Markets are unsurpassed by any other house in the State—One of our firm, JONAS W. TOWNLEY, devotes his whole time to the purchase of Goods in the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Market, which enables us, instead of purchasing and receiving all our Goods at one time, to have

New Goods arrive almost every day!

We have, this Spring, received over seven hundred packages of goods, and more are on the way.

Our assortment will be found complete in each department, and we invite the attention of *Merchants in town or country, Farmers, Mechanics, and the public* in general, to give us a call, and we assure them our aim will be to give them Goods in our line, at

Wholesale or Retail,

as cheap as they can be afforded in this market.

One Price, and no abatement.
J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.
Fort Wayne, April 19th, 1856.

CLOTHING
At Wholesale and Retail.

BOSTIC & BOLMAN have just received their entire stock of

Ready-Made Summer Clothing,

consisting of every article in their line, from a Linen Coat up to the finest of French Broad Cloth. The same in Vests and Pants.

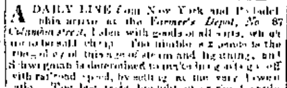
Also the choicest stock of PIECE GOODS ever brought to the West, which they will make to measure on the most reasonable terms for cash, and WARRANT A FIT every time. Their work is made according to the latest Fashions, which they receive every three months.

They also have a general assortment of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

Together with a large lot of Hats, Caps, Trunks, &c.
No. 93 Columbia st., Fort Wayne.
April 28 1856

Spring Arrangement.—1856
FARMERS' EXPRESS LINE



A DAILY LINE from New York and Philadelphia arrive at the *Farmer's Depot, No. 87 Columbia street*, laden with goods of all sorts, which are to be sold cheap. [illegible] this age of steam and lightning, and Schwegman is determined to move his goods off with railroad speed, by selling at the very lowest rates. The last train brought an extraordinarily beautiful and fashionable stock of

SPRING GOODS

Such as Berages, Lawns, Brilliants, Ginghams, De Laines, Silks, Challis, Robes, and other Dress Goods of the newest and latest styles. Bonnets in great variety. Ribbons, Artificials, and Trimmings of all sorts.

Visettes and Mantillas, Black Silk, Colored do., Lace, &c., a splendid assortment, will be sold cheap.

Also, a full stock of Staple Goods, Summer Wear in profusion, and every thing else in the line of Dry Goods.

Call and examine. We charge nothing for exhibiting.
H. R. SCHWEGMAN.
April 19.

WALL PAPER.

C. L. HILL is now receiving a large and beautiful assortment of Wall Paper and *Bordering* of the latest and richest patterns.
June 25, 1856.

BARK! BARK!

WE will pay the following prices for any amount of WHITE, BLACK or BURR OAK BARK delivered either at our Store on *Columbia street*, under the Telegraph office, or at our Tannery on the Feeder Canal:

White Oak, per Cord	$3 00
Black " "	4 00
Burr " "	2 00

Fort Wayne, April 19, 1856. H. C. GREY & Co.

SHOAFF & HANNA,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Family Groceries and Provisions.

COFFEE by the Sack. N O Sugar by the Hogshead or barrel. N O Molasses by the Barrel. Pulverized Sugar by the Barrel. Crushed Sugar by the Barrel. Stewart's Golden Syrup by the Barrel, at SHOAFF & HANNA'S

CITY ORDERS for sale by S. B. BARKER & Co.
Enquire of
Dec. 7 B. W. OAKLEY & SON

New Spring Goods
AT THE
BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE.

25 CASES of New Goods has just opened as above, comprising every thing that is new, desirable, unique, and beautiful in Dress Silks, Challies, Berage De Laines, Berages, Grenadines, Tissues, Jaconets, Lawns, Brilliants, [illegible] Ginghams, Prints, Shawls, Mantillas, Bonnets, Flowers, Ribbons, Parasols, Hosiery, Gloves, Trimming, &c., &c.

ALSO—A splendid assortment of White Goods, Embroideries, Bleached Muslins, Bleached and Brown Linen Table Covers, and Napkins. All of which are offered at less prices than goods of the same quality can be purchased elsewhere. All are invited to call and examine for themselves at 75 Columbia street.
WM. T. ABBOTT.

R. W. TAYLOR,
Dealer in Foreign and Domestic
Hardware, Iron, Nails, Glass,
and all kinds of Produce,
123 Columbia Street.
FORT WAYNE, IND.

60 Pieces CARPETS,
10 Pieces OIL CLOTHS,
10 Pieces MATTING,
For sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.
April 19, 1856.

GLASSWARE.

JUST received, a complete assortment of Glass Dishes of the latest patterns. In connection with this, I have on hand a large assortment of QUEENSWARE, which will be sold cheap at No. 87 Columbia street. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

JOCQUEL & WEBER,
DEALERS IN
STOVES,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Tin, Copper, Brass and Sheet Iron Ware,

At the new Tin Shop, Sign of the big Coffee Pot, Calhoun St., opposite the Auction Room,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Spouting, Troughing, and all kinds of Job Work done to order y37

MAYER HOUSE,
Formerly Palo Alto
H. B. GARTIN Proprietor,
FORT WAYNE, IND.,
Corner of Wayne and Calhoun Streets.

☞ Omnibus to convey passengers to and from the Cars.

ROCKHILL HOUSE,
By PHILO RUMSEY,
Corner of Broadway and Main Streets,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
January 20th, 1855. y36

[illegible]DEKIN HOUSE,
[illegible]er Street, near Columbia,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

THE undersigned having leased the above well known House for a term of years, respectfully inform the public, that they have refitted and furnished the same anew, and intend it shall not be surpassed by any House in the West.
CALVIN ANDERSON,
JOHN J. KNOX.

☞ Omnibus to convey Passengers to and from the Packets and Cars without charge. y46

HUMPHREY & HURD,
Carpenters and Joiners,

HEREBY give notice to their friends and all whom it may concern, that they manufacture to order at their shop, nearly opposite the Rockhill House *Doors, Blinds, Window Sash*, and all other kinds of work usually in their line of business. Having the most extensive assortment and the very best of machinery driven by steam of any establishment in this vicinity, they are prepared to execute all orders with dispatch and at the lowest prices. Give us a call.
Fort Wayne, April 11th, 1856 y41

BLINDS AND SASH
CHEAPEST AT HOME.

MAKERS of *Blinds* in Toledo and other places, and their agents here represent their work *cheaper* than any made here. To those in want of such articles, we would say we are prepared to furnish BETTER WORK at prices that will compare *all the time* with any made abroad, and respectfully invite a call.
HUMPHREY & HURD
Fort Wayne, April 11th, 1856. y41.

GREAT BARGAINS!!

WE are offering all of our last year Barages, Barage De Laines and Challies at a great sacrifice being determined to clear out every piece of old goods.

Barage De Laines worth 25 we will sell for 12½. Challies and Barages worth from 3s to 4s we will sell for 20 cents do do worth from 20 cts to 5s we sell for 2[illegible]

Now is the time to buy as we are disposing of them very rapidly. WM. T. ABBOTT.
April 25th, 1856.

DRAKE & BOURIE'S
EMPORIUM.

WE are now receiving a very choice lot of FAMILY GROCERIES, the most complete and full ever brought to this city, comprising all kinds of

Salt and Fresh Water Fish,
GROCERIES,
PRESERVES, PICKLES, FRUITS, PROVISIONS,
COUNTRY PRODUCE, &c., &c.,

For city and country trade, which for price and quality cannot be beat.

We have arrangements to receive in season all kinds of

Domestic and Foreign Fruits,
And any thing rich, rare and racy.

We aim to keep the *best of every article*, and TELL THE TRUTH to customers in all cases, if we fail in a sale therefor, and strictly adhere to

One uniform Price to All.
DRAKE & BOURIE.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 15th, 1855.

JOHN ORFF S. D. LACEY

EMPIRE MILLS,
At St. Mary's Aqueduct,
FORT WAYNE.

THE subscribers having taken the Stone Mills, lately occupied by S. Edsall, are prepared to do a general Milling and Custom Business. Flour delivered to any part of the City free of charge. Orders can be left either at the Mill or at Orff's Store, No. 3.

Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Shipstuffs, and Bran constantly on hand.

The highest Market Price paid for good sound Wheat.
ORFF & LACEY,
Feb. 1, 1856. y—

NEW WINTER GOODS
AT THE
New York Cash Store.

WE are under thanks to this community for their liberal patronage since we commenced business. We are now receiving from NEW YORK a large stock of WINTER GOODS, comprising an assortment of

Domestic and Staple Dry Goods,
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
And Trimmings, Furs in setts, Bonnets and Millinery Goods, Fancy Articles for Holydays Presents, &c.

We have now a full stock of all Goods in our line which will be sold at less price that can be bought elsewhere.
Dec 15 1855. S. C. EVANS & Co.

WAYNE
Cabinet and Chair Manufactory.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, that they have recently commenced business, and have taken the extensive ware and cabinet shops formerly occupied by Mr. B. H. Tower, where they offer at wholesale or retail, a large assortment of Goods in their line, consisting of

Cabinetware, Chairs, Mattrasses, &c.

made in the newest styles, by the most experienced workmen, and of the best materials. Their facilities for manufacturing are such as to enable them to sell their articles at a very low rate. Dealers wanting Cabinet Furniture are invited to call and examine our assortment before they purchase, as we feel assured that the quality and price of our articles will be found worthy of their attention.

We have in operation

Woodworth's Steam Planing Machine,

and are prepared to execute any thing in this line with great dispatch, and at very low rates. Always on hand and for sale, at our Manufactory on the south side of the Canal, a great variety of FLOORING, at reasonable prices. DESBY & Co.
Dec 15, 1855. 1y25

ROBINSON'S
New Brick Store
At the Old Stand in Fort Wayne.

This Wholesale and Retail

Boot & Shoe Manufactory
AND LEATHER STORE

IS the most extensive establishment of the kind in this part of the country.

My Retail Room

is spacious and well filled from the stock of the White Satin, Boots, French Kid and [illegible] Slippers, to the Fancy Gaiters and Street Boots.

Merchants & Shoe Dealers

can be supplied at low rates [illegible] in Eastern Jobbing Houses, as I purchase direct from the Manufactures in Eastern Villages where [illegible] customers buy their stock; and when my own

HOME MADE WORK

is added to the Eastern, a better stock is furnished.

Also: Sole Leather, Upper, Calf Skins, Kip Skins, Linings, Bindings, Lasts, Pegs and Findings.

Cash paid for Hides & Skins.
JAMES H. ROBINSON.
Fort Wayne, Ind, Dec 25, 1855.

Continued from the First Page.

—making with the amount previously paid, $157 365; or about *one-sixth* of the whole amount claimed by Fremont and his colleagues in the in the work of depleting the Treasury.

The Board disallowed $157.317 of the amount claimed, and suspended $307.927 *for want of testimony or explanation.*

By far the larger portion of these claims were for cattle and horses purporting to have been furnished to Fremont for Government use. For instance:

M. G. Vallejo claims the following specific amounts for horses, cattle, arms, &c:

$23,750
82,625
143,300

Making in all . . . . $250 675.

Julio Carrillo, claims $17,500 for horses.
Cayetano Juarez, $10,590 for the same.
Salvador Vallejo, $53,100 for the same.
Bruno Bernal, $10,750 for cattle and horses.
Victor Castro, $12,912 for horses and cattle.
J. J. Castro, $8,516.
M. J. Sanchez, $9,030.
J. B. Alvarado, $15 605.
J. R. Gonzales, $26,200.
V. P. Gomez, $11,231.

And many other various sums, from $500 up to $20,000, for the same species of property.

Now as Fremont had a very small force under his command in California in 1846-'47, we may well enquire what became of the immense number of horses and cattle which he pretended to have bought for the use of government!

The board of officers who made the report from which the above statement is copied, evidently regarded the greater portion of the claims as fraudulent, inasmuch as they recommended the payment of the claims as fraudulent, inasmuch as they recommended the payment of only $8,329, in addition to the $149,236 already paid—or $157,365 in all—being *less than one sixth* of the amount claimed by Fremont to be due from the United States Government to those very honest gentlemen and sharpers with whom he associated himself on his arrival in California in 1846.

The average price paid for horses in California in 1846-'47, was $20 apiece—for cattle $8 apiece. At this rate the simplest reader will perceive that an enormous number of and cattle must have been furnished to Fremont, to justify him in presenting the claims referred to in the Report of the Board of Officers from which our extracts are derived. Yet our whole force in California for which these supplies are presumed to be furnished, was extremely small. It was certainly not over 1000 men. What disposition could so small a force make of more than half a million of dollars worth of horses and cattle in one year?

The Real Objects of the Black Republican Convention.—John P. Hale, of New Hampshire, a delegate to the Black Republican Convention of June 17th, which nominated Fremont, congratulated the convention upon the spirit of unanimity with which it had done its work. In the course of his remarks he said:

"I believe that this is not so much a convention to change the administration of the government, but to say whether there shall be any government to be administered. You have assembled not to say whether the Union shall be preserved, but, to say whether it shall be a blessing or a scorn and a hissing among the nations."

The utterer of these sentiments is one of the most prominent men in the Black Republican party, and his expressions, therefore may be considered as reflecting fully the views of that organization. The main object of the convention which nominated Fremont, according to this high negro-worshipping authority, was "to say whether there shall be any government to be administered."

Fremont in California.—The following from the Sacramento State Journal, needs no comment:

"The nomination of John C. Fremont by the Black Republicans occasions more amusement than serious reflection in California. The nomination is esteemed a very shabby affair; men grin up their noses at it, and say 'Pshaw!' He will not receive tax of the forty thousand settler votes in the State, and, indeed, we greatly question whether he will be able to carry a single precinct. The people of California know him, and such a prophet is without honor in his own country."

To Destroy Cockroaches.—Mr. Tewsbury, of Nottingham, England, in a letter to the Manx Sun, says:—I forward an easy, clean, and certain method of eradicating those insects from dwelling houses. A few years ago my house was infested with cockroaches (or clocks, as they are called here, and I was recommended to try cucumber peelings as a remedy. I accordingly immediately before bed time, strewed the floor of those parts of the house most infested with the vermin with the green peel, cut not very thin from the cucumber, and sat up half an hour later than usual to watch the effect.—Before the expiration of that time the floor where the peel lay was completely covered with cockroaches, so much so, that the vegetable could not be seen, so voraciously were they engaged in sucking the poisonous moisture from it. I adopted the same plan the following night, but my visitors were not so numerous—I should think not more than a fourth of the previous night.

"On the third night I did not discover one; but anxious to ascertain whether the house was quite clear of them, I examined the peel after I had laid it down about half an hour and perceived that it was covered with myriads of minute cockroaches about the size of a flea. I therefore allowed the peel to lie till morning, and from that moment I have not seen a cockroach in the house. It is a very old building and I am certain that the above remedy only requires to be persevered in for three or four nights to completely eradicate the pest. Of course it should be fresh cucumber peel every night."

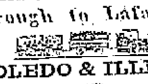
Another infallible way to destroy cockroaches and beetles is to strew the roots of black helebore on the floor at night. Next morning they will be found in vast quantities dead or dying, for they never fail to eat the poisonous plant when they can get at it. Black helebore can be had at any herb shop, and care should be taken while it is used, as it is a deadly poison.—*Western Agriculturalist.*

Water-Proof Clothing.—To those of our readers who desire to furnish their negroes with water-proof clothing, during the cotton-picking season, it will be interesting to know that twenty thousand tunics, now being prepared for the French army, are according to a recent statement of Mr. Payen, a chemist of some note, rendered water-proof by the aid of alum and sugar of lead, without the use of India-rubber or gutta-percha, or any other gums or oils. The process is very simple, and is claimed to render any species of tissue water-proof—Dissolve two pounds and a half of alum in four gallons of water; dissolve, also, in a separate vessel, the same weight of acetate of lead in the same quantity of water.—When both are thoroughly dissolved mix the solutions together, and when the sulfate of lead resulting from this mixture has been precipitated to the bottom of the vessel in the form of powder, pour off the solution, and plunge into it the tissue to be rendered water-proof. Wash and rub it well during a few minutes, and hang it in the air to dry.—*Soil of the South.*

A *Tight Place.*—During a thunder storm in the town of Berne N. Y, on Tuesday, the electric fluid struck an apple tree, against which a man by the name of Lawrence was leaning. It split the tree from top to bottom making a slit large enough to let Mr L. slip in about a foot, immediately sprang too, and held him as tight as if he had been in a steel trap. Before he could be extricated, a resort to axes and crowbars became necessary. This is probably one of the tightest places Mr L ever got into.

The Boston Post has credit for the last liquid remedy for baldness, as follows: "Use brandy externally until the hair grows, and then take it eternally to *clench the roots.*"

Through to Lafayette!



TOLEDO & ILLINOIS
AND
LAKE ERIE, WABASH & ST. LOUIS R. R.
TWO TRAINS DAILY!

THE MAIL EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Toledo daily, at 11 30 A. M.; Fort Wayne at 4 00 P.M; arrives at Lafayette at 9 20 P. M. Leaves Lafayette at 4 30 A M; Fort Wayne at 9 30 A M; arrives at Toledo at 2 00 P. M.

Accommodation Train

Leaves Toledo at 11 30 P M; Fort Wayne, 7 15 A M; arrives at Lafayette at 5 00 P. M.
Leaves Lafayette at 2 00 P M; Fort Wayne, 11 30 ...; arrives at Toledo at 7.30 A. M.

Trains connect at Toledo with trains of the Cleveland & Toledo Railroad, for CLEVELAND, DUNKIRK BUFFALO, ALBANY, NEW YORK and BOSTON

C. & S. R. R.
LEAVE TOLEDO:

Southern Division.		*Northern Division.*	
Express	9 50 A M	Mail	7 20 A.M.
Mail	4 00 P M	Express	4 50 P M.
Freight	5 15 P M.	Freight	3 30 P.M

The Michigan Southern Railroad Company splendid Steamers *Empire State Northern Indiana and Southern Michigan* form a daily line between Toledo and Buffalo, leaving Toledo every morning at ... arriving in Buffalo in season for the Express Trains for New York the next morning. There is also a daily line of Steamboats from

TODEDO TO DETROIT.

Passengers leaving Toledo, via Cleveland and Toledo Railroad at 4 50 P. M., arrive in Buffalo in season for the 5.30 A. M. Express Train on N. York Central Railroad, arriving in Albany at 4 P. M. in New York by Hudson River Railroad at 9 20 P. M., and in Boston by Western Railroad at 1 A. M. Or leaving Toledo at same time, arrive in Dunkirk in time for the 5 30 A. M. Express Train on N. York & Erie Railroad, arriving in New York at 10.20 P M.
GEO. H. BURROWS, Sup't.
July 5th, 1856. y5

JUST received by express, a splendid assortment of fine all wool LONG SHAWLS, to be sold lower than ever, at No. 87 Columbia street, by H. R. S.

I HAVE on hand 300 pounds of good life Geese FEATHERS, and a first rate article of Bed Tickings to fill them in, for sale at No. 87 Columbia street. H. R. S.

DRIED FRUIT.
150 Bushels Dried Apples,
50 " " Peaches,
For sale at H. R. SCHWEGMAN'S.

BLACKSMITH, Joiners, Coopers, and Wagon Makers TOOLS, for sale by R. W. TAYLOR.

CHAINS—Cable, Log, Binding, Trace and Halter Chains, at R. W. TAYLOR.

SWEDES IRON—A large stock of nearly all sizes can be found at R. W. TAYLOR.

ANVILS, Sledges, Bellows, Vices Stock and Dies, and a general assortment of Blacksmith's Tools, R. W. TAYLOR.

AXES—Simmons' and Lippencott's, Ohio and Mishawaka Pattern, at R. W. TAYLOR.

BROAD AXES of various brands can be had at R. W. TAYLOR.

PLANES—Smoothing, Jack, Jointers, Fore and Match Planes, just received by R. W. TAYLOR.

ADZES—Hunt & Simmons's celebrated Adzes at R. W. TAYLOR

LANTERNS—the best assortment in town can be had at R. W. Taylor.

SHOT—50 bags assorted numbers, for sale low by R. W. Taylor.

LEAD PIPE—from 1 to 21 inches, for sale low by R. W. Taylor.

WINDOW GLASS—several hundred boxes of all sizes and best brands, for sale at a small advance on manufacturer's prices. R. W. Taylor.

SASH—Pine on Poplar, a very large stock for sale at manufacturer's prices. R. W. Taylor

SAWS—Hoe, Patent, Ground, Mill and Circular Saws, together with Rowland's and other brands R. W. Taylor.

SEAT SPRINGS—light and heavy, for sale by R. W. Taylor.

AXLES and BUGGIES SPRINGS of nearly all sizes can be found at R. W. Taylor's.

KETTLES—Brass and Porcelaine, at R. W. Taylor's.

LEAD—3000 lbs, Stamped Bar Lead, just received by R. W. Taylor.

IRON—A complete assortment of bar, round and square, oval, half-round, band, high, &c. R. W. Taylor.

SPIKES—Wrought and Cut, from 3 to 8 inches Spikes, at R. W. Taylor

WATER LIME. The Oswego and Sandusky City Water Lime, for sale by R. W. Taylor.

100 Sacks RIO COFFEE,
20 chests Tea, various kinds,
150 boxes Glass, assorted sizes,
80 boxes Tobacco, choice brands,
20 bbl. Cut and Dry Tobacco,
40 boxes M. R. Raisins,
50 quarter boxes do,
20 bbls Golden Syrup,
Oranges, Lemons, &c.
100 bundle Wrapping Paper, assorted sizes;
A supply of Cap and Letter Paper.
The above GOODS, together with a general assortment of GROCERIES, are now being received and will be sold to the country trade Low.
WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,
Wholesale Grocers, No. 85 Columbia street,
April 14, 1855 Fort Wayne.

NEW CARPETINGS.
20 PIECES new style all Wool Carpetings just received at the Boston Dry Goods Store, which gives us the best assortment ever offered in this market, and for sale at eastern prices by WM. T. ABBOTT.
April 25th.

NEW GOODS.
No. 79 GRANITE STORE. **OAKLEY & SON,** No. 79 GRANITE STORE.
(Successors to Oakley & French,)
WOULD respectfully say to their friends and the public, that they are now receiving their Spring and Summer stock of Goods, which (they flatter themselves) is more complete than ever before offered in this market.
We have a very fine assortment of Table and Pocket
CUTLERY.
A superior stock of all kinds of Culinary ware—A large supply of
HOUSE TRIMMINGS,
Locks, Latches, Butts, Screws, and all the little etceteries necessary to Trim a Cabin or Mansion.
We would call the attention of Railroad Contractors to our stock of Shovels, Mattocks, Spades' Crowbars, and many other implements in their line.
A good assortment of Carpenter's, Cooper's Blacksmith's and other tools of the newest styles, and most improved patterns. *Warranted*
We have a large stock of best Cast Steel Hoes (Tuttle's genuine), Scythes, Cradles, and all other implements for farming kept in Hardware Stores.
We wish to assure our friends that our Stock is very large, *well* selected in view of *this market*, and purchased direct of the *manufacturers* or of the *importers*. In all cases we get our goods of *first hands*, hereby saving one *profit*, of which we are willing to give our customers the benefit.

STOVES.



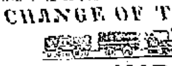
We have received a fine assortment, and our supply will be kept up all summer.
We are prepared to supply Merchants with any quantity of
TIN-WARE
at short notice; and all orders for our goods will be put up with dispatch and correctness, at prices that will be advantageous to the purchasers.
We are prepared to do *all* kinds of Job, or House work in the Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron line. All work warranted.
April 14th, 1855.

Fort Wayne & Chicago R.R.



CHANGE OF TIME.
ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 31st of March, the accommodation train will leave Fort Wayne every evening, at 6 o'clock (Sundays excepted) after the arrival of the trains from Crestline and Toledo, arriving at Columbia at 7 15.
Returning, the train will leave Columbia at 8 o'clock A. M., and arrive at Fort Wayne at 9 15, in time for the Eastern Trains.
J. L. WILLIAMS, Chief Engineer.
Fort Wayne, Feb 19 1856 tf—32

CHANGE OF TIME.



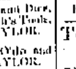
OHIO & INDIANA
RAILROAD.
Passenger Trains from and after Thursday, 30th inst., will leave Fort Wayne every morning (Sundays excepted) at 9 20 arriving at Forest on the Cincinnati, Dayton, and Sandusky Railroad at 2 20, when trains pass north and south at 2 30, giving time for dinner, and arriving at Crestline at 4 30 P M, connecting with out delay with trains for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Columbus arriving at
Cleveland at 6 P M
Pittsburg, " 12 50 A M
Columbus, " 8 05 P M
Cincinnati, " 7 30 "
Tickets sold to all the cities and important towns on the most as low as by any other route, at the Ticket Office of the O & I Railroad, at the old Packet Office at Fort Wayne, by S. S. MORSS, *Agent.*
Freight trains leave *Fort* Wayne every morning at ... A M and arrive at Crestline at 5 P M. when Freight trains leave same evening for Cleveland at 8 22, and for Pittsburg at 9 P. M.
Stock should leave Fort Wayne on the morning of Tuesday, Thursdays, and Saturdays, to ensure good connections with the other Stock trains.
J. R. STRAUGHAN, *Sup't*

FARE.

To New York,	$16 60	To Indianapolis,	$8 00
" Philadelphia,	16 10	" Sandusky City,	
" Pittsburgh,	7 50	" Toledo,	4 00
" Cincinnati,	6 10	" Cleveland,	5 75
" Dayton,	5 00	" Columbus,	5 00

Aug 29, 1855 9

New Livery Stable.



THE firm of Link & Co. being dissolved, the subscriber informs his friends that he continues the Livery Stable, north side of the Canal, west of Story's Foundry, on his own account and keeps for hire
BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES
of the latest and neatest styles. Also, first-rate
Saddle and Carriage Horses.
His charges will be moderate, and he hopes, by courtesy and attention, to merit a share of public support.
W. H. LINK
Fort Wayne, Dec. 22, 1855 y25

To the Stockholders of the Fort Wayne & Mississippi R.R.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the assessment of 10 per cent. heretofore made on the cash subscriptions to the Fort Wayne & Mississippi Railroad must be paid to the undersigned, on or before the 1st day of March next. A further instalment of 5 per cent. per month is also required to be paid on the 1st of each month succeeding, until the entire subscription is paid up.
A strict compliance is expected, as the payments must and will be rigidly enforced.
By order of the Board of Directors.
JOHN COMSTOCK, Treasurer.
Liberty Mills, January 22, 1856. 6m32

Stoves! Stoves!
WE have contracted for $12000 worth of STOVES to be delivered this fall, and manufactured from Hanging Rock metal, known to all to be the best metal in the world for stoves, made of superior weight, and warranted not to break by fire, bought at low figures, and our customers shall reap the benefit.
COMETS.—We have six sizes of the Comet flat top cooking stoves—the best stove sold in any market; it outstrips all competition wherever introduced I have sold hundreds in this market, and the sale is every day increasing. No family should be without one. We warrant this stove one year, and if the stove is not what we represent it to be, the money will be refunded. For sale at the sign of the Golden Stove, by A. B. BRANDRIFF.
September 22d, 1855

THE CASTLE PARLOR and the Gem are beautiful Stoves; for sale by BRANDRIFF.

BUCKEYE STATE.—We have five sizes of this Stove, warranted good; also, the Hoosier State takes 30 inches wood, which suits the farmers. This Stove has long been their favorite, is heavy and never breaks. We will warrant it one year. Can be had at BRANDRIFF'S.

OAKLEY & SON,
(Successors to Oakley & French,)
MANUFACTURERS OF
Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,
AND DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.
No. 79 COLUMBIA STREET,
FORT WAYNE.

FORT WAYNE
MERCANTILE INSTITUTE.
Phoenix Block cor. Main&Calhoun Sts Ft.Wayne Ia
THE PRINCIPAL of this Institution, from past experience and success as a Teacher and Practical Book Keeper, has no hesitation in saying that the facilities here afforded to young men for qualifying themselves for the counting room, and various other mercantile pursuits are unsurpassed by any similar institution in the Union.
The course of instruction is thorough and practical, embracing Book-keeping by single and double Entry, and its application to every department of trade, as now practised by the most accomplished and experienced accountants (taught on an entirely new and successful plan, enabling the student to become much more selfreliant, in less time than any other plan.) Commercial law, Mercantile Correspondence, Commercial calculation, Practical and Ornamental Penmanship, &c.
The system of Penmanship adopted in this institution is unrivaled, giving a free and easy use of the hand and pen, thereby enabling the student to effect any style of writing. Young ladies and gentlemen desirous of qualifying themselves for teachers, will save much time and expense by securing this system, taught in no other institution in the West.
The thorough and extensive course of Instruction, combined with the elegance, beauty and convenience of the rooms, the highly qualified teachers, and pleasant and healthy location, renders this the most attractive institution to all who may desire an accomplished commercial education.
Being impressed with the necessity of Ladies acquainting themselves more thoroughly with business transactions, the Principal has fitted up apartments with neatness, elegance and convenience, expressly for them.
The ladies Department is entirely separate from the male, having separate entrances from the street, and will remain permanently connected with the Institution.
Students are taught individually, and not in classes; therefore they can enter at any time, and advance in the ratio of their capacity.
TUITION:
For full Commercial Course, including Practical Penmanship $25,00
For same with Ornamental Penmanship 32,00
Catalogues sent on application.
C. J. DIETRICH, Prin.
Ft. Wayne, Feb. 16. tf—33

Ironton Premium Cook Stove.
YOU will find six sizes of this excellent Stove of heavy plate, at BRANDRIFF'S.
Sept. 10.

ELEVATED OVEN.—This Stove we get manufactured for this market, out of Hanging Rock and the only one made of the kind exclusively of that material in the United States; it has two fire-chambers is a quick baker, and is the best kind of a house warmer. We have a large quantity and can afford them low, considering the great weight and good quality, by BRANDRIFF.

KANSAS PARLORS.—3 sizes of this new and beautiful Parlor Stove, got up this season, and will carry off the palm. For sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

TIN and Japaned Ware.—A complete assortment of the very best quality, and the cheapest in the State. *All mending and jobbing done at* BRANDRIFF'S

FLUTED PARLORS—Six sizes of these serviceable Parlors, and very cheap, at BRANDRIFF'S.

United States Mail Line!

Three TIMES



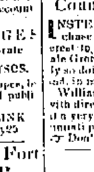
Three TIMES a Week.

Fort Wayne & Goshen Stage.
THE subscriber is now running a Line of Stages three times a week from Fort Wayne to Goshen, via Heller's Corners, Ouerbusen, Marion, Wolf Lake, Fort Mitchell, Albion, Rochester, Ligonier Richville, and Benton.
Leaves Fort Wayne and Goshen every *Monday, Wednesday* and *Friday* mornings at seven o'clock.

Fort Wayne and Liberty Mills.
A HACK will leave Fort Wayne for Liberty Mills, via Bayless' Saw Mill, Lind P. O., Moring & Tracy Settlements, every Friday morning, at 7 o'clock, arriving at 6 o'clock P. M. Leaves Liberty Mills or Fort Wayne on Saturday Morning, at 7 o'clock.

LIVERY STABLE.
In connection with the above, he also keeps a Livery Stable on MAIN STREET, north-east of the State Bank.
Horses and Carriages
of all descriptions for hire on reasonable terms.
MATTHIAS GLYNN.
Fort Wayne, July 14th, 1855

A. L. HANNA,
(successor to *F. S. Aveline,*)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
BOOTS & SHOES,
No. 69 Columbia Street,



KEEPS constantly on hand a complete assortment of BOOTS and SHOES for *Ladies Gents. Masters* and *Misses* wear, being the LARGEST, CHEAPEST, and Best Assorted Stock of any establishment in the vicinity.
Custom Work.
Has made arrangements with PETER KLINE the *Premium Boot Maker* of this County, for the manufacture of
Fine French Calf Boots & Shoes
for Customers only, and is confident that he can give good satisfaction in that line, both as to fit and wear
Fort Wayne, April 11 1855.

Country Merchants & Grocers,
INSTEAD of going to Toledo or Cincinnati to purchase them, you will find it much to your interest to purchase of Williams & Huestis Wholesale Grocers, No. 85, Columbia street, Fort Wayne by so doing you will save the expense of going for them, and, in many cases, the entire cost of freight.
Williams & Huestis having made their purchase with direct reference to the country trade, are selling at a very small advance above the Eastern and Cincinnati prices.
Don't forget the place No. 85 Columbia street.

FORT WAYNE
STEAM BOILER WORKS,
N. McLACHLAN & Co.,
Proprietors, Fort Wayne, Ind.
THE above extensive establishment having just gone into operation is prepared to do all kinds of BOILER WORK, such as
High and Low Pressure Boilers,
of all sizes and descriptions,
LARD TANKS, SMOKE STACKS, WATER TANKS, &c., &c.
In a thorough and expeditious manner.
From the twenty years experience of N. McLachlan in the above business, the last three of which were with Messrs Cooper and Clark, Mount Vernon, we feel confident that we can make it the interest of those wishing any thing in our line, to give us a call
Old boilers bought and sold on the most favorable terms.
Repairs promptly attended to.
Fort Wayne, May 4th, 1855 y41

Notice.
JUST received by B. W. OAKLEY & SON a splendid assortment of
CHANDELIERS,
Pendants, Hall Lights, Brackets,
&c., &c.
Those wishing to secure a nice article are requested to call and examine our stock.
GAS FITTING
Done in the neatest manner.
We will fit up any house without soiling or damage in the least. All are invited to examine our work and goods. November 24th, 1855

HARDWARE.
I AM now receiving one of the largest and best assorted stocks of heavy Hardware ever before brought to this market, consisting in part of Iron, Nails, Glass, &c. R. W. TAYLOR.
Fort Wayne, September 29

ALLEN



COUNTY
Agricultural Warehouse
COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.
Agent for Emery & Co.'s Railroad Horse Power, and Improved Premium Separators, and Dealers in Farming Machinery and Implements,
HAVE completed an addition to their forwarding and commission house expressly for
Agricultural Implements,
where may be found all the New labor saving Mechanics so much needed by our farmers. Any desired article can be ordered if not on hand.
May 1st 1852.

Elegant Confections.
PRESERVED GINGER, Candies, Flag Root Gum Drops, for sale by J.D. WERDEN&Co.

COOK AND BOX STOVES, Potash and Sugar Kettles; Long's No. 4 Plows and Castings of every description for sale by JONES, BASS & CO.
Fort Wayne, Jan. 19 1855. tt25.

Gas Pipe & Fixture Notice.
REDUCTION IN PRICES!
20 to 22 Cts. per Ft. for Pipes,
WE have received our stock of Gas Pipes of the best makers in the country, warranted for Steam or Gas purposes, and to
Stand the full pressure of the Inspector's Pump.
Our Pipes will be put up with CEMENT (not with lead)—the usual eastern mode of putting up pipes. Our
FITTINGS
are heavier than usual, and of the best quality. Our work shall be done in the very best order, and we are responsible for all damages that may occur.
Our Fixtures
are from the most celebrated manufacturers in the country, which we offer
At Philadelphia Prices.
Our whole stock has been selected from practical men long engaged in the business. Orders for Gas, Steam, and Water Pipes, left with D. W. MAPLES or H. Durrie, will be promptly attended to
H. DURRIE.
Sept. 1st, 1855.

10,000 GALLONS STONEWARE, at Old Lucky No. 8.

OHIO Box Stove—3 sizes of this Stove, at BRANDRIFF'S.

THREE sizes of Tan Plate Stoves, at BRANDRIFF'S.

10,000 Lbs. of SHEET IRON and Stove Pipe for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

500 Lbs. BRASS KETTLES for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

BEST PREMIUM.—We have 6 sizes of these Stoves; they are truly what their name indicate. For sale nowhere but at BRANDRIFF'S.

NEW CARPETINGS.
THE largest and best selected stock of Woolen Carpets ever opened in Fort Wayne may be found at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 95 Columbia street. WM T. ABBOTT.

Steam Elevators,

Corner of Pearl street and Maiden Lane,
FORT WAYNE.
PRATT & Co. having bought the Warehouse and Mill lately occupied by Lith & McCulloch, are prepared to do a
Commission & Forwarding Business,
and will promptly attend to all goods and produce entrusted to them.
Superior FLOUR and CORN MEAL constantly on hand.
The highest price paid for Grain and all kinds of produce.
Fort Way 15th, 1855. 146

1855 1855
COMPARET, HUBBELL, & Co.,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
Receive and Forward Goods by the Ohio & Indiana Railroad, and Wabash & Erie Canal.
AGENTS for the ECKFORD LINE on the Wabash & Erie Canal for the sale of E & T Fairbank's Scales; for the sale of Dupont's Powder; and also for the Franklin Glass Works. Buyers, receivers and shippers of
Grain, Flour & Produce.
Their facilities for receiving and shipping goods are unsurpassed, if equalled, by any house in the State. Their Warehouse on the Canal, at the Railroad Depot, is furnished with Superior Steam Elevators. June, 1855.

JAMES HUMPHREY'S



STEAM MARBLE, Free & Lime Stone Works,
On the Canal, near the Rockhill House,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Carpets! Carpets! Carpets!!
20 PIECES two and three ply Carpets of beautiful colors and patterns
5 pieces Stair Carpets and Rugs Mattings, plain and figured, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4.
OIL CLOTHS of splendid patterns and width, 4-4, 5-4 6-4 and 8-4, which will be sold cheaper than ever by H. R. SCHWEGMAN.
August 10th, 1855

BARK! BARK!
WE will pay the following prices for, BARK delivered on the Canal, or Feeder, or St Joseph River, at a convenient place for loading within fifteen miles of this city.
White Oak Bark, per Cord ... $2 00
Black " " " ... 3 00
Fort Wayne, March 1st. H. C. GREY & Co.

10000 Hides Wanted
FOR which we will pay 31 cents pr. lb. green, and 6 cents pr lb for prime dry flint hides
H. C. GREY & Co.

At the Mammoth Cave
Will be seen a large stock of
DRY GOODS,
Groceries, Hardware, Boots, Shoes Hats & Caps,
And large assortment of
READY MADE CLOTHING,
and any quantity of NOTIONS just received and for sale low for cash by
Oct 15. y15 T. STAPLEFORD & Co.

NEW HARDWARE



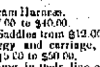
H. DURRIE,
No 81 Columbia St. (Sign of the Padlock.)
HAVING received his fall supplies, offers the most complete assortment of HARDWARE in all its branches ever offered by any one in this place, of
AMERICAN & FOREIGN BAR IRON,
CAST STEEL, NAILS, GLASS,
Axles Eliptic Springs, Anvils, Bellows, Vices,
and other heavy goods; the assortment will compare with any west of the Lake.
MECHANICS will find an assortment of TOOLS fully up to the times in *shape*, and *warranted quality.*
Building Materials
of all kinds, including Nails, Sash and Glass, of all sizes. DOOR TRIMMINGS of all the most approved patterns now in use.
FARMER'S GOODS,
comprising every kind of Chains, from a Halter to a Log Chain, Shovels, Spades, Scoops, Grubbing Hoes Forks, &c, &c.
Saddlers' Hardware & Gunsmiths' Trimmings,
of a greater variety than is usually found
TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,
Plates and Britannia Castors, Table Forks & Spoons
SOLAR LAMPS,
And a variety of new Fluid Lamps, Britannia Tea Setts Curtain Cornices and Bands, and an assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS of all qualities.
Fort Wayne, Aug 31st, 1853.

I HAVE just received and offers for sale a good assortment of Buggy and seat Springs, at No 123 and 125, Columbia st. R. W. TAYLOR.
Dec 12 1853.

OIL CLOTH CARPETING.
NEW Patterns just received and for sale by
Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

PAPER HANGINGS.
2000 ROLLS of elegant Paper Hangings just arrived in town and ready for inspection at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 75 Columbia St.
Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Cheap Saddlery Shop.
WM. BOWEN & SON,
AT THE SIGN OF THE *Golden Saddle,*



93 COLUMBIA ST., Second Story,
ARE now offering the greatest inducements that ever were offered in the market to those wishing any thing in the line of Saddlery, as we use nothing but the best of eastern stock, and all work made in the best manner.
50 setts of heavy Team Harness.
100 Saddles from $7.00 to $40.00.
A fine lot of Ladies' Saddles from $12.00 to $40.00.
Fine Harness for buggy and carriage, silver and brass trimmed, from $15.00 to $50.00.
And in fact every thing in their line of business, at the lowest rates. Nov. 2d, 1855. 1y18

500 lbs. SAD IRON for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

TIN Plate, Copper Bottom, and Wire, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

SEVEN sizes Fluted Boxes Stoves; very cheap and heavy plated, at BRANDRIFF'S.

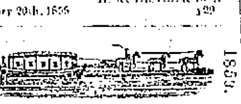
RUSSIA NAIL ROOD—500 bundles, 25 lbs. each just received at R. W. TAYLOR.

REMOVED.

The subscriber, proprietor of the
Boston Dry Goods Store,
has removed to the CHECKERED STORE No 75 Columbia Street, nearly opposite the Post Office, where he has fitted up rooms in the most elegant style and will continue the
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
DRY GOODS BUSINESS,
in all of its branches and on the most favorable terms.
Grateful for the liberal patronage he has received from the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, at the old stand, he respectfully solicits a continuation of the same at the new, and flatters himself, by giving his whole attention to the Dry Goods Trade, that he can make it, for the interest of all, to call and examine his goods before purchasing elsewhere."
WM. T. ABBOTT.
P. S. Remember the place, *The Checkered Store,* No. 75 Columbia Street, nearly opposite the Post Office.
Fort Wayne. August 10th, 1855.

Summit City Factory,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
WE are prepared to Manufacture WOOL ON THE SHARE, and CARD, SPIN, FULL and DRESS CUSTOM CLOTH, promptly and in the best style.
Merchants are invited to examine our Stock of
WOOLEN GOODS,
as we are determined to sell a Good Article as low as can be purchased in the East. We have, also, a
Set of Machinery,
and an assortment of
Machine Cards, Comb Plates, Card Cleaners, &c.,
which will be sold at manufacturers' prices.
H. RUDISILL & SON
January 20th, 1855 120

1850.



1853.

HILL & ORBISON,
(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.)
Forwarding & Commission
MERCHANTS
FORT WAYNE, IA.
Liberal advances made on Produce.
REFERENCES:
E. Haskell & Co., Toledo. — Ayres & Tuttle, New York.
Smith Robinson & Co. " — Nott, Pong & Co. "
Collins, Brown & Co. " — Wheeler, Peck & Co. ...
Peckham & Scott. " — C. M. Kennell & Co. ...
Field & King. " — John Bareby, ...
Kirk & Lawton, *Piqua, Ohio* — H. P. Mayo, Troy.
Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

Indiana Six Hole Premium Cook Stove.
YOU will find two sizes of this stove, of heavy plate, and a good baker of beautiful design, at the sign of the Golden Stove.

THE IOWA—This is a new Stove, just out, and is destined to meet with rapid sales in this city; it is everything that is nice and good. The right to ... is sufficient. We have the exclusive sale of it; the price is low. Call at BRANDRIFF'S.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!!
DOUBLE and Square Broche, do do Bay State, Waterloo, Northampton and Rosedale of every description and price.
Also Gentlemen's HEAVY SHAWLS, new patterns, which are offered at very low prices at the Boston Dry Goods Store, by
Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Drake's City Express.
WILL deliver all Goods bought at the Emporium to any part of the City FREE OF CHARGE

Wash McLean. P. L. Weaver.
WASH. McLEAN, & Co.,
Boiler Makers,
And Dealers in Second Hand Boilers and Engines, *Congress Street, one door East of Ludlow,* Cincinnati, Ohio.
Constantly on hand an assortment of new and second-hand Boilers, which they will sell low or exchange for old ones. y—24

Harness Makers.
A SUPERIOR article of HARNESS BRIDLE, & COLLAR LEATHER, of our own manufacture for sale by H. C. GREY & Co

1853 FORT WAYNE 1853
STEAM IRON WORKS.
JACOB C. BOWSER. JOHN STORY.
BOWSER & STORY,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,
Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Shops and Warehouses.
Railroad Cars, Car Wheels,
SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING,
Threshing Machines, Stove, Potash, & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shears, &c.,
and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, all on the most improved style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our
SHORT STROKE ENGINES
and machinery for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical, and easily managed of any built in this city, the saw dust and slabs supplying abundant fuel.
Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address us by letter) as we are bound not to be beat in style and prices by any establishment in the country.
REPAIRS done with neatness and despatch.
Cash paid for old Castings and Brass.
Fort Wayne, October 20, 1853. y16

HUGH B. REED,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,
Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Dye Stuffs, Glassware Window Glass, Putty, Paint and Varnish Brushes, Perfumery, Soap, and Fancy Articles, Surgical Instruments, Tobacco, Cigars and snuff, Patent Medicines, Pure Wines and Brandies,
IS now receiving direct from the eastern cities, his Fall Stock, to which he invites the attention of dealers. Customers and physicians will always find at his establishment
Fresh & Unadulterated Medicines,
which he has selected with great personal care for this market.
His stock will be found as extensive as any other in the state, and his prices will compare with any other house in the west. Call and examine.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 9 1852 H. B. R.

HENRY WILLIAMS. A. C. HUESTIS.
WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
No. 85 Columbia street, Fort Wayne,
Constantly keep on hand
Groceries of all Kinds,
Such as Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Raisins, Spices, Tobacco, Soap, Candles, Buggy and Door Mats, Tubs, Buckets, Wash Boards,
AXES, NAILS, GLASS,
Sash, Stone and Earthenware, Glassware, Flour, Cheese, Cotton Batting, Cotton Yarn, Dyestuffs, Hatchets, Shovels, Lead, Powder, Gun Caps, Forks, Well and Halter Ropes, Wrapping Paper, Wrapping Twine, Candle Wicking, &c., &c!
COUNTRY MERCHANTS
Will save money by purchasing their Groceries of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS, as they sell at a very small advance above Eastern and Cincinnati market.
FARMERS
will at all times receive the highest cash price for all kinds of produce.
Fort Wayne, January 6th, 1853

German Books.
FOR Sale at the Farmer's Depot, Bibles, Testaments, Hymn Book, Stark's Prayer Book, School Books, Kohlrausch's History of the German Nation, Luther's Works, Erlanger's edition, 51 volumes, price $20; Wittenberger's edition, $15, Leipsic edition, $26.—Hirschberger Bible, late edition, $4; Brockhaus' Conversations Lexicon, late edition, 15 volumes.—And a great variety of Literary and Theological Works.
These books are all fine editions, and imported direct from Germany. I have made such arrangements that I can procure any German Book desired, at the shortest notice.
April 28

No. 95 Columbia Street.



No. 95 Columbia Street.

WALL & MEYER
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYESTUFFS,
Patent Medicines, Surgical Instruments, Glassware, Window Glass, Brushes, of all kinds;
Pure Wines & Brandies
Perfumery, Soaps, and Fancy Articles,
ARE constantly receiving fresh supplies of all articles in their line direct from New York and Boston.
Country Merchants and Physicians are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock. All Drugs and Medicines will be warranted pure and unadulterated, having been selected with care from some of the best Eastern Houses.
Fort Wayne. Sept. 6th., 1853.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
Iron, Nails and Glass.
First arrival of the season at the
GRANITE STORE
50 TONS IRON, which makes our assortment unusually large,
150 Kegs NAILS of all sizes, of the best brands.
100 Boxes GLASS, all sizes.
HOES AND FORKS.
150 Dozen Genuine Tuttle Steel Hoes
50 " " AMS and other SHOVELS
A large assortment of general Hardware is expected daily.
OAKLEY & SON'S is the place for country Merchants to assort up their Stocks, and no mistake.
April 11, 1855

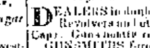
Piano Stools.
JUST received at HILL'S Piano Forte Warerooms another large lot of Piano Stools of all descriptions which will be sold as low as can be bought in New York.

Every Family should use the
EXCELSIOR STARCH POLISH for giving a splendid polish to the Linen and Cotton Goods.
DURKEE'S CELEBRATED BAKING POWDERS, an efficient substitute for Yeast in Baking.
The approved Flavouring EXTRACTS of Vanilla Lemons, Celery, &c., &c., for Ice Creams, Gelees Custards, &c. For sale by J. D. WERDEN & Co.,
Mar 26th Calhoun Street.

J. D. WERDEN & Co.,
City Drug Store,
CALHOUN STREET, FORT WAYNE, IND.,
HAVE just received a large and beautifully selected stock of
LUBIN'S
much admired French Extracts,
for the Handkerchief and Toilet, surpassing all other for elegance and durability of perfume.
Jules Haule's and Roussel's
Esteemed Preparation for the Hair and Toilet.
French and American CARICATURES and FANCY TOILET, and SHAVING SOAPS in endless variety.
An extensive assortment of
HAIR BRUSHES
of a quality to suit the most fastidious.
Tooth, Nail, and Clothes Brushes.
The celebrated
INDIAN RUBBER DRESSING COMBS,
Under the Patent of Goodyear & Co.
BUFFALO AND ENGLISH HORN COMBS,
&c., &c., &c.
Choice Cigars. 47

UNION Box Stove—3 sizes new pattern, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

GUNS! GUNS!



South side of Columbia St., *three doors east of Clinton.*
SMITH & CO.,
Rifle and Pistol Manufacturers,
DEALERS in double and single barrel Shot Guns, Revolvers and other Pistols, Powder, Shot, and Caps. Guns neatly repaired.
GUNSMITHS furnished with materials at *Low Prices.*
Store on south side Columbia street, three doors east of Clinton.
Increased Twist Target Rifles made to order and warranted to perform according to the annexed scale:
At 100 yards, an average of 1 inch each shot.
200 " " 2½ "
300 " " 5 "
400 " " 8 "
Aug. 27 SMITH & Co. y—8

TUBS, Buckets, Wood Bowls, Trays, Sugar Boxes Flour Buckets, Lard Kegs, Churns, Brooms Bed Cords, Cloth Baskets and Willow Waggons ORFFS.

F. F. F! BALTIMORE OYSTERS, in cans—fine, fat, and fresh—daily received at the Old Emporium.
DRAKE & BOURIE.

Saleratus! Saleratus!!
PURE Saleratus of the best Brands, in bbls. and half barrels, or in any quantity to suit the trade, can be had at all times, at the lowest market price, of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.
April 14. No. 85 Columbia St., Fort Wayne.

J. & C. ORFF,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware Glasware, Cutlery, &c., &c.,
No. 3 Phoenix Block, Columbia st.,
FORT WAYNE.

H. R. SCHWEGMAN,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Groceries,
Hardware & Queensware,
No. 87 Columbia Street,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

H. C. GREY & CO.
HAVING their TANNERY completed and in full operation, are now receiving at their store, corner of Columbia and Clinton streets, under the Telegraph office, a full assortment of
Eastern and Imported Leather
FINDINGS, SHOE THREADS, &c.,
which they offer for sale at reasonable prices.
As they give their exclusive attention to the leather and findings business, they hope to be able to give complete satisfaction. Country orders promptly filled. All articles ordered may be returned at our expense if not satisfactory.
HIDES wanted, Highest Market Price
Sept. 10, 1853. y10al

JOHN BROWN,
DEALER IN
STONE AND LIME,
New York and Louisville Cement, and Plaster of Paris.
The above articles kept constantly on hand at his new stone Building, north of the canal, near the City Mills. y12